

# *HATE CRIME*

**IN  
CALIFORNIA**

**2005**



**Bill Lockyer, Attorney General**  
California Department of Justice  
Division of California Justice Information Services  
Bureau of Criminal Information and Analysis  
CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS CENTER

**Bill Lockyer, Attorney General**  
California Department of Justice  
Division of California Justice Information Services  
Bureau of Criminal Information and Analysis  
CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS CENTER

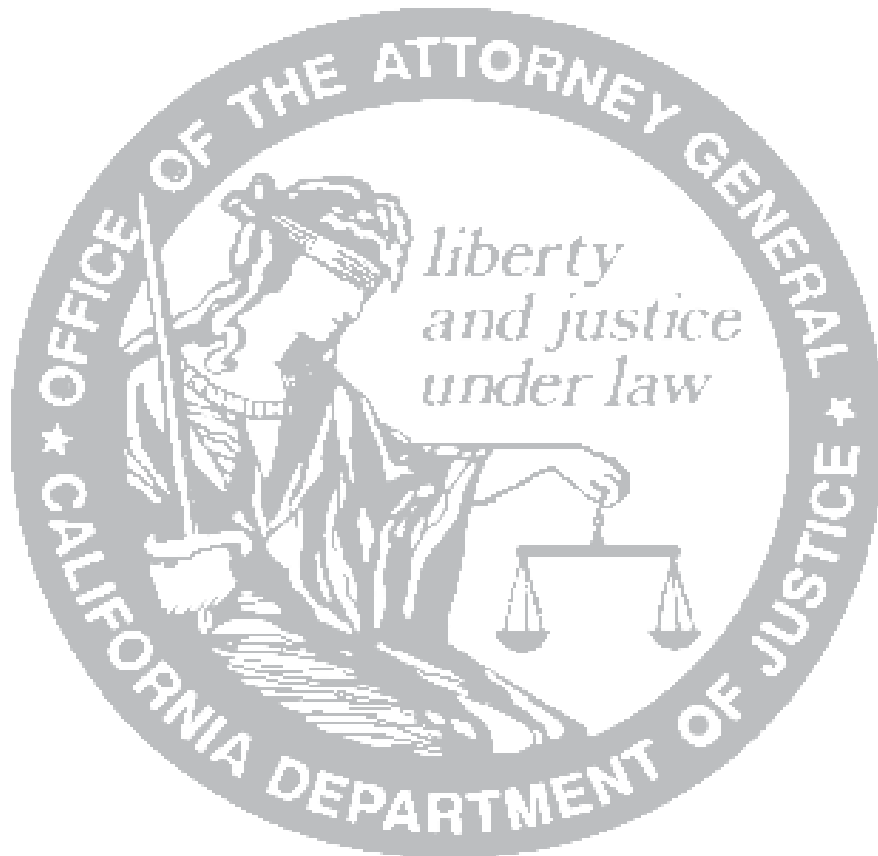
An electronic version of this report and other reports are available on the California Attorney General's website: <http://ag.ca.gov>

# *HATE CRIME*

**IN  
CALIFORNIA**

**2005**

# HATE CRIME



*The role of the Criminal Justice Statistics Center is to:*

- *Collect, analyze, and report statistical data which provide valid measures of crime and the criminal justice process.*
- *Examine these data on an ongoing basis to better describe crime and the criminal justice system.*
- *Promote the responsible presentation and use of crime statistics.*

## MESSAGE FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

I am happy to announce that the number of hate crime events in California has decreased for the fourth consecutive year. This welcome and continued decrease indicates a growing understanding and tolerance of California's diverse cultures, lifestyles and faiths.

This 2005 edition of *Hate Crime in California* provides detailed information on hate crime events, including bias motivation, location, and victim information, for both violent and property hate crimes. Prosecutorial information also is provided, including case filings, disposition and conviction data. The report shows that the number of hate crime events fell from 1,409 in 2004 to 1,397 in 2005. While this is a small decrease, it continues the decline which began in 2002.

The information contained in this annual report represents the concerted efforts of the entire criminal justice community to systematically respond to, investigate and prosecute hate crimes. Law enforcement authorities throughout the state continue to make strides in reducing this type of crime in California.

While the continued decrease of hate crimes in California is encouraging, we must not forget the impact these crimes have on our communities and our state. We must remain vigilant in fighting hate crimes and continue to celebrate the diversity that helps make California great.

BILL LOCKYER  
Attorney General

# CONTENTS

Mission Statement .....	ii
Attorney General’s Message .....	iii
Introduction .....	2
Highlights .....	3

## Crime Data, 2005

Overview .....	6
Bias Motivation .....	9
Race/Ethnicity/National Origin .....	9
Type of Crime .....	10
Violent Crime .....	10
Property Crime .....	10
Location .....	11
Type of Victim .....	11

## Prosecutorial Data, 2005

Hate Crime Prosecution Dispositions, 2005 ...	14
Total Cases Referred .....	15
Total Cases Filed for Prosecution .....	15
Total Dispositions .....	16
Hate Crime Convictions .....	16

## Trend Data

Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects, 1996–2005 .....	18
Bias Motivation Categories, 2000–2005 .....	20
Selected Bias Motivation Offenses, 2000–2005 .....	21
Type of Crime, 2000–2005 .....	22
Violent Crime, 2000–2005 .....	23
Property Crime, 2000–2005 .....	24
Location of Crime, 2000–2005 .....	25

## LIST OF TABLES

### Hate Crime, 2005

Table N1 Summary of Total Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects .....	8
Table 1 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by Bias Motivation .	28
Table 2 Offenses by Type of Crime .....	29
Table 3 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by Location .....	30
Table 4 Victim Type by Bias Motivation .....	31
Table 5 Victim Type by Location .....	32
Table 6 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by County and Jurisdiction .....	33
Table 7A Summary of Cases Referred by Law Enforcement Agencies and Type of Filings .....	39
Table 7B Summary of Hate Crime Dispositions	39
Table 8 Cases Referred by Law Enforcement Agencies and Type of Filings .....	40
Table 9 Hate Crime Case Dispositions .....	42

### Hate Crime, 1996–2005

Table N2 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects .....	18
Table 10 Hate Crime Case Complaints Filed and Total Convictions .....	43
Table 11 Events by Bias Motivation .....	44
Table 12 Offenses by Bias Motivation .....	45
Table 13 Offenses by Type of Crime .....	46
Table 14 Offenses by Location .....	47

## Appendices

1 Background .....	50
2 California Penal Code Section 13023 .....	51
3 Data Characteristics and Known Limitations .....	52
4 Methodology .....	54
5 Criminal Justice Glossary .....	55

## INTRODUCTION

In 1986, the California Department of Justice (DOJ) first recognized the importance of hate crime statistics in California in a report submitted to the legislature, in response to Senate Bill 2080 (Watson), which provided recommendations for preliminary steps to establish a statewide hate crime database (Appendix 1). California Penal Code section 13023 (Appendix 2) requires the Attorney General to submit an annual report to the Legislature regarding crimes motivated by the victim's race, ethnicity, religion, gender, sexual orientation, national origin, or physical or mental disability as reported by law enforcement agencies.

The Attorney General's Hate Crime Reporting Program was implemented in September 1994. Data collection began in the fall of 1994 after an orientation and training period was provided by the DOJ. Agencies were requested to identify and submit all reports of hate crimes occurring on or after July 1 to December 31, 1994, to the DOJ. In 1995, California District Attorneys began to report hate crime prosecutorial information to the DOJ, including total cases referred, hate crime case filings, criminal case filings, hate crime convictions and other convictions. In 1995, the DOJ published its first

report, *Hate Crime in California, July Through December 1994*. This is the 12th annual report and the 11th full-year report, which covers the period January 1 through December 31, 2005.

As defined in California Penal Code section 422.55, hate crime means "a criminal act committed, in whole or in part, because of one or more of the following actual or perceived characteristics of the victim: (1) Disability, (2) Gender, (3) Nationality, (4) Race or ethnicity, (5) Religion, (6) Sexual orientation, (7) Association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics." Law enforcement agency crime reports and a web-enabled data collection system are used to submit hate crime data to the DOJ. Each crime report includes information about, but is not limited to, bias motivation, type of crime, location of crime, number of victims, and the number of known suspects.

All police agencies and district attorney offices in California, in cooperation with the DOJ, have developed local data collection programs and submitted the hate crime statistics for this 2005 edition of *Hate Crime in California*.

## HIGHLIGHTS

### CRIME DATA

In 2005:

- **Hate crime events** decreased 0.9 percent from 1,409 in 2004 to 1,397 in 2005.
- **Hate crime offenses** decreased 4.5 percent from 1,770 in 2004 to 1,691 in 2005.
- **The number of victims** of reported hate crimes decreased 5.8 percent from 1,741 in 2004 to 1,640 in 2005.
- **The number of known suspects** of reported hate crimes increased 6.3 percent from 1,495 in 2004 to 1,589 in 2005.

### BIAS MOTIVATION

In 2005:

- **Sexual orientation** hate crime events decreased 3.0 percent from 263 in 2004 to 255 in 2005.
- **Anti-white** hate crime events increased 26.2 percent from 61 in 2004 to 77 in 2005.
- **Anti-Hispanic** hate crime events increased 6.5 percent from 138 in 2004 to 147 in 2005.
- **Anti-other ethnicity/national origin\*** hate crime events decreased 15.2 percent from 105 in 2004 to 89 in 2005.

### TYPE OF CRIME

In 2005:

- **Violent crime** offenses decreased 3.4 percent from 1,135 in 2004 to 1,096 in 2005.
- **Property crime** offenses decreased 6.3 percent from 635 in 2004 to 595 in 2005.

### PROSECUTORIAL DATA

In 2005:

- **A total of 448 hate crime cases were referred to prosecutors:** From the 396 cases filed by District Attorney and City Attorney offices for prosecution, 330 were filed as hate crimes and 66 were filed as non-bias motivated crimes. For the 274 cases with a disposition available for this report, 137 were hate crime convictions, 101 were other convictions, and 36 were not convicted.

### TREND DATA

- **Race/ethnicity/national origin** hate crime offenses have consistently been the largest bias motivation category of hate crimes since 1996, accounting for at least 60 percent of all hate crime offenses. Within this category, anti-black hate crimes continue to be the largest bias motivation accounting for at least 26 percent of these offenses every year since 1996.
- **Sexual orientation** hate crime offenses have consistently been the second largest bias motivation category of hate crimes since 1996, accounting for at least 17 percent of all hate crime offenses. Within this category, anti-male homosexual (gay) hate crimes continue to be the largest bias motivation accounting for at least 11 percent of these offenses every year since 1996.
- **Religion** hate crime offenses have consistently been the third largest bias motivation category of hate crimes since 1996, accounting for at least 10 percent of all hate crime offenses. Within this category, anti-Jewish hate crimes continue to be the largest bias motivation accounting for 7 percent of these offenses every year since 1996.

\*Anti-other ethnicity/national origin includes Arab or Middle Eastern bias motivated hate crimes.



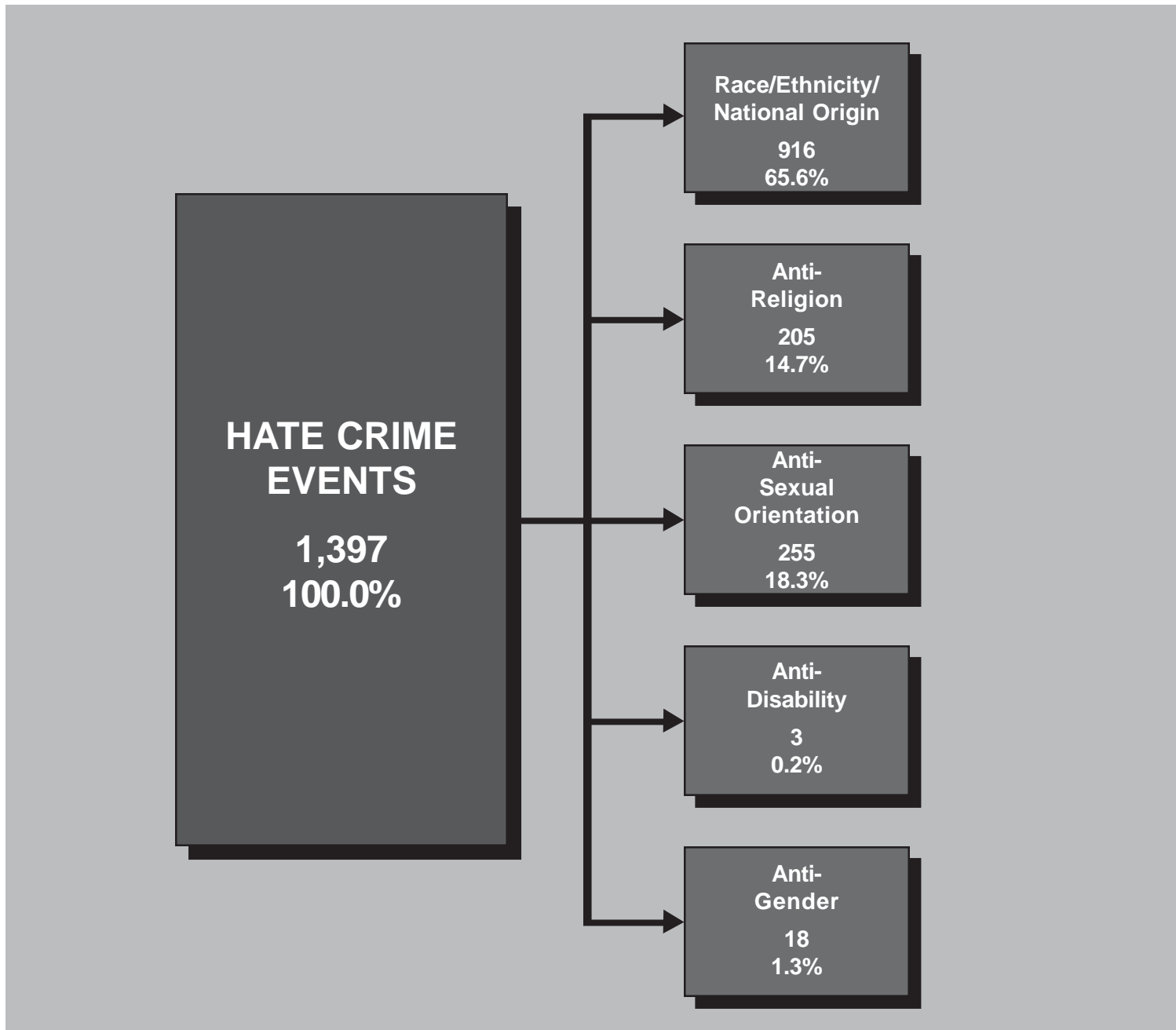
*HATE  
CRIME*

*IN CALIFORNIA, 2005*

**CRIME  
DATA**

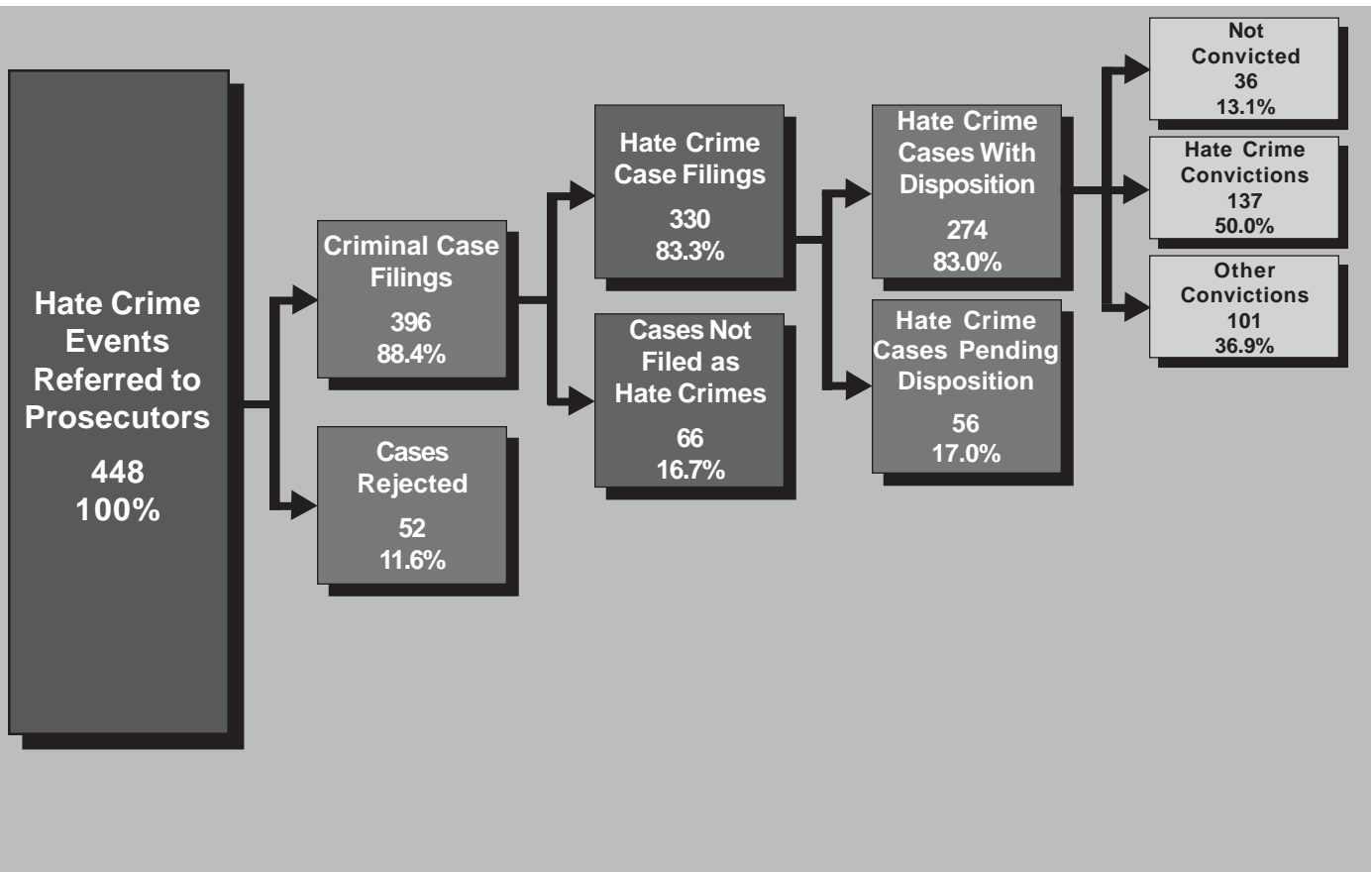
# HATE CRIME

**Figure 1**  
**HATE CRIME IN CALIFORNIA, 2005**  
**Overview**



Source: Tables 1, 8, 9, and 10.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



## HATE CRIME OVERVIEW

In 2005,

- There were 1,397 hate crime events reported by law enforcement agencies.
- The most prominent bias motivation was anti-race/ethnicity/national origin (65.6 percent), followed by anti-sexual orientation (18.3 percent), anti-religion (14.7 percent), and anti-disability and gender (1.5 percent).
- There were 448 hate crime cases referred by law enforcement agencies to prosecutors. Of the number referred to prosecutors, 330 cases were filed for hate crime prosecution.
- There were 137 hate crime convictions.

