# HOMICIDE





Edmund G. Brown Jr., Attorney General California Department of Justice

Division of California Justice

Division of California Justice Information Services

Bureau of Criminal Information and Analysis

CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS CENTER

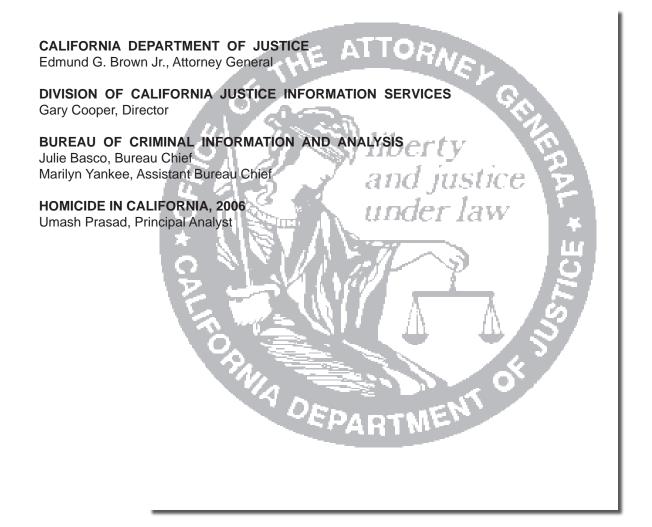
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California Department of Justice
Division of California Justice Information Services
Bureau of Criminal Information and Analysis
CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS CENTER

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#### The role of the Criminal Justice Statistics Center is to:

- ☐ Collect, analyze, and report statistical data which provide valid measures of crime and the criminal justice process.
- ☐ Examine these data on an ongoing basis to better describe crime and the criminal justice system.
- ☐ Promote the responsible presentation and use of crime statistics.

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### INTRODUCTION

Homicide in California, 2006 contains information about the crime of homicide and its victims, as well as demographic data on persons arrested for homicide. Information about the death penalty, the number of peace officers killed in the line of duty, and justifiable homicide is also included.

Information displayed in this publication is extracted from several databases maintained by the California Department of Justice (DOJ). The primary source of information is the Homicide File, which captures willful and justifiable homicide crime data. Other databases capture information about persons arrested for homicide, death penalty sentences, and peace officers killed in the line of duty. The reader should consider that the type of data collected, and the methods used to collect these data, differ for each data set. *Unless otherwise indicated, all calculations are based on the number of known incidents.* 

To provide the most valid data possible, the disposition section of this report has been removed. In 2001, Criminal Justice Statistics Center (CJSC) staff determined that a number of homicide arrests submitted to the DOJ's Automated Criminal History System (from which adult felony arrest disposition data are extracted) between 1997 and 2001 should have been submitted as arrests for attempted homicide. In addition, some correctly submitted attempted homicide arrests were programmatically treated as homicide arrests. As a result, more homicide arrests were counted during these years than occurred. This caused a lower percentage

of homicide convictions and a higher percentage of assault convictions. (Both percentages were based on the number of adult felony arrests for homicide for which dispositions were received.) Based on CJSC staff findings, the reader is advised against using previously published disposition data from 1997 to 1999. It should be noted that the DOJ has addressed this issue and that the exclusion of disposition data does not affect crime, arrest, death penalty, nor other data included in this or past reports. When homicide disposition data are once again determined to be accurate, they will be included in this publication.

Since 2004, the population estimates used to calculate rates were based on revisions of the 2000 census. Prior to 2003, these population estimates were based on revisions of the 1990 census. Readers are advised to exercise care in interpreting changes in percent and rates between decennial census samples, as these census samples are statistically independent and measure two different populations at two different points in time. In addition, the "Other" population category now includes the new race/ethnic group of "Multi-racial." The extent to which this new race/ethnic group affects other population estimates is unknown at this time.

CJSC publications, available in either printed or electronic format (via the Attorney General's website), are listed on the inside of the back cover. Customized statistical reports or additional statistical information may be requested by contacting the CJSC at the numbers or addresses provided.

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

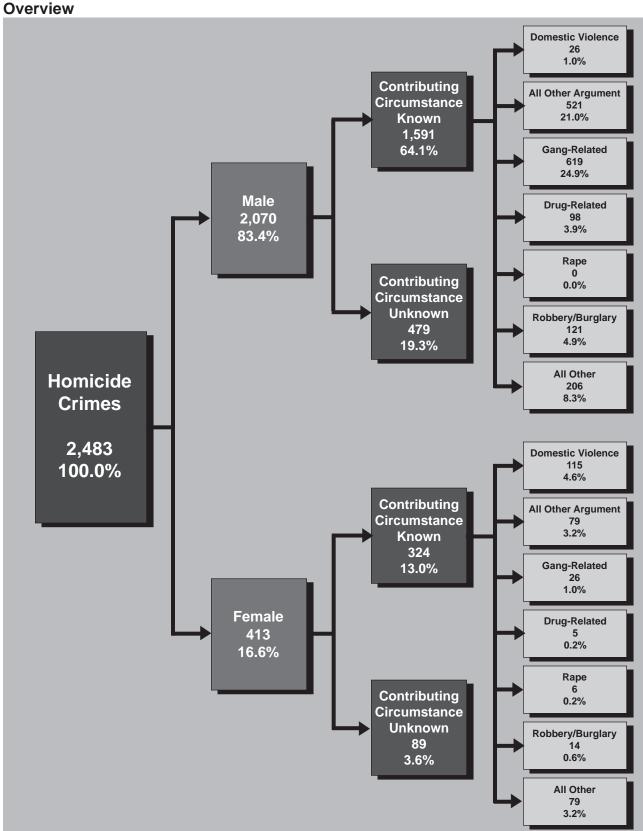
#### **HOMICIDE CRIMES** (see pages 2–23)

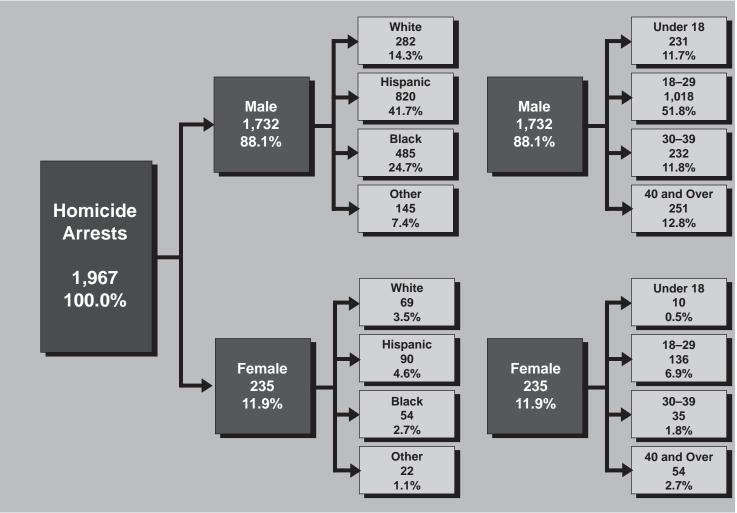
☐ From 1997 to 2006, the overwhelming majority of homicide arrestees and victims were male.

(Source: Tables 5 and 30.)