*Notes: Relating the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies to the number of hate crimes prosecuted by district attorneys and city attorneys is not possible. First, crimes often occur in different reporting years than their subsequent prosecutions. Second, the number of crimes reported by law enforcement is higher than those warranting prosecutorial action.*

*Cases may be rejected by County District Attorneys' and City Attorneys' offices for prosecution for various reasons (e.g., insufficient evidence, witness not available, defendant not available, etc.).*

# HATE CRIME

## WHEN DOES A CRIME BECOME A HATE CRIME?

A crime becomes a hate crime when the criminal offenses committed against persons, property, or society are motivated, in whole or part, by the offender's bias against race, religion, disability, sexual-orientation, gender, ethnicity/national origin or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics. Hate crimes are not separate distinct crimes but rather traditional offenses motivated by the offender's bias.

## WHAT IS A HATE CRIME EVENT?

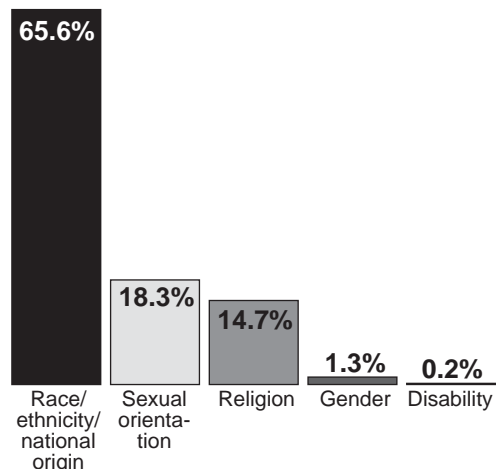
A hate crime event may include the occurrence of one or more criminal offenses, committed against one or more victims, by one or more suspects/perpetrators. Also, victims can have more than one offense committed against them. In 2005 there were 1,397 total hate crime events, which included 1,691 offenses, 1,640 victims, and 1,589 known suspects (as shown in Table N-1 below).

Table N-1  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
Summary of Total Events, Offenses, Victims,  
and Known Suspects

	<b>Total</b>
Total Events	1,397
Total Offenses	1,691
Total Victims	1,640
Total Known Suspects	1,589

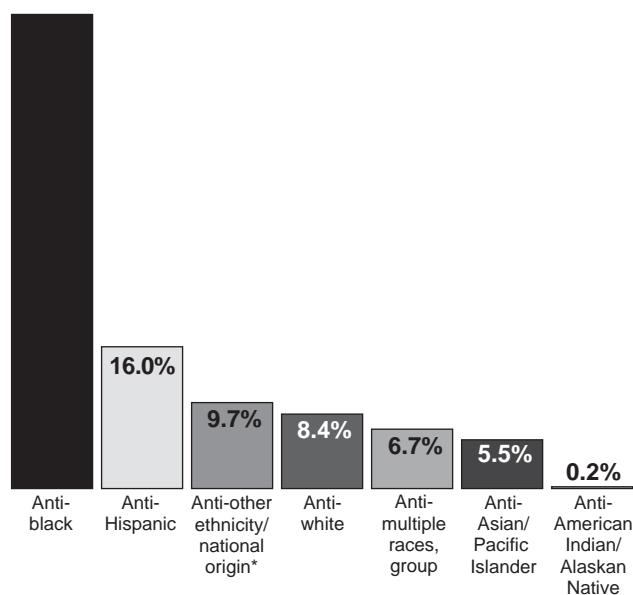
This section of the 2005 report will describe the details of these hate crime events including information on bias motivation, type of crime, location of the crime, and type of victim (Data characteristics and known limitations are provided in Appendix 3).

Figure 2  
HATE CRIME EVENTS, 2005  
Bias Motivation



Source: Table 1.  
Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 3  
HATE CRIME EVENTS, 2005  
Race/Ethnicity/National Origin



Source: Table 1.

## BIAS MOTIVATION

In 2005, 1,397 hate crime events were reported. The subtotals are as follows:

Type	Number	Percentage
Race/ethnicity/national origin	916	65.6
Sexual orientation	255	18.3
Religion	205	14.7
Gender	18	1.3
Disability	3	0.2

**Sexual orientation** hate crimes decreased 3.0 percent from 263 in 2004 to 255 in 2005 while **religion** and **race/ethnicity/national origin** hate crimes remained about the same for both years.

## RACE/ETHNICITY/NATIONAL ORIGIN

In 2005, 916 race/ethnicity/national origin hate crime events were reported. The subtotals are as follows:

Type	Number	Percentage
Anti-black	490	53.5
Anti-Hispanic	147	16.0
Anti-other ethnicity/national origin*	89	9.7
Anti-white	77	8.4
Anti-multiple races, group	61	6.7
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	50	5.5
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native	2	0.2

**Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander** hate crimes decreased 27.5 percent from 69 in 2004 to 50 in 2005. **Anti-Hispanic** hate crime events increased 6.5 percent from 138 in 2004 to 147 in 2005. **Anti-white** and **Anti-multiple races** hate crimes increased 26.2 percent and 35.6 percent, respectively, from their 2004 values. In addition, both **Anti-black** hate crimes and **Anti-other ethnicity/national origin** hate crimes decreased, 2.0 percent and 15.2 percent, respectively, from their 2004 values.

\*Anti-other ethnicity/national origin includes Arab or Middle Eastern bias motivated hate crimes.

# HATE CRIME

## TYPE OF CRIME

In 2005, 1,691 hate crime offenses were reported. The subtotals are as follows:

Type	Number	Percentage
Violent crimes	1,096	64.8
Property crimes	595	35.2

**Violent crime offenses** decreased 3.4 percent from 1,135 in 2004 to 1,096 in 2005. **Property crime offenses** decreased 6.3 percent from 635 in 2004 to 595 in 2005.

## VIOLENT CRIME

In 2005, 1,096 violent crime offenses were reported. The subtotals are as follows:

Type	Number	Percentage
Intimidation	443	40.4
Aggravated assault	317	28.9
Simple assault	298	27.2
Robbery	36	3.3
Murder	1	0.1
Forcible rape	1	0.1

**Aggravated assault** hate crimes increased 28.9 percent from 246 in 2004 to 317 in 2005. **Simple assault** hate crimes decreased 17.2 percent from 360 in 2004 to 298 in 2005. Finally, **robbery** hate crimes decreased 40.0 percent from 60 in 2004 to 36 in 2005.

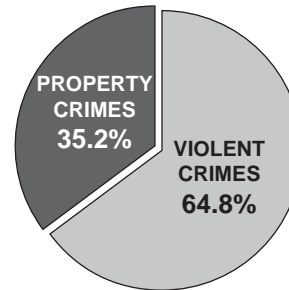
## PROPERTY CRIME

In 2005, 595 property crime offenses were reported. The subtotals are as follows:

Type	Number	Percentage
Destruction/vandalism	553	92.9
Burglary	27	4.5
Arson	7	1.2
Larceny-theft	5	0.8
Motor vehicle theft	3	0.5

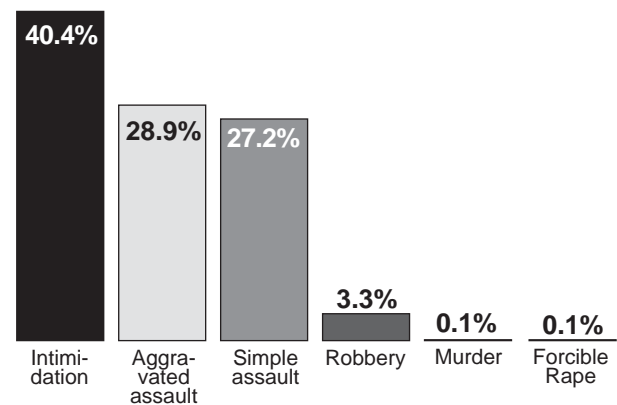
**Destruction/vandalism** hate crimes decreased 6.7 percent from 593 in 2004 to 553 in 2005. Burglary hate crimes remained the same.

Figure 4  
HATE CRIME OFFENSES, 2005  
Type of Crime



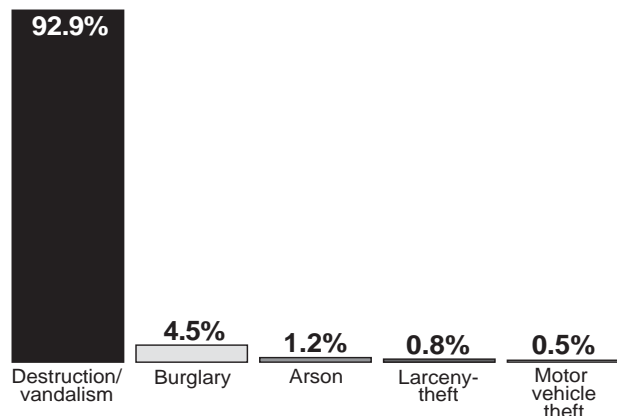
Source: Table 2.

Figure 5  
HATE CRIME OFFENSES, 2005  
Violent Crime



Source: Table 2.

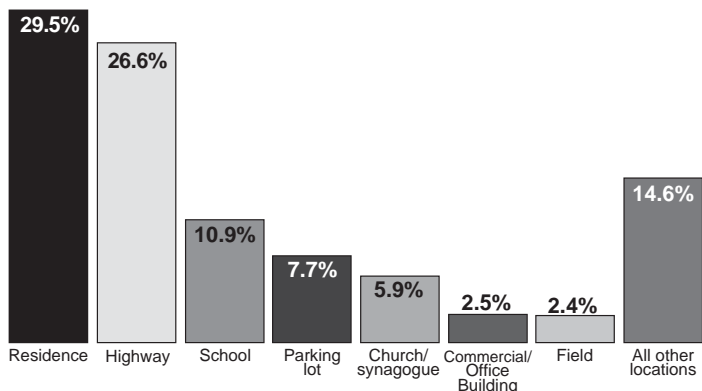
Figure 6  
HATE CRIME OFFENSES, 2005  
Property Crime



Source: Table 2.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 7  
HATE CRIME EVENTS, 2005  
Location



Source: Table 3.  
Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

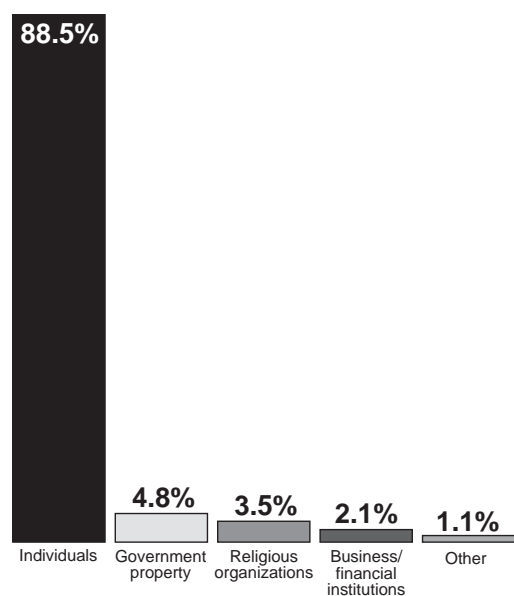
## LOCATION

In 2005, 1,397 hate crime events were reported. They occurred in the following locations:

Location	Number	Percentage
Residence/home/driveway	412	29.5
Highway/road/alley/street	372	26.6
School/college	152	10.9
Parking lot/garage	107	7.7
Church/synagogue/temple	82	5.9
Commercial/Office Building	35	2.5
Field/woods/park	33	2.4
All other locations	204	14.6

**Parking lot/garage** hate crimes increased 40.8 percent from 76 in 2004 to 107 in 2005. **Church/synagogue/temple** hate crimes increased 17.1 percent from 70 in 2004 to 82 in 2005. **Residential/home/driveway** and **highway/road/alley/street** hate crimes both decreased from their 2004 values.

Figure 8  
HATE CRIME EVENTS, 2005  
Type of Victim



Source: Table 4.

## TYPE OF VICTIM

In 2005, there were 1,640 victims in all reported hate crime events. Victims can be either individuals or institutions. The subtotals are as follows:

Type of victim	Number	Percentage
Individuals	1,452	88.5
Government property	79	4.8
Religious organizations	57	3.5
Business/financial institutions	34	2.1
Other	18	1.1

**Business/financial institution** hate crimes decreased 22.7 percent from 44 in 2004 to 34 in 2005. **Government property** hate crimes increased 5.3 percent from 75 in 2004 to 79 in 2005. Hate crimes reported for **individuals** decreased 6.4 percent from 1,552 in 2004 to 1,452 in 2005 (See Appendix 3, Data Characteristics and Known Limitations, Item #8).

*HATE  
CRIME*

*IN CALIFORNIA, 2005*

**PROSECUTORIAL  
DATA**



# HATE CRIME

## INTERPRETING PROSECUTORIAL DATA

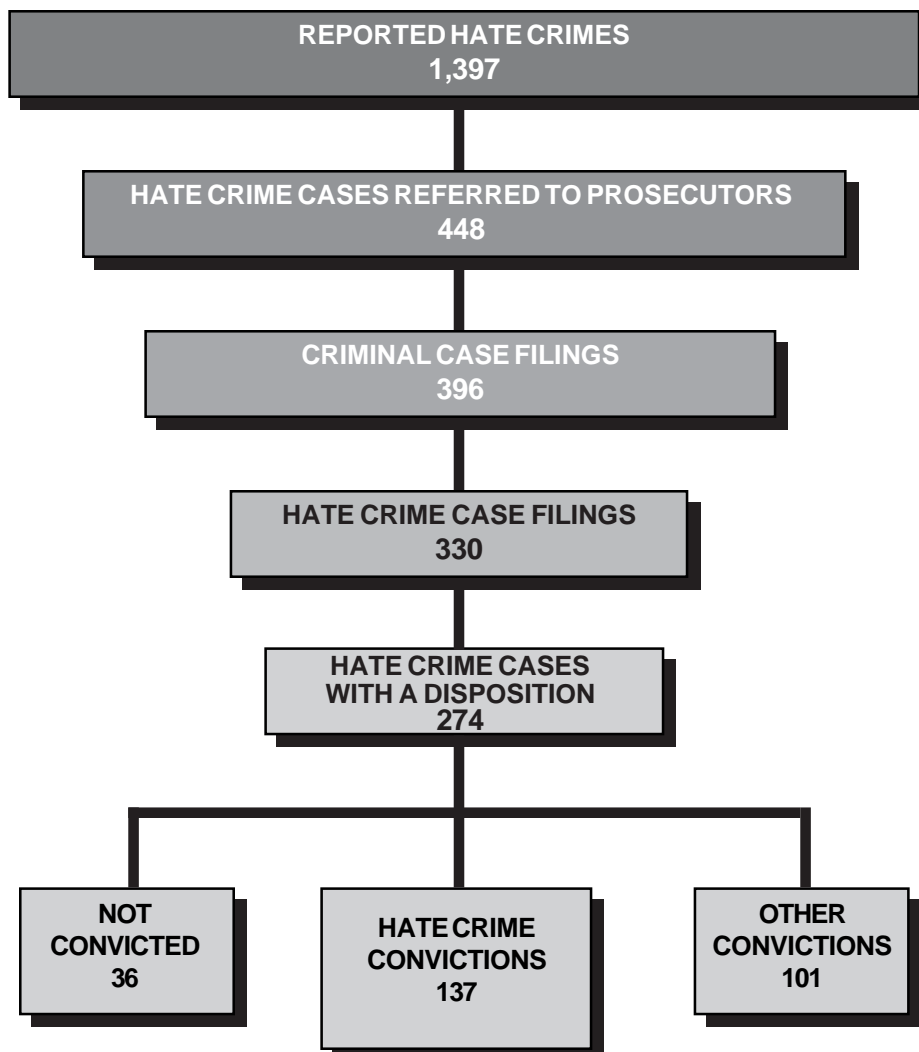
To show the criminal justice system's response to hate crimes, in March 1995, the Attorney General requested all district attorneys and city attorneys to submit summary data of complaints filed and convictions secured. The 2005 District Attorney's and City Attorney's Report File of Hate Crime Cases contains summary data based on cases referred to each district attorney or city attorney, and filings and convictions which occurred between January 1 through December 31, 2005.