	From 1997 to 2006, the homicide crime rate decreased 15.4 percent (7.8 to 6.6). From 2005 to 2006, homicide crimes decreased 2.9 percent in rate per 100,000 population (6.8 to 6.6). (Source: Table 1.)	<ul> <li>From 1997 to 2006, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees and victims were Hispanic. (Source: Tables 6 and 31.)</li> <li>From 1997 to 2006, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees and victims were aged</li> </ul>	
	A greater percentage of white victims were female than were Hispanic or black victims. White victims tended to be older, Hispanic and black victims, younger. (Source: Tables 8 and 9.)	18–29. (Source: Tables 7 and 32.)  DEATH PENALTY SENTENCES	
	In 2006, where the victim-offender relationship	(see pages 32–33)	
	was known, 43.2 percent of the victims were killed by friends or acquaintances. (Source: Table 12.)	By the end of 2006, there were 665 persons under sentence of death in California. Of these,	
	Of the 35 counties for which 2006 homicide rates were calculated, Tulare County experienced the highest rate per 100,000 population (11.5); Marin County experienced the lowest (1.2). (Source: Table 14.)	17 were sentenced in 2006. (Source: Table 35.)  PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY (see pages 36–37)	
	In 2006, the highest average daily number of homicides occurred on weekends. (Source: Table 16.)	☐ Between 1997 and 2006, there were 50 peace officers feloniously killed in the line of duty. Five were killed in 2006. (Source: Table 37.)	
	In 2006, where the contributing circumstance was known, 38.7 percent of homicides were the result of an argument. (Source: Table 24.)	Between 1997 and 2006, the homicide rate for peace officers killed in the line of duty varied from 2.9 to 10.7 per 100,000 sworn law enforcement personnel. (Source: Table 37.)	
ном	ICIDE ARRESTS (see pages 26–29)		
0	From 1997 to 2006, the homicide arrest rate decreased 22.1 percent (8.6 to 6.7). From 2005 to 2006, homicide arrests decreased 1.5 percent in rate per 100,000 population at risk (6.8 to 6.7). (Source: Table 29.)	JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES (see pages 40–43)  ☐ In 2006, justifiable homicides by peace officers were most often the result of a felon attacking a peace officer (91.1 percent). (Source: Table 41.)	

Figure 1
HOMICIDE IN CALIFORNIA, 2006





Source: Tables 25 and 34.

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Contributing circumstance percent calculations in this figure are based on the total number of victims, rather than on the number of known circumstances. Therefore, percentages displayed here will not match percentages displayed elsewhere in this report.

#### **CRIMES**

The homicide category comprises murder and nonnegligent manslaughter. Attempted murder, justifiable homicide, manslaughter by negligence, and suicide are excluded.

#### CONTRIBUTING CIRCUMSTANCE

Contributing circumstance, when known, is reported by law enforcement agencies on the supplemental homicide report. In 2006, there were 568 homicides in which the contributing circumstance was unknown. Of this number, 479 involved male victims and 89 involved female victims.

#### **ARRESTS**

All California law enforcement agencies report arrest information to the DOJ on the *Monthly Arrest and Citation Register*. Data submitted includes age, gender, and race/ethnic group; and specifies the most serious arrest offense and law enforcement disposition.

# HOMICIDE CRIMES

#### **HOMICIDE CRIMES**

Homicide is defined by the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program as the "willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another." The homicide category comprises murder and nonnegligent manslaughter. Attempted murder, justifiable homicide, manslaughter by negligence, and suicide are excluded. Data depicting homicide in California have been collected and published for 55 years.

#### From 2005 to 2006:

- ☐ The homicide rate per 100,000 population decreased 2.9 percent (6.8 to 6.6).
- ☐ The number of homicides decreased 0.8 percent (from 2,503 to 2,483).

#### Comparing 1997 to 2006:

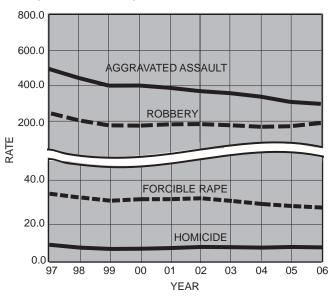
- ☐ The homicide rate per 100,000 population decreased 15.4 percent (7.8 to 6.6).
- ☐ The number of homicides decreased 3.7 percent (from 2,579 to 2,483).

In 2006, the number of homicides decreased 0.8 percent, while the rate per 100,000 decreased 2.9 percent.