There are many factors that must take place for a case to be forwarded for possible prosecution in California's criminal justice system. In our continuing effort to bring clarity to the nature and value of prosecutorial data, this brief overview is provided.

At the request of district attorneys, collection procedures were modified to ensure the collection of all juvenile, as well as all adult, case data. The overview below contains all juvenile and adult prosecution data submitted for 2005.

In addition, the reader is advised that relating the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies to the number of hate crimes prosecuted by district attorneys and city attorneys is not possible. First, crimes often occur in different reporting years than their subsequent prosecutions. Second, the number of crimes reported by law enforcement is much higher than those warranting prosecutorial action.

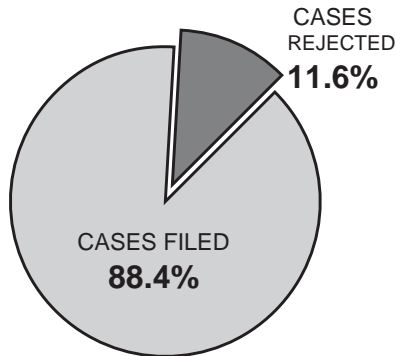
**Figure 9**  
**HATE CRIME PROSECUTION DISPOSITIONS, 2005**



Source: Tables 1, 7A, and 7B.

Note: The number of hate crime filings with dispositions includes cases referred in 2005 and prior years.

Figure 10  
HATE CRIMES, 2005  
Total Cases Referred



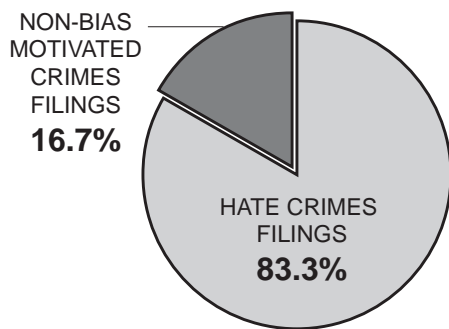
Source: Table 7A.

## TOTAL CASES REFERRED

In 2005, of 448 cases that were referred by law enforcement agencies for prosecution:

- 396 cases (88.4 percent) were filed for prosecution. This was a decrease compared to 91.2 percent of 407 cases referred in 2004.
- 52 cases (11.6 percent) were rejected for prosecution for various reasons (e.g., insufficient evidence, witness not available, defendant not available, etc.).

Figure 11  
HATE CRIMES, 2005  
Total Cases Filed for Prosecution



Source: Table 7A.

## TOTAL CASES FILED FOR PROSECUTION

In 2005, of 396 cases filed by District Attorney and City Attorney offices for prosecution:

- 330 cases (83.3 percent) were filed as hate crimes.
- 66 cases (16.7 percent) were filed as non-bias motivated crimes.

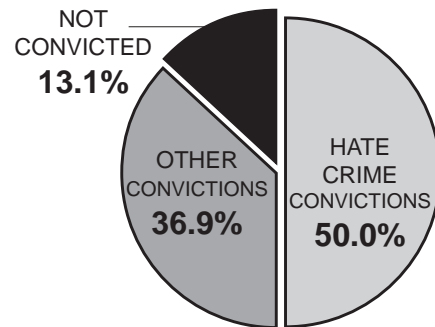
# HATE CRIME

## TOTAL DISPOSITIONS

In 2005, of 274 cases with a disposition:

- 137 cases (50.0 percent) resulted in a hate crime conviction.
- 101 cases (36.9 percent) resulted in other convictions.
- 36 cases (13.1 percent) resulted in no conviction.

Figure 12  
HATE CRIMES, 2005  
Total Dispositions



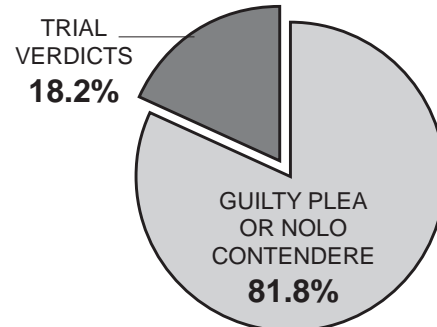
Source: Table 7B.

## HATE CRIME CONVICTIONS

In 2005, of the 137 hate crime convictions:

- 112 convictions (81.8 percent) were either a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.
- 25 convictions (18.2 percent) were trial verdicts.

Figure 13  
HATE CRIMES, 2005  
Hate Crime Convictions



Source: Table 7B.

*HATE  
CRIME*

*IN CALIFORNIA, 2005*

**TREND  
DATA**

# HATE CRIME

Figure 14  
**HATE CRIMES, 1996–2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects

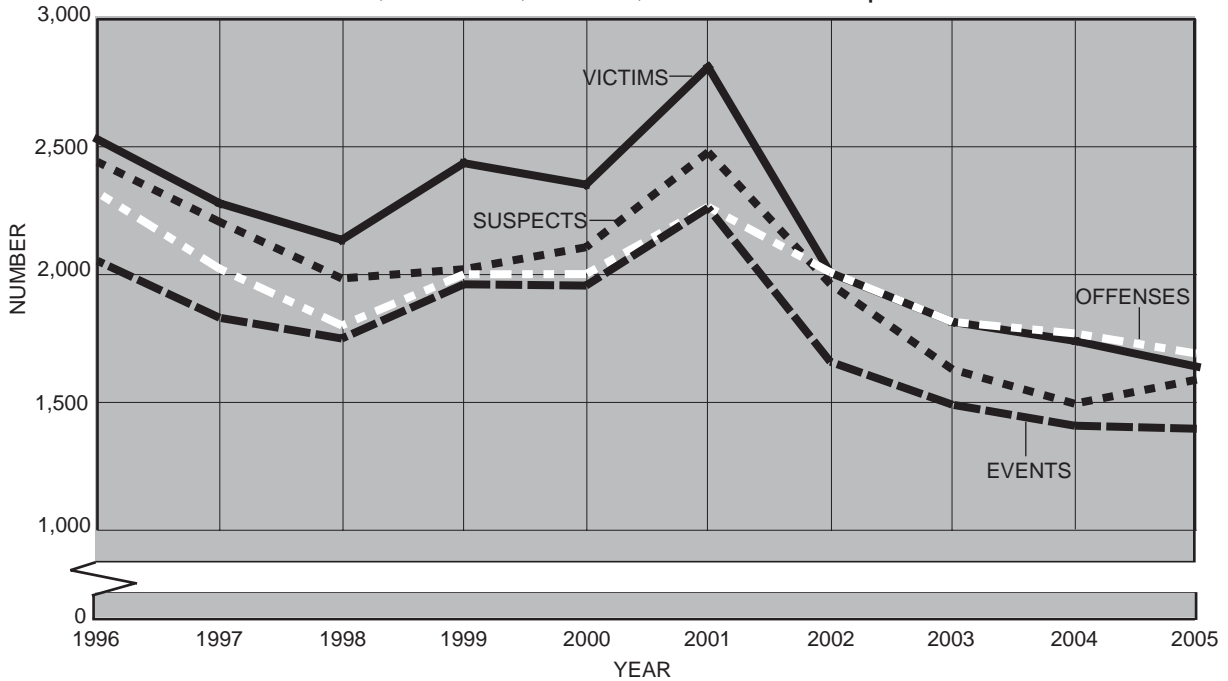


Table N-2  
**EVENTS, OFFENSES, VICTIMS, AND KNOWN SUSPECTS**  
**1996–2005**

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Events .....	2,054	1,831	1,750	1,962	1,957	2,261	1,659	1,491	1,409	1,397
Offenses .....	2,321	2,023	1,801	2,001	2,002	2,265	2,009	1,815	1,770	1,691
Victims .....	2,529	2,279	2,136	2,436	2,352	2,812	2,007	1,815	1,741	1,640
Known Suspects .	2,441	2,206	1,985	2,021	2,107	2,479	1,963	1,629	1,495	1,589

## HATE CRIME EVENTS, OFFENSES, VICTIMS, AND KNOWN SUSPECTS 1996–2005

The trend in hate crime events, offenses, victims, and known suspects was similar between 1996 and 2005. These hate crime statistics were fairly constant from 1996-2000. A dramatic increase occurred in 2001, after which time they have slowly decreased to their current 2005 values. In addition, hate crime events, offenses, and victim values in 2005 are the lowest reported for the ten-year period, 1996–2005.

**Events** – In 2005, reported hate crime events decreased 0.9 percent from the previous year, continuing a downward trend that began with a 26.6 percent decrease in 2002 and a 10.1 percent decrease in 2003. Hate crime events in 2001 increased 15.5 percent from their level in 2000 in response to the wave of post-9/11 hate crimes targeting individuals or their property who were, or perceived to be, Middle Eastern or Muslims. From 1996 to 1999, hate crime events fluctuated – declining for the two-year period of 1997-1998 (10.9 percent and 4.4 percent, respectively); increasing 12.1 percent in 1999, and remaining virtually the same in 2000 (See Table 11 for hate crime events by bias-motivation).

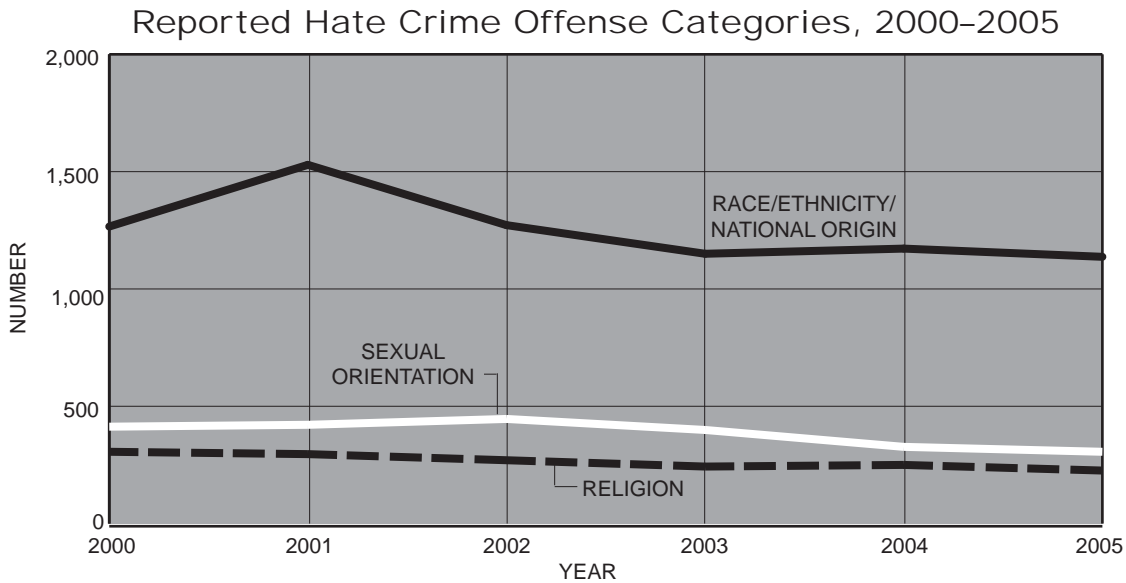
**Offenses** – In 2005, reported hate crime offenses decreased 4.5 percent from the previous year, continuing a downward trend that began with a 11.3 percent decrease in 2002, and a 9.7 percent decrease in 2003. From 1996 to 2001, hate crime offenses fluctuated – declining during the two-year period 1997-1998 (12.8 percent and 11.0 percent, respectively); increasing 11.1 percent in 1999; remaining virtually the same in 2000; and increasing 13.1 percent in 2001.

**Victims** – In 2005, reported number of hate crime victims decreased 5.8 percent from the previous year, continuing a downward trend that began with a 28.6 percent decrease in 2002, and a 9.6 percent decrease in 2003. From 1996 to 1998, victims of hate crimes dropped – declining 9.9 percent in 1997, and 6.3 percent in 1998. The next three years, 1999-2001, the number of victims varied year to year with a 14.0 percent increase in 1999, a 3.5 percent decrease in 2000, and a 19.6 percent increase in 2001.

**Known Suspects** – In 2005, reported number of known suspects increased 6.3 percent from the previous year. This was a change from the downward trend that began with a 20.8 percent decrease in 2002, a 17.0 percent decrease in 2003, and an 8.2 percent decrease in 2004. From 1996 to 2001, the number of known suspects fluctuated – decreasing for the two-year period 1997-1998 (9.6 percent and 10.0 percent, respectively), and increasing 1.8 percent in 1999, 4.3 percent in 2000, and 17.7 percent in 2001.

# HATE CRIME

Figure 15  
BIAS MOTIVATION



Source: Table 12.

**Race/Ethnicity/National Origin** – In 2005, these types of hate crime offenses decreased 3.0 percent, after increasing 1.9 percent in 2004. A downward trend began in 2002 with a 16.8 percent decrease and continued with a 9.6 percent decrease in 2003. Hate crime offenses based on a victim’s race/ethnicity/national origin have been the largest bias motivation category, totaling 60 percent or greater since the beginning of hate crime reporting in California. Hate crime offenses based on a victim’s race/ethnicity/national origin increased 20.8 percent in 2001—due in large part to post-9/11 hate crime activity.

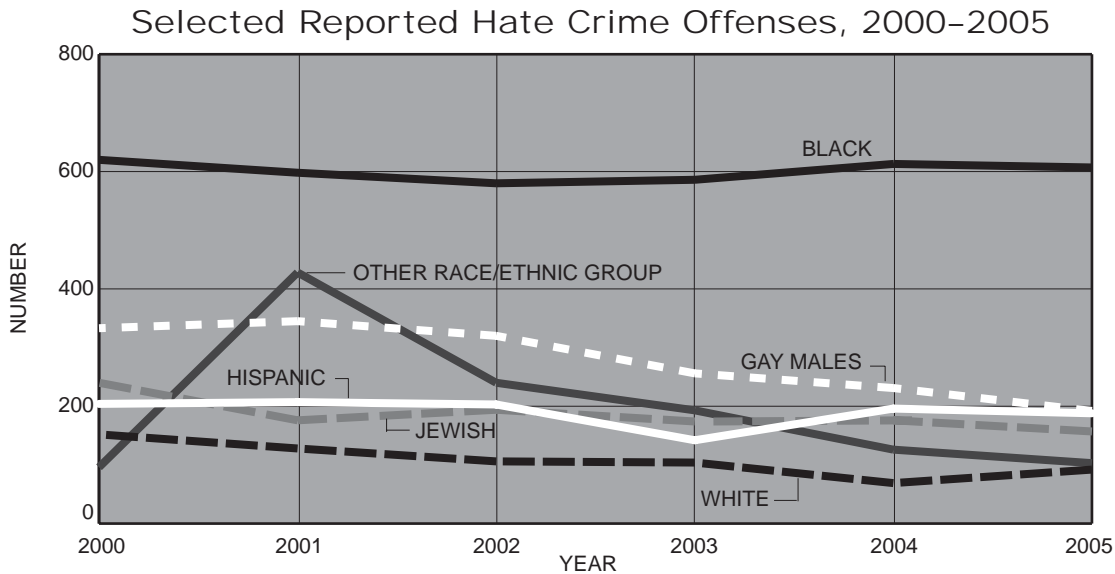
**Sexual Orientation** – In 2005, these types of hate crime offenses decreased 6.4 percent, continuing a downward trend that began with a 10.5 percent decrease in 2003. Hate crime offenses based on a victim’s sexual orientation have been the second largest bias motivation category since the inception of hate crime reporting in California. From 1996 to 2005, hate crime offenses targeting a victim’s sexual

orientation have been at least 17 percent of the reported total. These types of hate crime offenses decreased 7.4 percent in 2000, then increased in the two-year period 2001–2002 (by 1.9 percent and 5.9 percent, respectively).

**Religion** – In 2005, these types of hate crime offenses decreased 9.6 after increasing 2.9 percent in 2004. Hate crime offenses based on a victim’s religion have consistently been the third largest bias motivation category since hate crime reporting began in California. From 2000 to 2003, this type of hate crime steadily decreased: 9.7 percent in 2000; 3.3 percent in 2001; 8.8 percent in 2002; and 10.0 percent in 2003.

**Gender and Physical/Mental Disability** hate crime offenses are the remaining two categories of bias motivation hate crimes. These two categories have totaled less than 2 percent of the hate crimes reported, and thus were not included in the above graph.

Figure 16  
BIAS MOTIVATION



Source: Table 12.

**Anti-Black Offenses** – These continue to be the highest reported bias motivation category (24 total categories) since data collection started in California. Anti-black hate offenses averaged 599 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 620 in 2000 and a low of 580 in 2002. In 2005, 607 of these offenses were reported, a decrease of 1.0 percent from their 2004 value.

**Anti-Male Homosexual (Gay) Offenses** – These have been the second highest bias motivation category since data collection began in California. Anti-Male Homosexual (gay) offenses averaged 297 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 345 in 2001 and a low of 231 in 2004. In 2005, 192 of these offenses were reported, a decrease of 16.9 percent from their 2004 value.

**Anti-Hispanic Offenses** – Anti-Hispanic offenses averaged 190 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 207 in 2001 and a low of 142 in 2003. In 2005, 188 of these offenses were reported, a decrease of 4.1 percent from their 2004 value.

**Anti-Jewish Offenses** – Anti-Jewish offenses averaged 192 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 240 in 2000 and a low of 174 in 2003. In 2005, 157 of these offenses were reported, a decrease of 10.8 percent from their 2004 value.