Table N-1 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1952-2006 Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population					
Year(s)	Number	Rate			
2006	2,483	6.6			
2005	2,503	6.8			
2004	2,394	6.5			
2003	2,402	6.7			
2002	2,392	6.8			
2001	2,201	6.3			
2000	2,074	6.0			
1999	2,006	5.9			
1998	2,170	6.5			
1997	2,579	7.8			
1996	2,910	9.0			
1995	3,530	11.0			
1994	3,699	11.5			
1993	4,095	12.9			
1992	3,920	12.5			
1991	3,876	12.6			
1990	3,562	12.1			
1989	3,159	11.0			
1988	2,947	10.5			
1987	2,929	10.7			
1986	3,030	11.3			
1985	2,781	10.7			
1984	2,724	10.6			
1983	2,640	10.5			
1982	2,778	11.3			
1981	3,140	13.1			
1980	3,405	14.4			
1979	2,941	12.6			
1978	2,601	11.4			
1977	2,481	11.1			
1976	2,214	10.1			
1975	2,196	10.2			
1974	1,970	9.3			
1973	1,862	8.9			
1972	1,789	8.7			
1971	1,633	8.0			
1970	1,355	6.8			
1969	1,376	6.9			
1968	1,171	6.0			
1967	1,051	5.4			
1966	897	4.7			
1965	892	4.8			
1964	758	4.2			
1963	656	3.7			
1962	671	3.9			
1961	609	3.7			
1960	620	3.9			
1959	515	3.4			
1958	547	3.7			
1957	497	3.5			
1956	474	3.5			
1955	417	3.2			
1954	419	3.3			
1953	276	2.3			
1952	279	2.4			

Figure 2 VIOLENT CRIMES, 1997–2006 Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

There are four offenses classified as violent crimes by the FBI: homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. For comparison, changes in the rates of the four offenses follow:

#### From 2005 to 2006:

- Homicide decreased 2.9 percent (6.8 to 6.6).
- Forcible rape decreased 2.8 percent (25.3 to 24.6).
- Robbery increased 10.6 percent (171.4 to 189.5).
- Aggravated assault decreased 3.6 percent (308.9 to 297.7).

#### Comparing 1997 to 2006:

- ☐ Homicide decreased 15.4 percent (7.8 to 6.6).
- Forcible rape decreased 20.4 percent (30.9 to 24.6).
- Robbery decreased 23.3 percent (247.0 to 189.5).
- Aggravated assault decreased 39.9 percent (495.3 to 297.7).

Figures 3, 4, and 5 display homicide rates per 100,000 population for victims classified by gender, race/ethnic group, and age.

#### In 2006,

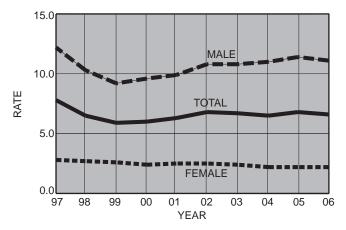
- ☐ The total homicide rate was 6.6 per 100,000 population.
- ☐ The male homicide rate was over 5.0 times that of the female homicide rate (11.1 vs. 2.2).
- ☐ The black homicide rate was almost 11 times that of whites and over 3 times that of Hispanics (29.5 vs. 2.7 and 8.3, respectively).

Comparing 1997 to 2006:

- ☐ The male homicide rate decreased 9.0 percent and the female homicide rate decreased 21.4 percent.
- ☐ The white homicide rate decreased 12.9 percent, the Hispanic homicide rate decreased 25.2 percent, and the black homicide rate was the same.

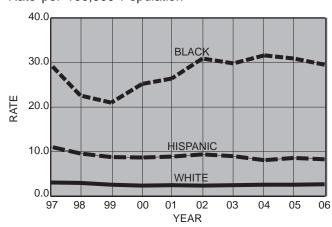
Between 1997 and 2006, homicide rates declined considerably for both males and females (down 9.0 and 21.4 percent, respectively). The homicide rate for blacks declined for the second year in a row after being on a general increase since 2000.