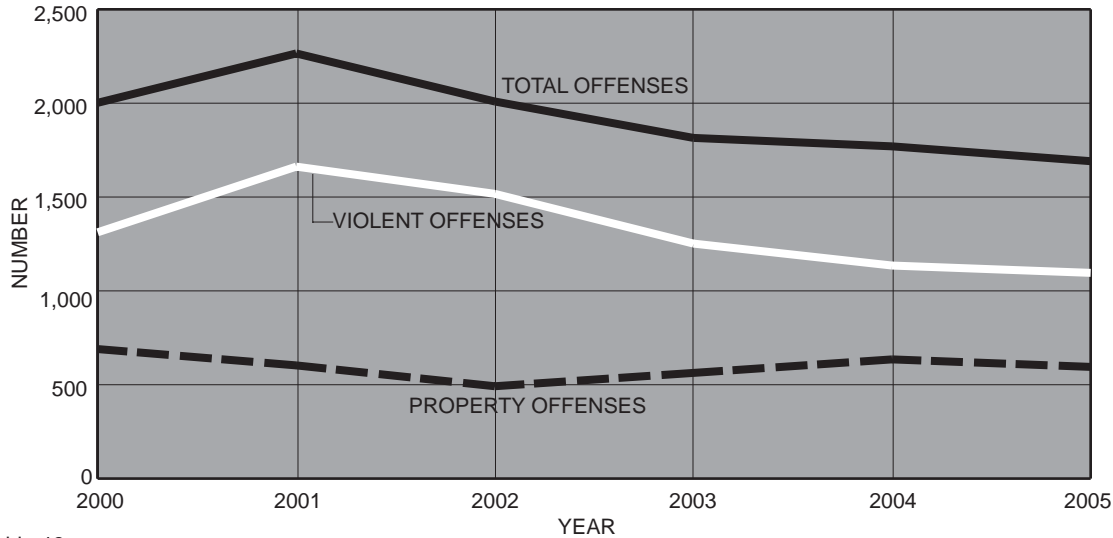
**Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin Offenses** – Prior to 2001, there were about 100 or less of these offenses reported annually. In 2001, there was a dramatic increase to 428 offenses which was largely due to post-9/11 hate crimes directed at Arab/Middle Eastern individuals and their property. Since 2001 these offenses have continued to decrease. Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin offenses averaged 217 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 428 in 2001 and a low of 96 in 2000. In 2005, 103 of these offenses were reported, a decrease of 18.3 percent from their 2004 value.

**Anti-White Offenses** – With the exception of 2005, these offenses decreased since 2001. Anti-white offenses averaged 112 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 152 in 2000 and a low of 69 in 2004. In 2005, 92 of these offenses were reported, an increase of 33.3 percent from their 2004 value.



# HATE CRIME

Figure 17  
TYPE OF CRIME  
Reported Hate Crime Offenses, 2000–2005



Source: Table 13.

**Total Offenses** – Total offenses averaged 1,972 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 2,265 in 2001 and a low of 1,770 in 2004. In 2005, 1,691 offenses were reported, a decrease of 4.5 percent from the 2004 value.

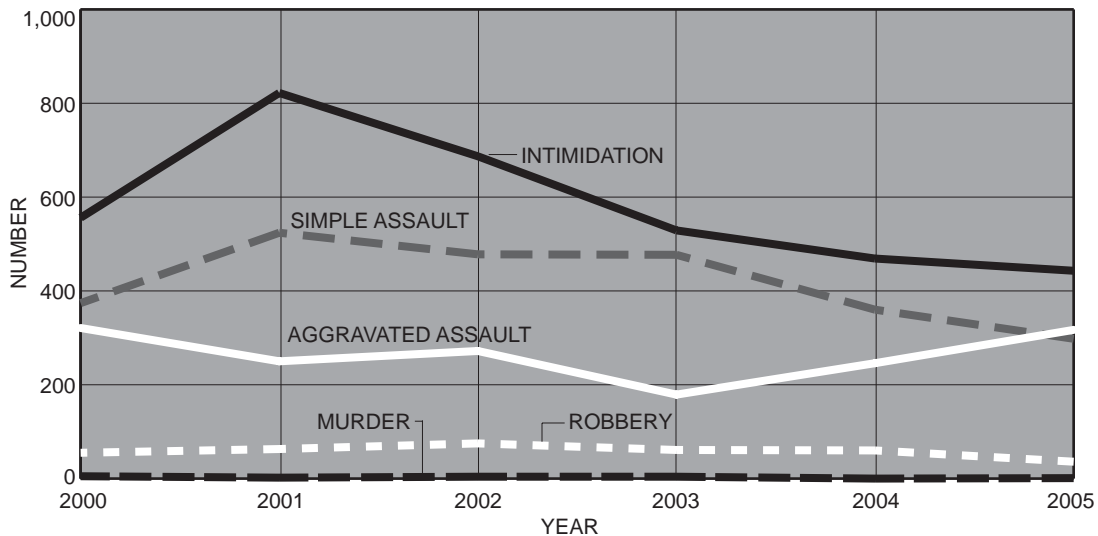
**Violent Crime Offenses** – Total offenses averaged 1,376 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 1,662 in 2001 and a low of 1,135 in 2004. In 2005, 1,096 offenses were reported, a decrease of 3.4 percent from the 2004 value.

**Property Crime Offenses** – Total offenses averaged 597 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 690 in 2000 and a low of 492 in 2002. In 2005, 595 offenses were reported, a decrease of 6.3 percent from the 2004 value.

Note: From 1995 to 2001, a hierarchy rule was used to identify the most serious crime type. For these years, the total number of offenses in a multiple offense hate crime event would still be recorded, but the crime type would be given as the most serious crime type. For example, a hate crime event that had two offenses — a simple assault, and an aggravated assault — would be counted as two offenses with the most serious offense as aggravated assault.

Starting in 2002, the Department of Justice began counting *each* offense in *each* hate crime event, whether they had one offense (a majority of the events) or multiple offenses (a minority of the events). This was undertaken to more accurately count each type of criminal offense (e.g., intimidation, simple assault, vandalism, etc.). Using this new standard of count, comparisons and trend analysis should be limited to 2002 and forward. (See Appendix 3, *Data Characteristics and Known Limitations*, on page 53 for a further explanation of the “hierarchy rule.”)

Figure 18  
VIOLENT CRIME  
Selected Reported Hate Crime Offenses, 2000–2005



Source: Table 13.

**Intimidation Offenses** (involving threats of violence) – These offenses continue to be the largest category of violent hate crimes since 2000. The dramatic increase in 2001 of 822 offenses, a 47.8 percent increase from the previous year, was due in large measure to post-9/11 hate crimes directed at Arab/Middle Easterners. Since 2001 there has been a steady decline in the number of intimidation offenses. Total offenses averaged 613 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 822 in 2001 and a low of 469 in 2004. In 2005, 443 offenses were reported, a decrease of 5.5 percent from the previous year.

**Aggravated Assault Offenses** – Total offenses averaged 254 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 321 in 2000 and a low of 179 in 2003. In 2005, 317 offenses were reported, an increase of 28.9 percent from the 2004 value.

**Simple Assault Offenses** – As was noted for intimidation offenses, simple assault offenses showed a dramatic increase in 2001 to 524 offenses, a 40.1 percent increase from the previous year. In addition, simple assault offenses have also been decreasing since 2001. Total offenses averaged 443 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 524 in 2001 and a low of 360 in 2004. In 2005, 298 offenses were reported, a decrease of 17.2 percent from the previous year.

**Robbery Offenses** – Total offenses averaged 63 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 75 in 2002 and a low of 55 in 2000. In 2005, 36 offenses were reported, a decrease of 40.0 percent from the previous year.

**Murder Offenses** – Total offenses averaged three between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of five in 2000 and a low of zero in 2004. In 2005, there was one reported offense compared to zero offenses in the previous year.

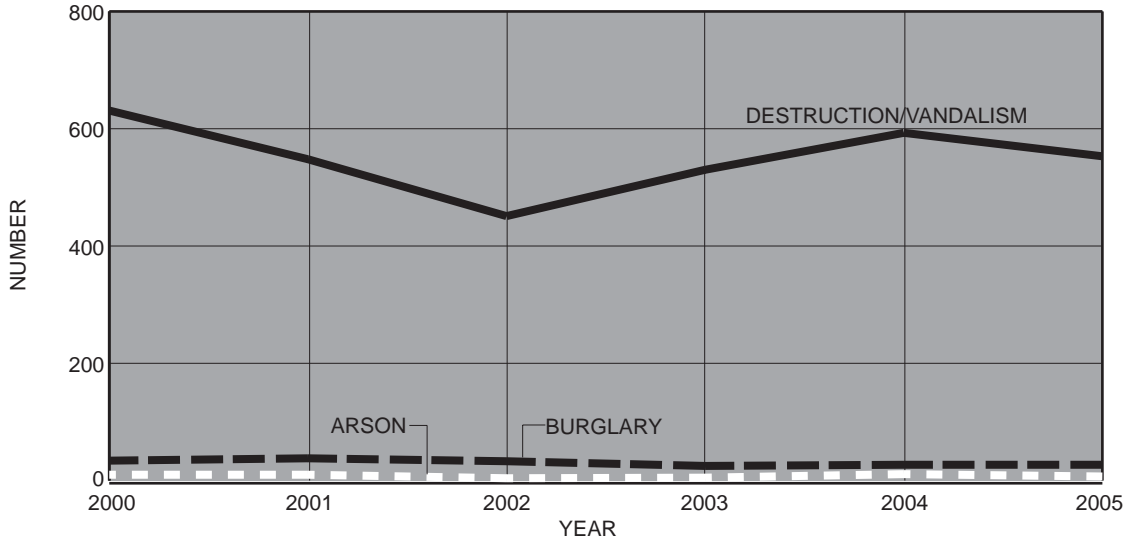
Note: From 1995 to 2001, a hierarchy rule was used to identify the most serious crime type. For these years, the total number of offenses in a multiple offense hate crime event would still be recorded, but the crime type would be given as the most serious crime type. For example, a hate crime event that had two offenses — a simple assault, and an aggravated assault — would be counted as two offenses with the most serious offense as aggravated assault.

Starting in 2002, the Department of Justice began counting *each* offense in *each* hate crime event, whether they had one offense (a majority of the events) or multiple offenses (a minority of the events). This was undertaken to more accurately count each type of criminal offense (e.g., intimidation, simple assault, vandalism, etc.). Using this new standard of count, comparisons and trend analysis should be limited to 2002 and forward. (See Appendix 3, *Data Characteristics and Known Limitations*, on page 53 for a further explanation of the “hierarchy rule.”)

# HATE CRIME

Figure 19  
PROPERTY CRIME

Selected Reported Hate Crime Offenses, 2000–2005



Source: Table 13.

**Destruction/Vandalism Offenses** – These offenses have consistently been the highest category of property crime offenses since 2000. Total offenses averaged 551 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 631 in 2000 and a low of 451 in 2002. In 2005, 553 offenses were reported, a decrease of 6.7 percent from the previous year.

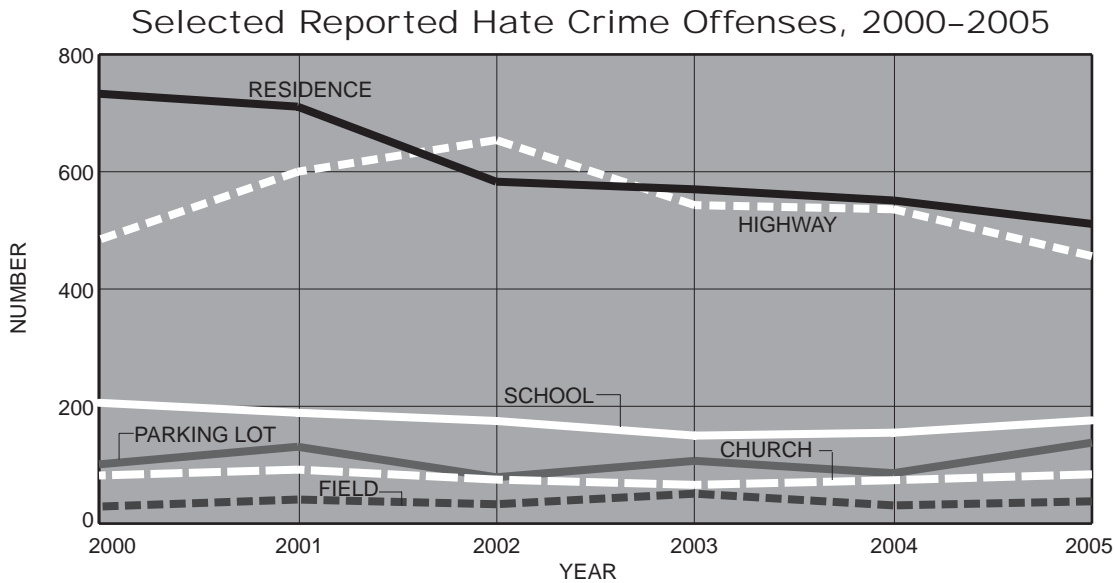
**Burglary Offenses** – Total offenses averaged 31 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 38 in 2001 and a low of 25 in 2003. In 2005, 27 offenses were reported, the same as in the previous year.

**Arson Offenses** – Total offenses averaged 8 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 11 in 2004 and a low of 4 in 2002. In 2005, 7 offenses were reported, a decrease from the 11 offenses reported the previous year.

Note: From 1995 to 2001, a hierarchy rule was used to identify the most serious crime type. For these years, the total number of offenses in a multiple offense hate crime event would still be recorded, but the crime type would be given as the most serious crime type. For example, a hate crime event that had two offenses — a simple assault, and an aggravated assault — would be counted as two offenses with the most serious offense as aggravated assault.

Starting in 2002, the Department of Justice began counting *each* offense in *each* hate crime event, whether they had one offense (a majority of the events) or multiple offenses (a minority of the events). This was undertaken to more accurately count each type of criminal offense (e.g., intimidation, simple assault, vandalism, etc.). Using this new standard of count, comparisons and trend analysis should be limited to 2002 and forward. (See Appendix 3, *Data Characteristics and Known Limitations*, on page 53 for a further explanation of the “hierarchy rule.”)

Figure 20  
LOCATION OF CRIME



Source: Table 14.

**Residence/Home/Driveway** – This location continues to be the largest category of hate crime offenses since 2000, the only exception being 2002, when the number of hate crime offenses was larger for the category of highway/road/alley/street. Total offenses averaged 630 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 733 in 2000 and a low of 551 in 2004. In 2005, 511 offenses were reported, a decrease of 7.3 percent from the previous year.

**Highway/Road/Alley/Street** – This location continues to be the second largest category of hate crime offenses since 2000, the only exception being 2002 when this category exceeded the number of hate crimes at the location of residence/home/driveway. Total offenses averaged 563 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 654 in 2002 and a low of 484 in 2000. In 2005, 456 offenses were reported, a decrease of 14.9 percent from the previous year.

**School/College** – Total offenses averaged 175 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 206 in

2000 and a low of 150 in 2003. In 2005, 176 offenses were reported, an increase of 13.5 percent from the previous year.

**Parking Lot/Garage** – Total offenses averaged 101 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 131 in 2001 and a low of 79 in 2002. In 2005, 138 offenses were reported, a sharp increase of 60.5 percent from the previous year.

**Church/Synagogue/Temple** – Total offenses averaged 78 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 92 in 2001 and a low of 66 in 2003. In 2005, 84 offenses were reported, an increase of 13.5 percent from the previous year.

**Field/Woods/Park** – Total offenses averaged 37 between 2000 and 2004, with a high value of 51 in 2003 and a low of 29 in 2000. In 2005, 38 offenses were reported, an increase of 22.6 percent from the previous year.

*HATE  
CRIME*

*IN CALIFORNIA, 2005*

**DATA  
TABLES**

# HATE CRIME

Table 1  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by Bias Motivation

Bias motivation	Events		Offenses		Victims		Known suspects	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>1,397</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,589</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Race/ethnicity/national origin</b> ...	<b>916</b>	<b>65.6</b>	<b>1,137</b>	<b>67.2</b>	<b>1,101</b>	<b>67.1</b>	<b>1,130</b>	<b>71.1</b>
Anti-white.....	77	5.5	92	5.4	88	5.4	107	6.7
Anti-black.....	490	35.1	607	35.9	590	36.0	621	39.1
Anti-Hispanic.....	147	10.5	188	11.1	181	11.0	221	13.9
Anti-American Indian/ Alaskan native.....	2	0.1	2	0.1	2	0.1	1	0.1
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander.....	50	3.6	58	3.4	58	3.5	48	3.0
Anti-multiple races, group.....	61	4.4	87	5.1	79	4.8	33	2.1
Anti-other ethnicity/ national origin.....	89	6.4	103	6.1	103	6.3	99	6.2
<b>Religion</b> .....	<b>205</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>7.9</b>
Anti-Jewish.....	141	10.1	157	9.3	152	9.3	101	6.4
Anti-Catholic.....	10	0.7	11	0.7	10	0.6	2	0.1
Anti-Protestant.....	10	0.7	10	0.6	10	0.6	3	0.2
Anti-Islamic (Muslim).....	12	0.9	13	0.8	13	0.8	8	0.5
Anti-other religion.....	25	1.8	28	1.7	26	1.6	10	0.6
Anti-multiple religious, group....	6	0.4	6	0.4	6	0.4	1	0.1
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc....	1	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0
<b>Sexual orientation</b> .....	<b>255</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>18.1</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>19.6</b>
Anti-male homosexual (gay)....	161	11.5	192	11.4	187	11.4	186	11.7
Anti-female homosexual.....	40	2.9	52	3.1	52	3.2	47	3.0
Anti-homosexual.....	49	3.5	54	3.2	53	3.2	72	4.5
Anti-heterosexual.....	1	0.1	3	0.2	3	0.2	1	0.1
Anti-bisexual.....	4	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.3	6	0.4
<b>Physical/mental disability</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Anti-physical disability.....	3	0.2	3	0.2	3	0.2	4	0.3
Anti-mental disability.....	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>Gender</b> .....	<b>18</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1.1</b>
Anti-male.....	1	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1
Anti-female.....	4	0.3	5	0.3	4	0.2	3	0.2
Anti-transgender.....	13	0.9	13	0.8	13	0.8	14	0.9

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

An event indicates the occurrence of one or more criminal offenses committed against one or more victims by one or more suspects/perpetrators.

A victim can have more than one offense committed against them.

The term 'known suspect' does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known.

For a more complete definition of each criminal justice term, please refer to the glossary (Appendix 5).

Table 2  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of crime	Offenses	
	Number	Percent
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Violent crimes.....</b>	<b>1,096</b>	<b>64.8</b>
Murder.....	1	0.1
Forcible rape.....	1	0.1
Robbery.....	36	2.1
Aggravated assault.....	317	18.7
Simple assault.....	298	17.6
Intimidation.....	443	26.2
<b>Total Property crimes.....</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>35.2</b>
Burglary.....	27	1.6
Larceny-theft.....	5	0.3
Motor vehicle theft.....	3	0.2
Arson.....	7	0.4
Destruction/vandalism.....	553	32.7

Notes: One suspect can commit more than one crime.  
 One victim can have more than one offense committed against him/her.  
 An event indicates the occurrence of one or more offenses.

# HATE CRIME

Table 3  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by Location

Location	Events		Offenses		Victims		Known suspects	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>1,397</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,589</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Air/bus/train terminal.....	13	0.9	17	1.0	14	0.9	15	0.9
Bank/savings and loan.....	2	0.1	4	0.2	4	0.2	3	0.2
Bar/night club.....	23	1.6	24	1.4	24	1.5	39	2.5
Church/synagogue/temple.....	82	5.9	84	5.0	83	5.1	37	2.3
Commercial/office building.....	35	2.5	38	2.2	38	2.3	17	1.1
Construction site.....	1	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0
Convenience store.....	19	1.4	27	1.6	24	1.5	23	1.4
Department/discount store.....	9	0.6	9	0.5	9	0.5	9	0.6
Drug store/Dr.'s office/hospital.	5	0.4	6	0.4	6	0.4	2	0.1
Field/woods/park.....	33	2.4	38	2.2	36	2.2	48	3.0
Government/public building.....	16	1.1	17	1.0	17	1.0	13	0.8
Grocery/supermarket.....	10	0.7	14	0.8	13	0.8	8	0.5
Highway/road/alley/street.....	372	26.6	456	27.0	451	27.5	626	39.4
Hotel/motel/etc.....	7	0.5	8	0.5	8	0.5	8	0.5
Jail/prison.....	14	1.0	14	0.8	14	0.9	27	1.7
Lake/waterway/beach.....	12	0.9	15	0.9	15	0.9	15	0.9
Liquor store.....	6	0.4	7	0.4	7	0.4	8	0.5
Parking lot/garage.....	107	7.7	138	8.2	133	8.1	140	8.8
Rental storage facility.....	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Residence/home/driveway.....	412	29.5	511	30.2	501	30.5	338	21.3
Restaurant.....	31	2.2	48	2.8	40	2.4	39	2.5
School/college.....	152	10.9	176	10.4	165	10.1	137	8.6
Service/gas station.....	9	0.6	11	0.7	9	0.5	15	0.9
Specialty store (TV, fur, etc.)..	18	1.3	19	1.1	19	1.2	16	1.0
Other/unknown.....	9	0.6	9	0.5	9	0.5	6	0.4

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding

An event indicates the occurrence of one or more criminal offenses committed against one or more victims by one or more suspects/perpetrators

A victim can have more than one offense committed against them.

The term 'known suspect' does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known.

For a more complete definition of each criminal justice term, please refer to the glossary (Appendix 5)



# DATA TABLES

Table 4  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Victim Type by Bias Motivation

Bias motivation	Total <sup>1</sup>		Individual		Business/ financial institution <sup>2</sup>		Government <sup>2</sup>		Religious organization <sup>2</sup>		Other <sup>2</sup>	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>1,640</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,452</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Race/ethnicity/national origin</b> .....	<b>1,101</b>	<b>67.1</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>68.0</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>82.3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>83.3</b>
Anti-white.....	88	5.4	84	5.8	0	0.0	2	2.5	0	0.0	2	11.1
Anti-black.....	590	36.0	533	36.7	11	32.4	32	40.5	4	7.0	10	55.6
Anti-Hispanic.....	181	11.0	172	11.8	1	2.9	7	8.9	0	0.0	1	5.6
Anti-American Indian/ Alaskan native.....	2	0.1	2	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander.....	58	3.5	53	3.7	2	5.9	2	2.5	1	1.8	0	0.0
Anti-multiple races, group.....	79	4.8	45	3.1	12	35.3	19	24.1	1	1.8	2	11.1
Anti-other ethnicity/ national origin.....	103	6.3	99	6.8	1	2.9	3	3.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>Religion</b> .....	<b>218</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>87.7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5.6</b>
Anti-Jewish.....	152	9.3	121	8.3	4	11.8	10	12.7	16	28.1	1	5.6
Anti-Catholic.....	10	0.6	4	0.3	0	0.0	1	1.3	5	8.8	0	0.0
Anti-Protestant.....	10	0.6	2	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	8	14.0	0	0.0
Anti-Islamic (Muslim).....	13	0.8	11	0.8	0	0.0	1	1.3	1	1.8	0	0.0
Anti-other religion.....	26	1.6	11	0.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	15	26.3	0	0.0
Anti-multiple religious, group.....	6	0.4	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	8.8	0	0.0
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc.....	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>Sexual orientation</b> .....	<b>300</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>20.2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11.1</b>
Anti-male homosexual (gay).....	187	11.4	184	12.7	1	2.9	0	0.0	1	1.8	1	5.6
Anti-female homosexual.....	52	3.2	52	3.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anti-homosexual.....	53	3.2	49	3.4	2	5.9	1	1.3	0	0.0	1	5.6
Anti-heterosexual.....	3	0.2	3	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anti-bisexual.....	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>Physical/mental disability</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Anti-physical disability.....	3	0.2	3	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anti-mental disability.....	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>Gender</b> .....	<b>18</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Anti-male.....	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anti-female.....	4	0.2	4	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anti-transgender.....	13	0.8	12	0.8	0	0.0	1	1.3	0	0.0	0	0.0

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

<sup>1</sup>Numbers represent total number of victims (i.e., entities and individuals), not the number of hate crime events.

<sup>2</sup>Numbers represent acts directed at entities other than individuals.

# HATE CRIME

Table 5  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Victim Type by Location

Location	Total <sup>1</sup>		Individual		Business/ financial institution <sup>2</sup>		Government <sup>2</sup>		Religious organization <sup>2</sup>		Other <sup>2</sup>	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,452</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Air/bus/train terminal.....	14	0.9	11	0.8	1	2.9	1	1.3	0	0.0	1	5.6
Bank/savings and loan.....	4	0.2	4	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Bar/night club.....	24	1.5	23	1.6	0	0.0	1	1.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Church/synagogue/temple...	83	5.1	31	2.1	1	2.9	0	0.0	51	89.5	0	0.0
Commercial/office building...	38	2.3	26	1.8	9	26.5	2	2.5	0	0.0	1	5.6
Construction site.....	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	5.6
Convenience store.....	24	1.5	22	1.5	2	5.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Department/discount store...	9	0.5	6	0.4	3	8.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Drug store/Dr.'s office/hospital	6	0.4	6	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Field/woods/park.....	36	2.2	27	1.9	1	2.9	6	7.6	0	0.0	2	11.1
Government/public building..	17	1.0	12	0.8	1	2.9	4	5.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Grocery/supermarket.....	13	0.8	12	0.8	1	2.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Highway/road/alley/street....	451	27.5	440	30.3	0	0.0	8	10.1	1	1.8	2	11.1
Hotel/motel/etc.....	8	0.5	8	0.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Jail/prison.....	14	0.9	14	1.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake/waterway/beach.....	15	0.9	14	1.0	0	0.0	1	1.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Liquor store.....	7	0.4	7	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Parking lot/garage.....	133	8.1	128	8.8	2	5.9	1	1.3	0	0.0	2	11.1
Rental storage facility.....	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Residence/home/driveway...	501	30.5	498	34.3	1	2.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	11.1
Restaurant.....	40	2.4	36	2.5	4	11.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
School/college.....	165	10.1	96	6.6	3	8.8	55	69.6	5	8.8	6	33.3
Service/gas station.....	9	0.5	9	0.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Specialty store (TV, fur, etc.)	19	1.2	16	1.1	3	8.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Other/unknown.....	9	0.5	6	0.4	2	5.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	5.6

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

<sup>1</sup>Numbers represent total number of victims (i.e., entities and individuals), not the number of hate crime events.

<sup>2</sup>Numbers represent acts directed at entities other than individuals.

# DATA TABLES

Table 6  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by County and Jurisdiction

County and jurisdiction*	Events	Offenses	Victims	Known suspects
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>1,397</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>1,589</b>
<b>Alameda County</b> .....	<b>39</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>30</b>
Alameda.....	3	3	3	0
Albany.....	3	4	3	1
Berkeley.....	8	11	11	6
CSU Hayward.....	7	7	7	1
Dublin.....	1	1	1	0
Fremont.....	2	2	2	0
Hayward.....	2	3	3	2
Livermore.....	4	4	4	4
Newark.....	1	1	1	1
Oakland.....	3	4	4	5
Pleasanton.....	3	3	3	1
San Leandro.....	1	2	2	5
UC Berkeley.....	1	1	1	4
<b>Alpine County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Amador County</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	3	4	4	3
<b>Butte County</b> .....	<b>14</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>14</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	3	4	4	5
Chico.....	8	10	10	6
CSU Chico.....	1	1	1	2
Gridley.....	1	1	1	0
Oroville.....	1	4	4	1
<b>Calaveras County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Colusa County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Contra Costa County</b> .....	<b>20</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>19</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	2	2	2	1
Brentwood.....	1	2	2	5
Concord.....	2	2	2	1
Danville.....	2	2	2	0
El Cerrito.....	1	1	1	0
Martinez.....	3	4	4	5
Orinda.....	1	1	1	0
Pinole.....	1	1	1	2
Pleasant Hill.....	6	6	6	4
Contra Costa Com. College....	1	2	2	1
<b>Del Norte County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>El Dorado County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Fresno County</b> .....	<b>22</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>
Clovis.....	7	8	8	10
Fresno.....	11	12	12	16
Parlier.....	1	1	1	0
Reedley.....	1	1	1	1
CSU Fresno.....	2	2	2	1
<b>Glenn County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Humboldt County</b> .....	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	1	1	1	0
Arcata.....	1	1	1	1
Eureka.....	2	2	2	1
CSU Humboldt.....	1	1	1	2
<b>Imperial County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Inyo County</b> .....	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	2	3	3	2
Bishop.....	4	7	7	3

(continued)

# HATE CRIME

Table 6 - continued  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by County and Jurisdiction

County and jurisdiction*	Events	Offenses	Victims	Known suspects
<b>Kern County</b> .....	<b>18</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>34</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	10	13	13	16
Bakersfield.....	6	8	8	15
Delano.....	1	1	1	1
Ridgecrest.....	1	5	3	2
<b>Kings County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Lake County</b> .....	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	5	6	5	6
<b>Lassen County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Los Angeles County</b> .....	<b>507</b>	<b>616</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>711</b>
Sheriff's Dept <sup>1</sup> .....	166	208	191	215
Unincorporated <sup>2</sup> .....	50	58	53	71
Agoura Hills <sup>3</sup> .....	3	3	3	1
Artesia <sup>3</sup> .....	1	2	2	3
Avalon <sup>3</sup> .....	2	2	2	2
Bellflower <sup>3</sup> .....	7	7	7	4
Carson <sup>3</sup> .....	2	4	4	2
Calabasas <sup>3</sup> .....	3	3	3	2
Cerritos <sup>3</sup> .....	2	2	2	1
Comerco <sup>3</sup> .....	1	1	1	0
Compton <sup>3</sup> .....	4	4	4	9
Duarte <sup>3</sup> .....	1	1	1	2
Hawaiian Gardens <sup>3</sup> .....	4	11	8	6
La Mirada <sup>3</sup> .....	2	2	2	2
La Puente <sup>3</sup> .....	1	1	1	0
Lakewood <sup>3</sup> .....	8	9	9	5
Lancaster <sup>3</sup> .....	10	16	13	15
Lawndale <sup>3</sup> .....	5	5	5	11
Mailbu <sup>3</sup> .....	2	3	3	1
Norwalk <sup>3</sup> .....	9	13	11	9
Palmdale <sup>3</sup> .....	14	16	16	26
Paramount <sup>3</sup> .....	2	2	2	5
Pico Rivera <sup>3</sup> .....	1	1	1	1
San Dimas <sup>3</sup> .....	3	6	6	3
Santa Clarita <sup>3</sup> .....	13	20	16	18
Temple City <sup>3</sup> .....	1	1	1	1
Walnut <sup>3</sup> .....	1	1	1	0
West Hollywood <sup>3</sup> .....	13	13	13	15
Westlake Village <sup>3</sup> .....	1	1	1	0
Alhambra.....	2	3	3	1
Azusa.....	5	10	10	10
Baldwin Park.....	1	1	1	0
Beverly Hills.....	2	2	2	0
Burbank.....	2	2	2	1
Claremont.....	4	4	4	1
Covina.....	7	12	12	16
Downey.....	4	4	4	2
El Monte.....	6	7	7	4
El Segundo.....	3	4	4	1
Gardena.....	1	1	1	1
Glendale.....	13	14	14	10
Glendora.....	1	1	1	0
La Verne.....	2	2	2	2
Long Beach.....	27	34	34	27
Los Angeles.....	225	265	263	395
Monrovia.....	1	1	1	5
Pasadena.....	8	9	9	6
Pomona.....	6	6	6	1
Redondo Beach.....	10	14	14	9

(continued)

# DATA TABLES

Table 6 - continued  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by County and Jurisdiction

County and jurisdiction*	Events	Offenses	Victims	Known suspects
San Fernando.....	2	2	2	1
UC Los Angeles.....	4	4	4	0
West Covina.....	2	2	2	0
Whittier.....	2	2	2	3
CSU Northridge.....	1	2	2	0
<b>Madera County.....</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>
Madera.....	2	2	2	4
<b>Marin County.....</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	7	7	7	6
Novato.....	2	2	2	1
San Rafael.....	1	1	1	1
<b>Mariposa County.....</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	1	2	2	2
<b>Mendocino County.....</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	1	2	2	2
Fort Bragg.....	2	2	2	2
<b>Merced County.....</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	3	3	3	6
<b>Modoc County.....</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Mono County.....</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Monterey County.....</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>
Carmel.....	1	1	1	1
Salinas.....	1	1	1	0
CSU Monterey Bay.....	1	1	1	0
<b>Napa County.....</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Napa.....	1	1	1	1
<b>Nevada County.....</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	1	1	1	0
Grass Valley.....	1	1	1	1
<b>Orange County.....</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>74</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	2	4	2	2
Aliso Viejo <sup>4</sup> .....	1	2	1	2
Anaheim.....	3	3	3	5
Brea.....	3	3	3	1
Buena Park.....	1	1	1	1
Cypress.....	1	1	1	1
Fullerton.....	2	2	2	0
Garden Grove.....	6	6	6	8
Huntington Beach.....	27	32	32	22
Irvine.....	2	2	2	3
La Habra.....	2	4	4	2
Laguna Hills <sup>4</sup> .....	3	6	3	3
Los Alamitos.....	1	1	1	0
Mission Viejo <sup>4</sup> .....	1	2	1	1
Newport Beach.....	5	5	5	3
Orange.....	2	2	2	4
Placentia.....	1	1	1	0
Rancho Santa Margarita <sup>4</sup> .....	2	4	2	2
San Clemente <sup>4</sup> .....	2	4	2	2
Santa Ana.....	4	4	4	6
Villa Park <sup>4</sup> .....	1	2	1	1
Westminster.....	4	4	4	2
Yorba Linda.....	2	2	2	3
UC Irvine.....	1	1	1	0
<b>Placer County.....</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>
Roseville.....	5	6	6	1
<b>Plumas County.....</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

(continued)

# HATE CRIME

Table 6 - continued  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by County and Jurisdiction