Figure 3 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006 By Gender of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



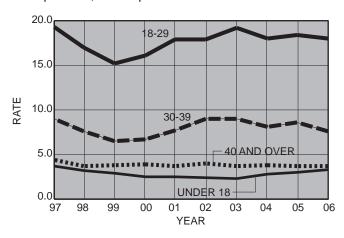
Source: Table 2.

Figure 4 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006 By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 3.

Figure 5 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997–2006 By Age of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 4.

#### In 2006,

Persons aged 18–29 had the highest homicide victimization rate (18.0 per 100,000 population).

#### Comparing 1997 to 2006, the homicide rate:

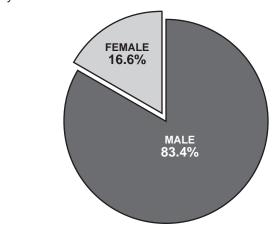
- Decreased 10.8 percent for victims under age 18.
- Decreased 6.7 percent for victims aged 18–29.
- Decreased 15.6 percent for victims aged 30–39.
- Decreased 15.9 percent for victims aged 40 and over.

The homicide rate for victims aged 18–29 has consistently been the highest of any age group.

In 2006,

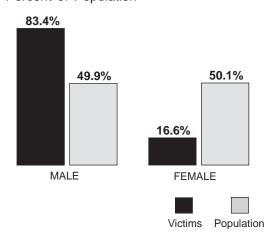
- Males represented 83.4 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 49.9 percent of the population.
- Females represented 16.6 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 50.1 percent of the population.

Figure 6 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 By Gender of Victim



Source: Table 5.

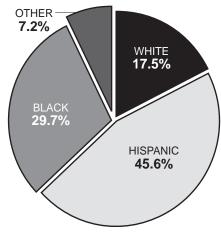
Figure 7 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Gender of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population



Source: Tables 2 and 5.

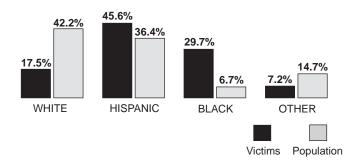
The ratio of male to female homicide victimization has been approximately 4:1. This ratio represents a consistent historical trend (see Tables 2 and 5).

Figure 8
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006
By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim



Source: Table 6.

Figure 9 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population



Source: Tables 3 and 6.

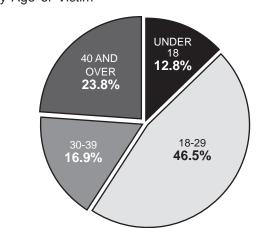
In 2006, where the victim's race was known:

- Whites represented 17.5 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 42.2 percent of the population.
- ☐ Hispanics represented 45.6 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 36.4 percent of the population.
- ☐ Blacks represented 29.7 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 6.7 percent of the population.
- ☐ The "other" race/ethnic group category represented 7.2 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 14.7 percent of the population.

**In 2006**, where the victim's age was known:

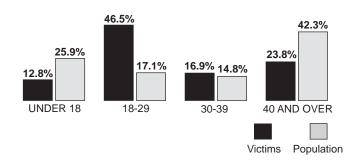
- 12.8 percent of the homicide victims were under age 18; this age group comprised 25.9 percent of the population.
- ☐ 46.5 percent of the homicide victims were aged 18-29; this age group comprised 17.1 percent of the population.
- ☐ 16.9 percent of the homicide victims were aged 30-39; this age group comprised 14.8 percent of the population.
- 23.8 percent of the homicide victims were aged 40 and over; this age group comprised 42.3 percent of the popula-

Figure 10 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 By Age of Victim



Source: Table 7.