County and jurisdiction*	Events	Offenses	Victims	Known suspects
<b>Riverside County</b> .....	<b>100</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>101</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	18	21	21	22
Beaumont.....	1	1	1	1
Blythe.....	1	1	1	1
City of Canyon Lake <sup>5</sup> .....	1	2	2	0
Corona.....	8	12	12	12
Desert Hot Springs.....	1	1	1	0
Hemet.....	5	6	6	8
Lake Elsinore <sup>5</sup> .....	3	4	4	1
Moreno Valley <sup>5</sup> .....	7	8	8	4
Norco <sup>5</sup> .....	2	2	2	2
Palm Desert <sup>5</sup> .....	12	14	14	2
Palm Springs.....	12	16	14	19
Perris <sup>5</sup> .....	4	4	4	3
Rancho Mirage <sup>5</sup> .....	1	1	1	0
Riverside.....	22	26	26	25
San Jacinto <sup>5</sup> .....	1	1	1	0
Temecula <sup>5</sup> .....	1	1	1	1
<b>Sacramento County</b> .....	<b>58</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>52</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	5	5	5	2
CSU Sacramento.....	1	1	1	1
Folsom.....	1	1	1	0
Galt.....	1	1	1	0
Sacramento..... <sup>5</sup>	50	62	62	49
<b>San Benito County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>San Bernardino County</b> .....	<b>30</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>43</b>
Chino.....	14	19	19	26
Chino Hills <sup>5</sup> .....	1	1	1	3
Fontana Uni Sch Dist.....	1	1	1	0
Montclair.....	2	3	2	2
Ontario.....	1	1	1	0
Redlands.....	4	4	4	3
Rialto.....	1	1	1	4
San Bernardino.....	3	4	4	2
Upland.....	3	3	3	3
<b>San Diego County</b> .....	<b>114</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>117</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	22	29	26	28
City of Encinitas <sup>7</sup> .....	1	1	1	1
City of Imperial Beach <sup>7</sup> .....	3	4	4	2
City of Poway <sup>7</sup> .....	1	1	1	4
City of San Marcos <sup>7</sup> .....	3	5	5	1
City of Santee <sup>7</sup> .....	11	18	12	16
City of Vista <sup>7</sup> .....	5	5	5	3
El Cajon.....	4	4	4	4
La Mesa.....	1	1	1	2
National City..... <sup>7</sup>	2	2	2	1
Oceanside.....	16	20	20	18
San Diego.....	41	45	45	34
San Diego Harbor.....	3	3	3	3
CSU San Diego.....	1	1	1	0
<b>San Francisco County</b> .....	<b>111</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>114</b>
San Francisco.....	109	124	123	114
UC Hastings College of Law... .....	1	1	1	0
UC San Francisco.....	1	1	1	0
<b>San Joaquin County</b> .....	<b>13</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>9</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	1	1	1	3
Manteca.....	2	2	2	1
Ripon.....	1	2	2	1
Stockton.....	8	10	10	2
Tracy.....	1	1	1	2

(continued)

# DATA TABLES

Table 6 - continued  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by County and Jurisdiction

County and jurisdiction*	Events	Offenses	Victims	Known suspects
<b>San Luis Obispo County</b> .....	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>6</b>
Atascadero.....	2	2	2	1
Grover Beach.....	1	1	1	0
Pismo Beach.....	1	1	1	2
San Luis Obispo.....	5	6	6	3
<b>San Mateo County</b> .....	<b>10</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
Burlingame.....	1	2	1	4
Menlo Park.....	1	1	1	1
San Bruno.....	3	3	3	1
San Mateo.....	4	5	4	4
South San Francisco.....	1	1	1	0
<b>Santa Barbara County</b> .....	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>
Guadalupe.....	1	1	1	0
Santa Barbara.....	2	2	2	0
Santa Maria.....	1	1	1	1
<b>Santa Clara County</b> .....	<b>53</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>33</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	9	10	10	2
CSU San Jose.....	1	2	2	1
Cupertino <sup>8</sup> .....	4	4	4	2
Los Gatos.....	1	1	1	0
Morgan Hill.....	1	1	1	2
Mountain View.....	3	3	3	2
Palo Alto.....	7	7	7	5
San Jose.....	22	29	29	18
Santa Clara.....	1	1	1	0
Santa Clara Transit Dis <sup>8</sup> .....	1	1	1	1
Saratoga <sup>9</sup> .....	1	1	1	0
Sunnyvale.....	2	2	2	0
<b>Santa Cruz County</b> .....	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>18</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	5	5	5	3
Santa Cruz.....	12	16	16	12
Watsonville.....	2	2	2	1
Santa Cruz Mtns. DPR.....	1	1	1	1
UC Santa Cruz.....	1	1	1	1
<b>Shasta County</b> .....	<b>17</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>18</b>
Anderson.....	2	2	2	3
Redding.....	15	20	20	15
<b>Sierra County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Siskiyou County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Solano County</b> .....	<b>11</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>15</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	1	1	1	1
Dixon.....	1	1	1	0
Fairfield.....	3	4	4	6
Vacaville.....	6	7	7	8
<b>Sonoma County</b> .....	<b>20</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	6	6	6	7
Petaluma.....	4	4	4	4
Rohnert Park.....	1	1	1	1
Santa Rosa.....	8	9	9	10
Sonoma SH.....	1	1	1	0
<b>Stanislaus County</b> .....	<b>16</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>15</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	6	9	8	9
Ceres.....	1	1	1	1
Modesto.....	5	5	5	3
Patterson.....	2	2	2	1
Turlock.....	2	2	2	1
<b>Sutter County</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2</b>
Yuba City.....	3	8	8	2
<b>Tehama County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

(continued)

# HATE CRIME

Table 6 - continued  
**HATE CRIMES, 2005**  
 Events, Offenses, Victims, and Known Suspects by County and Jurisdiction

County and jurisdiction*	Events	Offenses	Victims	Known suspects
<b>Trinity County</b> .....	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Tulare County</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
Tulare.....	2	3	3	0
Visalia.....	1	1	1	4
<b>Tuolumne County</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>
Sonora.....	3	4	4	6
<b>Ventura County</b> .....	<b>29</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>27</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	3	7	7	3
Camarillo <sup>9</sup> .....	3	3	3	1
Fillmore <sup>9</sup> .....	1	2	2	2
Moorpark <sup>9</sup> .....	6	8	8	4
Oxnard.....	1	1	1	0
Santa Paula.....	1	1	1	1
Simi Valley.....	2	2	2	2
Thousand Oaks <sup>9</sup> .....	7	10	10	5
Ventura.....	5	7	7	9
<b>Yolo County</b> .....	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7</b>
Davis.....	4	4	4	4
West Sacramento.....	2	2	2	0
Woodland.....	3	3	3	3
<b>Yuba County</b> .....	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>13</b>
Sheriff's Dept.....	13	14	14	11
Marysville.....	2	2	2	2

\*Only those jurisdictions which reported a hate crime are listed in this table.

<sup>1</sup>Includes unincorporated and contracts.

<sup>2</sup>"Unincorporated" patrolled by Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department.

<sup>3</sup>Contracts with Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department.

<sup>4</sup>Contracts with Orange County Sheriff's Department.

<sup>5</sup>Contracts with Riverside County Sheriff's Department.

<sup>6</sup>Contracts with San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department.

<sup>7</sup>Contracts with San Diego County Sheriff's Department.

<sup>8</sup>Contracts with Santa Clara County Sheriff's Department.

<sup>9</sup>Contracts with Ventura County Sheriff's Department.



Table 7A  
**SUMMARY OF CASES REFERRED  
 BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AND TYPE OF FILINGS**  
 For the Period January 1 Through December 31, 2005

Agency	Total Hate Crime Cases Referred	Total Cases Filed as Hate Crimes	Total Cases Filed as Non-Bias Motivated Crimes
Total.....	448	330	66
County District Attorneys....	402	315	52
City Attorneys.....	46	15	14

Note: Please see Data Table 8 for details.

Table 7B  
**SUMMARY OF HATE CRIME CASE DISPOSITIONS**  
 For the Period January 1 Through December 31, 2005

Agency	Total dispositions	Not convicted	Convictions				All other convictions
			Total convictions	Hate crime convictions			
				Total	Guilty plea/ Nolo contendere	Trial verdict	
Total.....	274	36	238	137	112	25	101
County District Attorneys..	263	36	227	131	106	25	96
City Attorneys.....	11	0	11	6	6	0	5

Note: Please see Data Table 9 for details.

# HATE CRIME

Table 8  
**CASES REFERRED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AND TYPE OF FILINGS  
 AS REPORTED BY  
 COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND CITY ATTORNEYS**  
 For the Period January 1 Through December 31, 2005

Agency	Total Hate Crime Cases Referred	Total Cases Filed as Hate Crimes	Total Cases Filed as Non-Bias Motivated Crimes
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>448</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>66</b>
<b>County District Attorneys</b> ...	<b>402</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>52</b>
Alameda <sup>1,2,4</sup> .....	8	8	0
Alpine.....	0	0	0
Amador.....	0	0	0
Butte.....	5	3	2
Calaveras.....	0	0	0
Colusa.....	0	0	0
Contra Costa.....	7	9	1
Del Norte.....	0	0	0
El Dorado.....	3	2	1
Fresno.....	14	11	0
Glenn.....	0	0	0
Humboldt.....	0	0	0
Imperial.....	0	0	0
Inyo.....	0	0	0
Kern <sup>1,2,4</sup> .....	0	6	0
Kings.....	0	0	0
Lake.....	0	0	0
Lassen.....	0	0	0
Los Angeles <sup>3,4</sup> .....	147	117	21
Madera.....	0	0	0
Marin.....	5	1	2
Mariposa.....	0	0	0
Mendocino.....	2	1	0
Merced.....	3	1	2
Modoc.....	0	0	0
Mono.....	0	0	0
Monterey.....	6	6	0
Napa.....	2	1	0
Nevada.....	3	3	0
Orange.....	20	18	0
Placer.....	1	0	1
Plumas.....	0	0	0
Riverside.....	29	13	8
Sacramento.....	11	9	0
San Benito.....	0	0	0

(continued)

Table 8 - continued  
**CASES REFERRED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AND TYPE OF FILINGS  
 AS REPORTED BY  
 COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND CITY ATTORNEYS**  
 For the Period January 1 Through December 31, 2005

Agency	Total Hate Crime Cases Referred	Total Cases Filed as Hate Crimes	Total Cases Filed as Non-Bias Motivated Crimes
San Bernardino.....	9	9	0
San Diego.....	24	18	1
San Francisco.....	26	16	2
San Joaquin.....	6	6	0
San Luis Obispo.....	5	2	1
San Mateo.....	6	5	0
Santa Barbara.....	0	0	0
Santa Clara.....	17	9	6
Santa Cruz.....	1	1	0
Shasta.....	7	5	0
Sierra.....	0	0	0
Siskiyou.....	0	0	0
Solano.....	4	4	4
Sonoma.....	5	5	0
Stanislaus.....	1	1	0
Sutter.....	0	0	0
Tehama.....	0	0	0
Trinity.....	0	0	0
Tulare.....	3	3	0
Tuolumne.....	1	1	0
Ventura.....	7	7	0
Yolo.....	6	6	0
Yuba.....	8	8	0
<b>City Attorneys.....</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>14</b>
Anaheim.....	0	0	0
Burbank.....	1	1	0
Inglewood.....	0	0	0
Long Beach.....	0	0	0
Los Angeles.....	19	5	6
Pasadena.....	0	0	0
San Diego.....	25	8	8
Torrance.....	1	1	0

Notes: Zero indicates that no case information was reported in this reporting category.

The number of complaints filed by county district attorneys and city attorneys or the number of cases that resulted in hate crime convictions cannot be linked to the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies.

<sup>1</sup>Does not track hate crime cases referred to their offices.

<sup>2</sup>Tracks only total number of hate crimes filed by their office.

<sup>3</sup>Does not track cases referred to their branch offices; tracks total number of hate crimes filed by the Hate Crime Unit and branch offices.

<sup>4</sup>The counts for these agencies in the "cases referred" category are determined by adding the total number of cases filed by each agency plus the number of cases rejected by each agency. These counts represent the minimum cases that would have had to be received in each agency in order to file or reject the number of cases reported in these two reporting categories.

# HATE CRIME

Table 9  
**HATE CRIME CASE DISPOSITIONS**  
**AS REPORTED BY**  
**COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND CITY ATTORNEYS**  
 For the Period January 1 Through December 31, 2005

Agency	Total dispositions	Not convicted	Convictions				All other convictions
			Total convictions	Hate crime convictions			
				Total	Guilty plea/ Nolo contendere	Trial verdict	
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>274</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>101</b>
<b>County District Attorneys..</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>96</b>
Alameda.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alpine.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amador.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Butte.....	2	0	2	1	1	0	1
Calaveras.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Colusa.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contra Costa.....	6	0	6	1	1	0	5
Del Norte.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
El Dorado.....	2	1	1	1	1	0	0
Fresno.....	8	1	7	0	0	0	7
Glenn.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Humboldt.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Imperial.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inyo.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kern.....	6	0	6	1	1	0	5
Kings.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lassen.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Los Angeles.....	108	23	85	40	17	23	45
Madera.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marin.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
Mariposa.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mendocino.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Merced.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
Modoc.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mono.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monterey.....	5	0	5	4	4	0	1
Napa.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nevada.....	2	0	2	2	2	0	0
Orange.....	14	2	12	10	10	0	2
Placer.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plumas.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Riverside.....	21	0	21	13	12	1	8
Sacramento.....	7	0	7	7	7	0	0
San Benito.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
San Bernardino.....	4	0	4	1	1	0	3
San Diego.....	18	0	18	16	16	0	2
San Francisco.....	10	0	10	7	7	0	3
San Joaquin.....	6	2	4	2	2	0	2
San Luis Obispo.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
San Mateo.....	3	2	1	0	0	0	1
Santa Barbara.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Santa Clara.....	6	0	6	6	6	0	0
Santa Cruz.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
Shasta.....	4	0	4	0	0	0	4
Sierra.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siskiyou.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solano.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
Sonoma.....	4	3	1	1	1	0	0
Stanislaus.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	0

(continued)

Table 9 (continued)  
**HATE CRIME CASE DISPOSITIONS**  
**AS REPORTED BY**  
**COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND CITY ATTORNEYS**  
 For the Period January 1 Through December 31, 2005

Agency	Total dispositions	Not convicted	Total convictions	Convictions			All other convictions
				Hate crime convictions			
				Total	Guilty plea/ Nolo contendere	Trial verdict	
Sutter.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tehama.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trinity.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tulare.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Tuolumne.....	3	0	3	3	3	0	0
Ventura.....	4	0	4	4	4	0	0
Yolo.....	7	0	7	4	4	0	3
Yuba.....	6	0	6	4	3	1	2
<b>City Attorneys.....</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>
Anaheim.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burbank.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
Inglewood.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long Beach.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Los Angeles.....	3	0	3	2	2	0	1
Pasadena.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
San Diego.....	5	0	5	2	2	0	3
Torrance.....	2	0	2	1	1	0	1

Notes: Zero indicates that no case information was reported in this reporting category.  
 The number of complaints filed by county district attorneys and city attorneys or the number of cases that resulted in hate crime convictions cannot be linked to the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies.  
 See Criminal Justice Glossary (Appendix 5) for definition of terms.

Table 10  
**HATE CRIME CASES, 1996-2005**  
**COMPLAINTS FILED AND TOTAL CONVICTIONS AS REPORTED BY**  
**COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS**  
**AND CITY ATTORNEYS**

Type of prosecuting attorneys	1996		1997		1998		1999	
	Complaints filed	Total convictions	Complaints filed	Total convictions	Complaints filed	Total convictions	Complaints filed	Total convictions
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>229</b>
County District Attorneys	149	122	259	240	226	158	341	206
City Attorneys.....	33	40	54	40	18	16	31	23

Type of prosecuting attorneys	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	Complaints filed	Total convictions	Complaints filed	Total convictions	Complaints filed	Total convictions	Complaints filed	Total convictions
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>197</b>
County District Attorneys	341	262	290	187	333	236	293	188
City Attorneys.....	19	13	24	20	18	17	11	9

Type of prosecuting attorneys	2004		2005	
	Complaints filed	Total convictions	Complaints filed	Total convictions
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>274</b>
County District Attorneys	263	229	315	263
City Attorneys.....	14	13	15	11

Notes: The number of complaints filed by county district attorneys and city attorneys or the number of cases that resulted in hate crime convictions cannot be linked to the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies.  
 See Criminal Justice Glossary (Appendix 5) for definition of terms.

Table 11  
**HATE CRIMES, 1996-2005**  
 Events by Bias Motivation

Bias motivation	1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		Percent change 1996-2005	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>2,054</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,831</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,750</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,962</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,957</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,261</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,659</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,491</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,409</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,397</b>	<b>100.0</b>		<b>-32.0</b>
<b>Race/ethnicity/national origin</b> .....	<b>1,463</b>	<b>71.2</b>	<b>1,230</b>	<b>67.2</b>	<b>1,134</b>	<b>64.8</b>	<b>1,173</b>	<b>59.8</b>	<b>1,234</b>	<b>63.1</b>	<b>1,526</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>1,036</b>	<b>62.4</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>61.3</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>65.4</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>65.6</b>		<b>-37.4</b>
Anti-white.....	220	10.7	147	8.0	147	8.4	127	6.5	145	7.4	128	5.7	91	5.5	85	5.7	61	4.3	77	5.5		<b>-65.0</b>
Anti-black.....	759	37.0	629	34.4	509	29.1	599	30.5	606	31.0	596	26.4	482	29.1	463	31.1	500	35.5	490	35.1		<b>-35.4</b>
Anti-Hispanic.....	167	8.1	141	7.7	126	7.2	162	8.3	199	10.2	206	9.1	156	9.4	103	6.9	138	9.8	147	10.5		<b>-12.0</b>
Anti-American Indian/ Alaskan native.....	5	0.2	2	0.1	5	0.3	5	0.3	2	0.1	4	0.2	3	0.2	2	0.1	3	0.2	2	0.1		-
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander.....	153	7.4	160	8.7	135	7.7	126	6.4	100	5.1	93	4.1	70	4.2	66	4.4	69	4.9	50	3.6		<b>-67.3</b>
Anti-multiple races, group.....	69	3.4	73	4.0	140	8.0	72	3.7	86	4.4	71	3.1	35	2.1	34	2.3	45	3.2	61	4.4		<b>-11.6</b>
Anti-other ethnicity/ national origin.....	90	4.4	78	4.3	72	4.1	82	4.2	96	4.9	428	18.9	199	12.0	161	10.8	105	7.5	89	6.4		<b>-1.1</b>
<b>Religion</b> .....	<b>227</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>14.7</b>		<b>-9.7</b>
Anti-Jewish.....	166	8.1	212	11.6	176	10.1	280	14.3	236	12.1	176	7.8	175	10.5	155	10.4	142	10.1	141	10.1		<b>-15.1</b>
Anti-Catholic.....	5	0.2	0	0.0	13	0.7	8	0.4	9	0.5	9	0.4	8	0.5	10	0.7	9	0.6	10	0.7		-
Anti-Protestant.....	33	1.6	21	1.1	14	0.8	15	0.8	18	0.9	4	0.2	6	0.4	7	0.5	3	0.2	10	0.7		-
Anti-Islamic (Muslim).....	9	0.4	1	0.1	4	0.2	5	0.3	3	0.2	73	3.2	14	0.8	19	1.3	29	2.1	12	0.9		-
Anti-other religion.....	11	0.5	6	0.3	17	1.0	27	1.4	30	1.5	19	0.8	26	1.6	27	1.8	19	1.3	25	1.8		-
Anti-multiple religious, group.....	3	0.1	1	0.1	2	0.1	3	0.2	5	0.3	14	0.6	10	0.6	2	0.1	3	0.2	6	0.4		-
Anti-atheism/ agnosticism/etc.....	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1		-
<b>Sexual orientation</b> .....	<b>362</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>22.1</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>22.2</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>22.1</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>18.3</b>		<b>-29.6</b>
Anti-male homosexual (gay).....	306	14.9	284	15.5	307	17.5	339	17.3	325	16.6	344	15.2	267	16.1	218	14.6	188	13.3	161	11.5		<b>-47.4</b>
Anti-female homosexual.....	45	2.2	57	3.1	58	3.3	67	3.4	45	2.3	55	2.4	40	2.4	47	3.2	37	2.6	40	2.9		-
Anti-homosexual.....	7	0.3	15	0.8	21	1.2	30	1.5	28	1.4	19	0.8	57	3.4	71	4.8	36	2.6	49	3.5		-
Anti-heterosexual.....	1	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0	6	0.3	0	0.0	2	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.1		-
Anti-bisexual.....	3	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	2	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.1	4	0.3		-
<b>Physical/mental disability</b> .....	<b>2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>		-
Anti-physical disability.....	1	0.0	2	0.1	3	0.2	2	0.1	3	0.2	4	0.2	3	0.2	1	0.1	2	0.1	3	0.2		-
Anti-mental disability.....	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	0.2	0	0.0	2	0.1	0	0.0		-
<b>Gender</b> .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>13</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1.3</b>		-
Anti-male.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1		-
Anti-female.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.1	4	0.3	1	0.1	4	0.3		-
Anti-transgender.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	0.7	10	0.5	14	0.6	9	0.5	15	1.0	15	1.1	13	0.9		-

Notes: Gender bias was not added to the hate crime reporting law (PC 13023) until January 1, 1999; therefore, no data were reported for 1996-1998. Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding. Dash indicates that percent changes are not calculated when the base number (1996) is less than 50, or that no data were reported.

Table 12  
**HATE CRIMES, 1996-2005**  
 Offenses by Bias Motivation

Bias motivation	1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		Percent change 1996-2005
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>2,321</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,023</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,801</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,001</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,002</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,265</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,009</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,815</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,770</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>-27.1</b>
<b>Race/ethnicity/national origin</b> .....	<b>1,668</b>	<b>71.9</b>	<b>1,362</b>	<b>67.3</b>	<b>1,172</b>	<b>65.1</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>1,266</b>	<b>63.2</b>	<b>1,529</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>1,272</b>	<b>63.3</b>	<b>1,150</b>	<b>63.4</b>	<b>1,172</b>	<b>66.2</b>	<b>1,137</b>	<b>67.2</b>	<b>-31.8</b>
Anti-white.....	260	11.2	160	7.9	153	8.5	135	6.7	152	7.6	128	5.7	106	5.3	104	5.7	69	3.9	92	5.4	-64.6
Anti-black.....	844	36.4	690	34.1	525	29.2	612	30.6	620	31.0	598	26.4	580	28.9	586	32.3	613	34.6	607	35.9	-28.1
Anti-Hispanic.....	196	8.4	162	8.0	129	7.2	164	8.2	204	10.2	207	9.1	203	10.1	142	7.8	196	11.1	188	11.1	-4.1
Anti-American Indian/ Alaskan native.....	6	0.3	2	0.1	5	0.3	5	0.2	2	0.1	4	0.2	3	0.1	2	0.1	5	0.3	2	0.1	-
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander.....	180	7.8	177	8.7	141	7.8	126	6.3	102	5.1	93	4.1	78	3.9	82	4.5	91	5.1	58	3.4	-67.8
Anti-multiple races, group.....	79	3.4	82	4.1	142	7.9	74	3.7	90	4.5	71	3.1	62	3.1	41	2.3	72	4.1	87	5.1	10.1
Anti-other ethnicity/ national origin.....	103	4.4	89	4.4	77	4.3	84	4.2	96	4.8	428	18.9	240	11.9	193	10.6	126	7.1	103	6.1	0.0
<b>Religion</b> .....	<b>241</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>16.9</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>-6.2</b>
Anti-Jewish.....	178	7.7	218	10.8	177	9.8	281	14.0	240	12.0	176	7.8	194	9.7	174	9.6	176	9.9	157	9.3	-11.8
Anti-Catholic.....	5	0.2	0	0.0	13	0.7	8	0.4	10	0.5	9	0.4	8	0.4	10	0.6	9	0.5	11	0.7	-
Anti-Protestant.....	35	1.5	24	1.2	14	0.8	15	0.7	18	0.9	4	0.2	6	0.3	7	0.4	3	0.2	10	0.6	-
Anti-Islamic (Muslim).....	9	0.4	1	0.0	4	0.2	5	0.2	3	0.1	73	3.2	19	0.9	19	1.0	37	2.1	13	0.8	-
Anti-other religion.....	11	0.5	8	0.4	17	0.9	27	1.3	30	1.5	19	0.8	32	1.6	31	1.7	22	1.2	28	1.7	-
Anti-multiple religious, group, Agnosticism/etc.....	3	0.1	1	0.0	2	0.1	3	0.1	5	0.2	14	0.6	11	0.5	2	0.1	3	0.2	6	0.4	-
Anti-athelms/ Agnosticism/etc.....	0	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	-
<b>Sexual orientation</b> .....	<b>410</b>	<b>17.7</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>20.1</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>22.2</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>22.2</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>18.1</b>	<b>-25.4</b>
Anti-male homosexual (gay).....	349	15.0	326	16.1	317	17.6	349	17.4	333	16.6	345	15.2	320	15.9	256	14.1	231	13.1	192	11.4	-45.0
Anti-female homosexual.....	50	2.2	63	3.1	60	3.3	67	3.3	45	2.2	55	2.4	53	2.6	58	3.2	48	2.7	52	3.1	4.0
Anti-homosexual.....	7	0.3	16	0.8	21	1.2	30	1.5	28	1.4	19	0.8	70	3.5	84	4.6	46	2.6	54	3.2	-
Anti-heterosexual.....	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0	6	0.3	0	0.0	3	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	3	0.2	-
Anti-bisexual.....	3	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.1	5	0.3	-
<b>Physical/mental disability</b> .....	<b>2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-</b>
Anti-physical disability.....	1	0.0	2	0.1	3	0.2	2	0.1	3	0.1	4	0.2	3	0.1	1	0.1	2	0.1	3	0.2	-
Anti-mental disability.....	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7	0.3	0	0.0	2	0.1	0	0.0	-
<b>Gender</b> .....	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>-</b>
Anti-male.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.1	-
Anti-female.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0	4	0.2	1	0.0	2	0.1	4	0.2	0	0.0	5	0.3	-
Anti-transgender.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	0.7	10	0.5	14	0.6	9	0.4	18	1.0	16	0.9	13	0.8	-

Notes: Gender bias was not added to the hate crime reporting law (PC 13023) until January 1, 1999; therefore, no data were reported for 1996-1998.  
 Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.  
 Dash indicates that percent changes are not calculated when the base number (1996) is less than 50, or that no data were reported.

Table 13  
**HATE CRIMES, 1996-2005**  
 Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of crime	1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		Percent change 1996-2005
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>2,321</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,023</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,801</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,001</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,002</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,265</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,009</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,815</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,770</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>-27.1</b>
<b>Violent crimes</b> .....	<b>1,729</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>1,489</b>	<b>73.6</b>	<b>1,232</b>	<b>68.4</b>	<b>1,353</b>	<b>67.6</b>	<b>1,312</b>	<b>65.5</b>	<b>1,662</b>	<b>73.4</b>	<b>1,517</b>	<b>75.5</b>	<b>1,252</b>	<b>69.0</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>64.1</b>	<b>1,096</b>	<b>64.8</b>	<b>-36.6</b>
Murder.....	4	0.2	3	0.1	2	0.1	3	0.1	5	0.2	2	0.1	4	0.2	4	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.1	-
Forcible rape.....	2	0.1	1	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	-
Robbery.....	60	2.6	52	2.6	41	2.3	71	3.5	55	2.7	63	2.8	75	3.7	61	3.4	60	3.4	36	2.1	-40.0
Aggravated assault.....	391	16.8	338	16.7	246	13.7	238	11.9	321	16.0	250	11.0	272	13.5	179	9.9	246	13.9	317	18.7	-18.9
Simple assault.....	411	17.7	380	18.8	385	21.4	427	21.3	374	18.7	524	23.1	478	23.8	477	26.3	360	20.3	298	17.6	-27.5
Intimidation.....	861	37.1	715	35.3	557	30.9	613	30.6	556	27.8	822	36.3	687	34.2	529	29.1	469	26.5	443	26.2	-48.5
<b>Property crimes</b> .....	<b>592</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>26.4</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>648</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>34.5</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>563</b>	<b>31.0</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>35.9</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>35.2</b>	<b>0.5</b>
Burglary.....	44	1.9	23	1.1	15	0.8	16	0.8	34	1.7	38	1.7	33	1.6	25	1.4	27	1.5	27	1.6	-
Larceny-theft.....	15	0.6	15	0.7	9	0.5	9	0.4	14	0.7	7	0.3	4	0.2	3	0.2	4	0.2	5	0.3	-
Motor vehicle theft.....	3	0.1	1	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.1	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.2	-
Arson.....	18	0.8	18	0.9	10	0.6	11	0.5	10	0.5	10	0.4	4	0.2	5	0.3	11	0.6	7	0.4	-
Destruction/vandalism.....	512	22.1	477	23.6	535	29.7	610	30.5	631	31.5	548	24.2	451	22.4	530	29.2	593	33.5	553	32.7	8.0

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent changes are not calculated when the base number (2004) is less than 50, or that no data were reported.

From 1996 to 2001, a "hierarchy rule" was used to count the various types of crime. For a further explanation of the "hierarchy rule," see the Data Characteristics and Known Limitations Section in Appendix 3 (Page 51).



Table 14  
**HATE CRIMES, 1996-2005**  
 Offenses by Location

Location	1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		Percent change 1996-2005		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>2,321</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,023</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,801</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,001</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,002</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,265</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,009</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,815</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,770</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>-27.1</b>
Air/bus/train terminal.....	56	2.4	39	1.9	46	2.6	29	1.4	24	1.2	26	1.1	16	0.8	27	1.5	31	1.8	17	1.0	17	1.0	-69.6
Bank/savings and loan.....	4	0.2	1	0.0	3	0.1	3	0.1	1	0.0	1	0.0	4	0.2	1	0.1	3	0.2	4	0.2	4	0.2	-
Bar/night club.....	33	1.4	27	1.3	33	1.8	23	1.1	36	1.8	28	1.2	34	1.7	23	1.3	27	1.5	24	1.4	24	1.4	-
Church/synagogue/temple.....	79	3.4	42	2.1	77	4.3	94	4.7	82	4.1	92	4.1	75	3.7	66	3.6	74	4.2	84	5.0	84	5.0	6.3
Commercial/office building.....	52	2.2	75	3.7	48	2.7	101	5.0	67	3.3	89	3.9	88	4.4	42	2.3	48	2.7	38	2.2	38	2.2	-26.9
Construction site.....	6	0.3	1	0.0	7	0.4	5	0.2	9	0.4	13	0.6	1	0.0	4	0.2	3	0.2	1	0.1	1	0.1	-
Convenience store.....	21	0.9	24	1.2	13	0.7	13	0.6	18	0.9	54	2.4	28	1.4	27	1.5	27	1.5	27	1.6	27	1.6	-
Department/discount store.....	9	0.4	4	0.2	7	0.4	4	0.2	9	0.4	7	0.3	12	0.6	21	1.2	10	0.6	9	0.5	9	0.5	-
Drug store/Dr.'s office/hospital	9	0.4	10	0.5	21	1.2	15	0.7	15	0.7	9	0.4	16	0.8	16	0.9	11	0.6	6	0.4	6	0.4	-
Field/woods/park.....	61	2.6	51	2.5	36	2.0	31	1.5	29	1.4	41	1.8	33	1.6	51	2.8	31	1.8	38	2.2	38	2.2	-37.7
Government/public building..	5	0.2	7	0.3	20	1.1	7	0.3	12	0.6	10	0.4	20	1.0	15	0.8	10	0.6	17	1.0	17	1.0	-
Grocery/supermarket.....	18	0.8	15	0.7	18	1.0	16	0.8	9	0.4	22	1.0	16	0.8	9	0.5	11	0.6	14	0.8	14	0.8	-
Highway/road/alley/street.....	668	28.8	659	32.6	458	25.4	533	26.6	484	24.2	600	26.5	654	32.6	543	29.9	536	30.3	456	27.0	456	27.0	-31.7
Hotel/motel/etc.....	17	0.7	8	0.4	7	0.4	20	1.0	14	0.7	21	0.9	20	1.0	10	0.6	13	0.7	8	0.5	8	0.5	-
Jail/prison.....	15	0.6	26	1.3	10	0.6	24	1.2	10	0.5	7	0.3	10	0.5	7	0.4	18	1.0	14	0.8	14	0.8	-
Lake/waterway/beach.....	8	0.3	15	0.7	4	0.2	9	0.4	8	0.4	10	0.4	7	0.3	6	0.3	12	0.7	15	0.9	15	0.9	-
Liquor store.....	6	0.3	8	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.2	6	0.3	22	1.0	8	0.4	8	0.4	4	0.2	7	0.4	7	0.4	-
Parking lot/garage.....	93	4.0	113	5.6	110	6.1	121	6.0	101	5.0	131	5.8	79	3.9	107	5.9	86	4.9	138	8.2	138	8.2	48.4
Rental storage facility.....	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.1	0	0.0	4	0.2	1	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	-
Residence/home/driveway...	810	34.9	609	30.1	569	31.6	614	30.7	733	36.6	711	31.4	583	29.0	570	31.4	551	31.1	511	30.2	511	30.2	-36.9
Restaurant.....	65	2.8	31	1.5	41	2.3	59	2.9	53	2.6	55	2.4	56	2.8	33	1.8	49	2.8	48	2.8	48	2.8	-26.2
School/college.....	164	7.1	138	6.8	148	8.2	184	9.2	206	10.3	189	8.3	175	8.7	150	8.3	155	8.8	176	10.4	176	10.4	7.3
Service/gas station.....	20	0.9	14	0.7	15	0.8	9	0.4	20	1.0	32	1.4	25	1.2	9	0.5	11	0.6	11	0.6	11	0.6	-
Specialty store (TV, fur, etc.)	63	2.7	52	2.6	31	1.7	28	1.4	33	1.6	90	4.0	40	2.0	48	2.6	38	2.1	19	1.1	19	1.1	-69.8
Other/unknown.....	38	1.6	54	2.7	74	4.1	52	2.6	23	1.1	1	0.0	8	0.4	22	1.2	8	0.5	9	0.5	9	0.5	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.  
 Dash indicates that percent changes are not calculated when the base number (1996) is less than 50.

*HATE  
CRIME*

*IN CALIFORNIA, 2005*

**APPENDICES**

## APPENDIX 1 BACKGROUND

In January 1986, the California Department of Justice (DOJ) submitted a report to the Legislature in response to Senate Bill 2080 (Watson). This report, entitled *Racial, Ethnic, and Religious Crime Project, Preliminary Steps to Establish Statewide Collection of Data*, recommended the following:

- The DOJ be designated as the appropriate state agency to implement and coordinate statewide hate crime data collection.
- Law enforcement agencies submit existing crime reports identified as bias motivated to the DOJ.
- Uniform definitions and guidelines be established to ensure reliable and consistent identification of hate crimes.
- Adequate funding be provided for data collection and local law enforcement agency training.

Senate Bill 202 (Watson) was chaptered in 1989. The bill added section 13023 to the Penal Code requiring

the Attorney General to begin collecting and reporting hate crime information.

The federal "Hate Crime Statistics Act," Public Law 101-275, which became law on April 23, 1990, requires the United States Attorney General to collect bias motivated crime information. The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) began collecting data from volunteer agencies in 1991. The FBI's first report was published in 1992.

Law enforcement agencies were notified by DOJ Information Bulletin 94-25-OMET, issued September 30, 1994, to begin reporting hate crimes to the DOJ.

DOJ Information Bulletin 95-09-BCIA, issued March 24, 1995, requested California District Attorneys and City Attorneys to report information on complaints filed and convictions secured for hate crimes by their office on a standard form. The DOJ now collects and reports additional prosecutorial information, such as total cases referred by law enforcement agencies in the prosecution's jurisdiction, the total number of dispositions on filed cases, and further breakdowns of conviction information.

## APPENDIX 2 CALIFORNIA PENAL CODE SECTION 13023

(a) Subject to the availability of adequate funding, the Attorney General shall direct local law enforcement agencies to report to the Department of Justice, in a manner to be prescribed by the Attorney General, any information that may be required relative to hate crimes. This information may include any general orders or formal policies on hate crimes and the hate crime pamphlet required pursuant to Section 422.92.

(b) On or before July 1 of each year, the Department of Justice shall submit a report to the Legislature analyzing the results of the information obtained from local law enforcement agencies pursuant to this section.

(c) For purposes of this section, “hate crime” has the same meaning as in Section 422.55. (Added by Stats.1989, c.1172, §1. Amended by Stats.1998, c.933(AB 1999), §5; Stats.2000, c. 626 (AB 715), §4; Stats.2004, c.700(SB 1234), §26.)

## APPENDIX 3 DATA CHARACTERISTICS AND KNOWN LIMITATIONS

### CRIME DATA

Local law enforcement agencies are required to submit monthly copies of hate crime reports to the Department of Justice (DOJ) in compliance with section 13023 of the California Penal Code, which states ". . . any criminal acts or attempted criminal acts to cause physical injury, emotional suffering, or property damage where there is a reasonable cause to believe that the crime was motivated, in whole or in part, by the victim's race, ethnicity, religion, gender, sexual orientation, national origin, or physical or mental disability . . ." shall be reported to the DOJ.

The following information and limitations should be considered when using hate crime data:

1. A hate crime event contains the occurrence of one or more criminal offenses, committed against one or more victims, by one or more suspects/perpetrators. Also, victims can have more than one offense committed against them.
2. Hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies are counted in a very specific way. In each hate crime event, the DOJ counts the total number of victims, the total number of known suspects, and the total number of criminal offenses in one event. These totals are then classified and counted by type of bias motivation (anti-black, anti-Hispanic, anti-Jewish, anti-gay, etc.), type of crime (murder, aggravated assault, burglary, destruction/vandalism, etc.), the location where the crime took place (residence, street, synagogue, school, etc.), and the type of victim (individual or property).
3. The hate crime reporting system was implemented by the DOJ in September 1994. Law enforcement agencies submit copies of initial crime reports to the DOJ. Crime reports that were submitted as hate crimes, but later determined to be unfounded, were not included.
4. The DOJ requested that each law enforcement agency establish procedures incorporating a two-tier review (decision-making) process. The first level is done by the initial officer who responds to the suspected hate crime incident. At the second level, each report is reviewed by at least one other officer to confirm that the event was, in fact, a hate crime.
5. Caution should be used when making jurisdictional comparisons. The following factors should be considered: cultural diversity and population density; size of law enforcement agencies; and the training received in the identification of hate crimes by law enforcement officers in each jurisdiction.
6. The following factors may influence the volume of hate crimes reported to the DOJ:
  - Cultural practices of individuals and their likeliness to report hate crimes to law enforcement agencies.
  - Strength and investigative emphasis of law enforcement agencies.
  - Policies of law enforcement agencies.
  - Community policing policies.

7. From 1995 to 2001, a “hierarchy rule” was used to count the various types of hate crimes (e.g., murder, intimidation, vandalism, etc.). This counting method counted the most serious offense in a hate crime event and counted all additional offenses in multiple-offense events under the most serious crime count. For example, a crime event that had two offenses – a simple assault and an aggravated assault – would be counted as two aggravated assaults. Trend analysis for these years can be done, since the unit of count is consistent.

Starting in 2002, the Department of Justice began counting *each* offense in *each* hate crime event, whether they had one offense (a majority of events) or multiple offenses (a minority of events). This change in counting was undertaken to more accurately count each type of criminal offense. Using this new standard of count, comparisons and trend analysis should be limited to 2002 and forward.

8. A significant reason for the large disparity between individual victims and victims that are an entity is due to the Criminal Justice Statistics Center’s use of the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting program standards. A property crime (e.g., a business, religious organization, government institution, etc.) can only be counted as one victim, whereas a crime committed against an individual can have more than one victim per crime event.

## COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND CITY ATTORNEY PROSECUTORIAL DATA

The following information and limitations should be considered when interpreting hate crime cases:

1. To show the criminal justice system’s response to hate crimes, in March 1995, the Attorney General requested all district attorneys and city attorneys to submit summary data of complaints filed and convictions secured.
2. The 2005 District Attorney’s and City Attorney’s Report File of Hate Crime Cases contains summary data based on cases referred to each district attorney or city attorney, and filings and convictions which occurred between January 1 through December 31, 2005.
3. When viewing prosecutorial data, the reader is advised that relating the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies to the number of hate crimes prosecuted by district attorneys and city attorneys is not possible. First, crimes often occur in different reporting years than their subsequent prosecutions. Second, the number of crimes reported by law enforcement is much higher than those calling for prosecutorial action, since the latter requires an arrested defendant who can be prosecuted in a court of law.
4. All prosecutorial data includes hate crimes committed by *both* juvenile and adult defendants.
5. For prosecutorial agencies that do not track/count the number of “cases referred” in their offices for various reasons (e.g., information system limitations, internal organizational structure, geographical organizations capabilities, etc.), the counts for agencies in the “cases referred” category are determined by adding the total number of cases filed by each agency plus the number of cases rejected for prosecution by each agency. These counts represent the minimum cases that would have had to be received in each agency in order to file or reject the number of cases reported in these two reporting categories.

## APPENDIX 4 METHODOLOGY

To ensure a consistent standard and quality control function, the DOJ requests that each agency establish a two-tier review process for bias motivated crimes before they are reported to the DOJ as hate crimes.

Hard copy reports of hate crimes received by the DOJ are reviewed by at least two staff members of the Hate Crime Unit before the data are included in the aggregate reports. All hard copy crime reports that meet the bias motivated criteria stated in Penal Code section 422.55 are coded in a standard format by DOJ staff. When agencies begin to enter data electronically, they are required to submit a hard copy crime report as well as enter the data electronically. The DOJ staff compares electronic data with hard copy reports until it has been determined the agency is qualified to enter data electronically. When an agency has been qualified, a hard copy crime report is no longer required.

If a report is incomplete or does not contain sufficient information to determine a bias motivation, or it appears it may not be a hate crime, the reporting agency is notified. The agency can either provide additional information or agree with the DOJ that the event in question does not meet the criteria of a hate crime (a criminal offense that is motivated by a suspect's bias against a victim's race/ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, etc.). Those crimes meeting the criteria are

entered into the Hate Crime Statistical System. The data reflected in this report are gathered from this system.

The primary unit of count for hate crimes is the event or incident. Other units of count include offenses, victims, known suspects, and violent and property crime types. In each hate crime event, the DOJ counts the total number of victims, the total number of known suspects, and the total number of criminal offenses in one event. These totals are also categorized and counted by type of bias motivation (anti-black, anti-Hispanic, anti-male homosexual (gay), anti-Jewish, etc.), type of crime (murder, aggravated assault, burglary, destruction/vandalism, etc.), the crime location (residence, street, synagogue, school, etc.), and the type of victim (individual or property).

When viewing prosecutorial data, the reader is advised that relating the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies to the number of hate crimes prosecuted by district attorneys and city attorneys is not possible. First, crimes often occur in different reporting years than their subsequent prosecutions. Second, the number of crimes reported by law enforcement is much higher than those calling for prosecutorial action, since the latter requires an arrested defendant who can be prosecuted in a court of law.

## APPENDIX 5 CRIMINAL JUSTICE GLOSSARY

**AGGRAVATED ASSAULT** - An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purposes of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm (FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting [UCR] definition).

**BIAS** - A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation and/or physical/mental disability.

**CASE** - A case is a set of facts about a crime that is referred to a district attorney for filing with a court. The case may charge one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses. For this report, the case must contain some element of bias.

**COMPLAINTS FILED** - Any verified written accusation, filed by a district attorney with a criminal court, that charges one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses. For this report, the case must contain some element of bias.

**CONVICTION** - A judgment based on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer or on a guilty plea or a nolo contendere plea of the defendant.

**DISPOSITION** - In criminal procedure, the sentencing or other final settlement of a criminal case.

**ETHNIC BIAS** - A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin that share common or similar traits in language, custom, and tradition, such as Arabs or Hispanics.

**EVENT** - An event is an occurrence where a hate crime is involved. (In this report, the information about the event is a crime report or source document that meets the criteria for a hate crime.) There may be one or more suspects involved, one or more victims targeted, and one or more offenses involved for each event.

**GUILTY PLEA** - A defendant's formal answer in open court stating that the charge is true and that he or she is guilty of the crime with which he or she is charged.

**KNOWN SUSPECT(S)** - A suspect can be any person alleged to have committed a criminal act(s) or attempted criminal act(s) to cause physical injury, emotional suffering, or property damage. The known suspect category contains the number of suspects that have been identified and/or alleged to have committed hate crimes as stated in the crime report. For example, witnesses observe three suspects fleeing the scene of a crime. The word "known" does not necessarily refer to specific identities.

**LOCATION** - The place where the hate crime event occurred. The location categories follow UCR location specifications developed by the FBI. Examples are residence, hotel, bar, church, etc.

**MULTI-RACIAL** - A hate crime that involves more than one victim or suspect, and where the victims or suspects are from two or more different race groups; e.g., African American and white or Hispanic and Asian.

**NOLO CONTENDERE** - A plea or answer in a criminal action in which the accused does not admit guilt but agrees to be subject to the same punishment as if he or she were guilty.

**OFFENSES** - Offenses that are recorded are as follows: murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/vandalism as defined in the national UCR and the national Hate Crimes Statistics Report.

**PHYSICAL/MENTAL DISABILITY BIAS** - A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on physical or mental impediments/challenges, whether such disabilities are congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age, or illness.

**PROPERTY CRIMES** - Burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, and destruction/vandalism are reported as property crimes.

**RACIAL BIAS** - A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons such as Asians, blacks, or whites, based on common physical characteristics.

**RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN "COMPLAINTS FILED" AND "CONVICTIONS"** - The annual prosecutorial report collects data on the total number of hate crime cases filed and the total number of hate crime convictions. There is no direct relationship between "complaints filed" and "convictions," since a case may be filed in one year and the outcome (trial or pleading) may occur in another.

**RELIGIOUS BIAS** - A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons that share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being, such as Catholics, Jews, Protestants, or Atheists.

**SEXUAL-ORIENTATION BIAS** - A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on sexual preferences and/or attractions toward and responsiveness to members of their own or opposite sexes.

**SIMPLE ASSAULT** - An unlawful attack by one person upon another, which does not involve the use of a firearm, knife, cutting instrument, or other dangerous weapon and in which there were not serious or aggravated injuries to the victim (FBI's UCR definition).

**TRIAL VERDICT** - The finding or answer of a jury or judge concerning a matter submitted to them for their judgment.

**VICTIM** - A victim may be an individual, a business or financial institution, a religious organization, government, or other. For example, if a church or synagogue is vandalized and/or desecrated, the victim would be a religious organization.

**VIOLENT CRIMES** - Murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, simple assault and intimidation are considered violent crimes in this report. (Robbery is included in crimes against property in the FBI Hate Crimes Statistics Report.)



## Share With Your Colleagues

We encourage you to reproduce this document, share it with your colleagues, and reprint it in your newsletter or journal. However, if you reprint, please cite DOJ/CJSC. We are also interested in how you received a copy of this publication, how you intend to use the information contained within, and how DOJ/CJSC materials meet your individual or agency needs. Please direct your comments or questions to:

California Department of Justice  
Criminal Justice Statistics Center  
Special Requests Unit  
P.O. Box 903427  
Sacramento, CA 94203-4270  
**Phone:** (916) 227-3509  
**Fax:** (916) 227-0427  
**E-mail:** [doj.cjsc@doj.ca.gov](mailto:doj.cjsc@doj.ca.gov)  
**Internet:** <https://oag.ca.gov/cjsc>

# CJSC PUBLICATIONS

## Annual Publications

Anti-Reproductive-Rights Crimes in California\*\*  
Concealable Firearms Charges in California\*\*  
Crime in California\*\*  
Crime in California, Advance Release\*\*  
Criminal Justice Profile - A Supplement to  
Crime in California (statewide and individual  
counties)\*\*  
Hate Crime in California\*\*  
Homicide in California\*\*  
Juvenile Justice in California\*\*  
Preliminary Report, Crime (January  
through June, January through September,  
and January through December)\*\*

## Foci and Forums

The California Experience in American  
Juvenile Justice: Some Historical  
Perspectives (December 1988)  
Controlling Plea Bargaining in California  
(September 1985)  
Coordinating Justice in California: "There  
ought to be a law about it" (December  
1988)  
Crime Control and the Criminal Career  
(December 1992)  
The Development of California Drunk  
Driving Legislation (December 1988)  
Employment and Crime (February 1989)  
The Impact of California's "Prior Felony  
Conviction" Law (September 1987)  
The Origins and Development of Penalties  
for Drunk Drivers in California (August  
1988)  
A Policy Role for Focus Groups:  
Community Corrections (September  
1991)  
The Prevalence and Incidence of Arrests  
Among Adult Males in California (August  
1988)  
The Social Structure of Street Drug  
Dealing (December 1988)

## Outlooks

Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions in  
California (1982-1984,1986-1989)  
Crime in Urban and Rural California  
(November 1984 and December 1997)\*\*  
Death in Custody, California (May 2005)\*\*

Felony Drug Arrests in California, 1985  
(December 1986)  
Juvenile Justice in California, 1983 (June  
1984)  
Motor Vehicle Theft in California  
(December 1987)  
Motor Vehicle Theft Recovery Data,  
1983-1989 (October 1990)  
Women in Crime: The Sentencing of  
Female Defendants (April 1988)

## Reports

Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions in  
California (April 1992)  
Crime in California and the United States,  
(1983, 1990, 2000)\*\*  
Effectiveness of Statutory Requirements  
for the Registration of Sex Offenders - A  
Report to the California State Legislature  
Executive Summary of the Final Report -  
Blue Ribbon Commission on Inmate  
Population Management (January 1990)  
The Juvenile Justice System in California:  
An Overview (April 1989)  
Parolees Returned to Prison and the  
California Prison Population (January  
1988)  
Target Hardening: A Literature Review  
(October 1989)

## Report Series

Report on Arrests for Burglary in California,  
1998\*\*  
Report on Arrests for Domestic Violence in  
California, 1998\*\*  
Report on Arrests for Driving Under the  
Influence in California, 1997\*\*  
Report on Drug Arrests in California, From  
1990 to 1999 (December 2000)\*\*  
Report on Juvenile Felony Arrests in  
California, 1998 (March 2000)\*\*  
Report on Violent Crimes Committed  
Against Senior Citizens in California,  
1998\*\*

## Research Series

Why Did the Crime Rate Decrease Through  
1999? (And Why Might it Decrease or  
Increase in 2000 and Beyond?)  
(December 2000)\*\*

Special Report to the Legislature on  
Senate Bill 780 (California Freedom of  
Access to Clinic and Church Entrances  
Act and Reproductive Rights Law  
Enforcement Act) (August 2003)  
Special Report to the Legislature on  
Senate Bill 1608 (Felons and others  
with firearms) (July 2002)  
Special Report to the Legislature on  
Senate Resolution 18 (Crimes Committed  
Against Homeless Persons) (October  
2002)\*\*

## Monograph Series

Conspicuous Depredation: Automobile  
Theft in Los Angeles, 1904 to 1987  
(March 1990)  
Controlling Felony Plea Bargaining in  
California: The Impact of the Victim's  
Bill of Rights (1986)  
Development of a White Collar Crime  
Index (December 1992)  
Incapacitation Strategies and the Career  
Criminal (December 1992)  
Measuring White Collar Crime in  
Depository Institutions (December 1993)  
Prosecutors' Response to Parental Child  
Stealing: A Statewide Study (April 1995)  
Race & Delinquency in Los Angeles  
Juvenile Court, 1950 (December 1990)  
Survey Report: "The Expansion of the  
Criminal Justice and Penal System in  
California - Is greater coordination  
required?" (December 1988)

## Miscellaneous

California Criminal Justice Time Line,  
1822-2000 (June 2001)\*\*  
Crime in California (April 2001)\*\*  
Gang Organization and Migration/Drugs,  
Gangs & Law Enforcement  
Proceedings of the Attorney General's  
Crime Conference 85 (September 1985)  
Proceedings of Symposium 87: White  
Collar/Institutional Crime - Its Measure-  
ment and Analysis

\*\*Available on the Internet.

For publications or assistance in obtaining statistical information or a customized statistical report, please contact:

California Department of Justice  
Bureau of Criminal Information and Analysis  
Criminal Justice Statistics Center  
Special Requests Unit  
P.O. Box 903427  
Sacramento, CA 94203-4270

**Phone:** (916) 227-3509 **Fax:** (916) 227-0427 **E-mail:** [doj.cjsc@doj.ca.gov](mailto:doj.cjsc@doj.ca.gov) **Internet:** <https://oag.ca.gov/cjsc>

Annual publications from 1999-2004 are also available on CD-ROM, including data tables in the Excel spreadsheet format.

California Department of Justice  
Division of California Justice Information Services  
Bureau of Criminal Information and Analysis  
**CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS CENTER**  
P. O. Box 903427  
Sacramento, CA 94203-4270

*Forwarding and Address  
Correction Requested*