Figure 11 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Age of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population

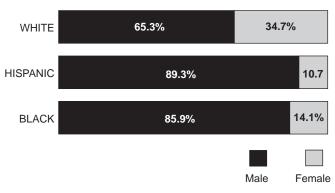


Source: Tables 4 and 7.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

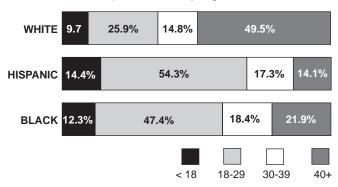
Where the age of the victim was known, victims aged 18-29 have accounted for over 40 percent of the homicides (see Table 7).

Figure 12 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender of Victim



Source: Table 8.

Figure 13 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Age of Victim



Source: Table 9.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

#### In 2006,

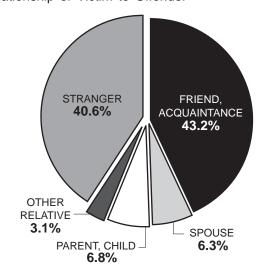
- ☐ A greater percentage of white victims were female than were either Hispanic or black victims (34.7 vs. 10.7 and 14.1 percent, respectively).
- ☐ A greater percentage of Hispanic and black victims were aged 18–29 than were white victims (54.3 and 47.4 vs. 25.9 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of white victims were aged 40 and over than were either Hispanic or black victims (49.5 vs. 14.1 and 21.9 percent, respectively).

In 2006, females constituted a higher percentage of white victims than of Hispanic or black victims. White victims tended to be older, while Hispanic and black victims tended to be younger.

In 2006, when homicides were examined by the relationship of the victim to the offender, it was found that:

- ☐ 43.2 percent of victims were friends or acquaintances of offenders.
- ☐ 6.3 percent of victims were spouses of offenders.
- ☐ 6.8 percent of victims were parents or children of offenders.
- ☐ 3.1 percent of the relationships of victim to offender fell into the "other relative" category.
- ☐ 40.6 percent of victims were strangers to offenders.

Figure 14 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 By Relationship of Victim to Offender



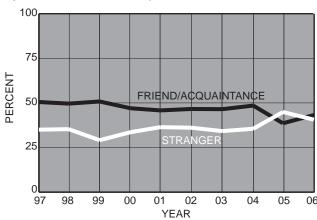
Source: Table 11.

#### Comparing 1997 to 2006:

- ☐ The proportion of homicides in which victims were friends or acquaintances of offenders decreased from 50.5 percent to 43.2 percent.
- ☐ The proportion of homicides in which victims were strangers to offenders increased from 35.0 percent to 40.6 percent.

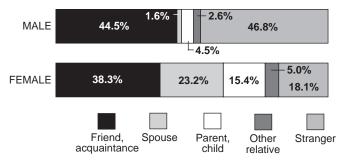
In 2006, where the victim/offender relationship was known, 43.2 percent of the victims were killed by a friend or acquaintance.

Figure 15 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006 By Selected Relationships of Victims to Offenders



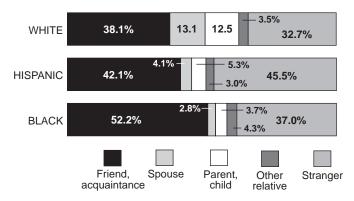
Source: Table 11.

Figure 16 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Gender of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 12.

Figure 17 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 12.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

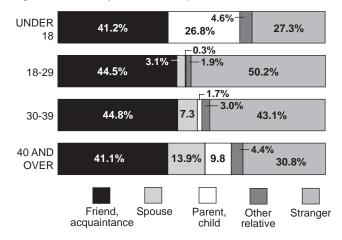
#### In 2006,

- ☐ A greater percentage of female victims were spouses of offenders (23.2 percent) than were male victims (1.6 percent).
- ☐ A greater percentage of Hispanic and black victims were strangers to offenders than were white victims (45.5 and 37.0 vs. 32.7 percent, respectively).

#### In 2006,

- ☐ Victims under 18, 30–39, and 40 and over were most likely friends or acquaintances of the offenders (41.2, 44.8, and 41.1 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of victims aged 40 and over were spouses of the offenders (13.9 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

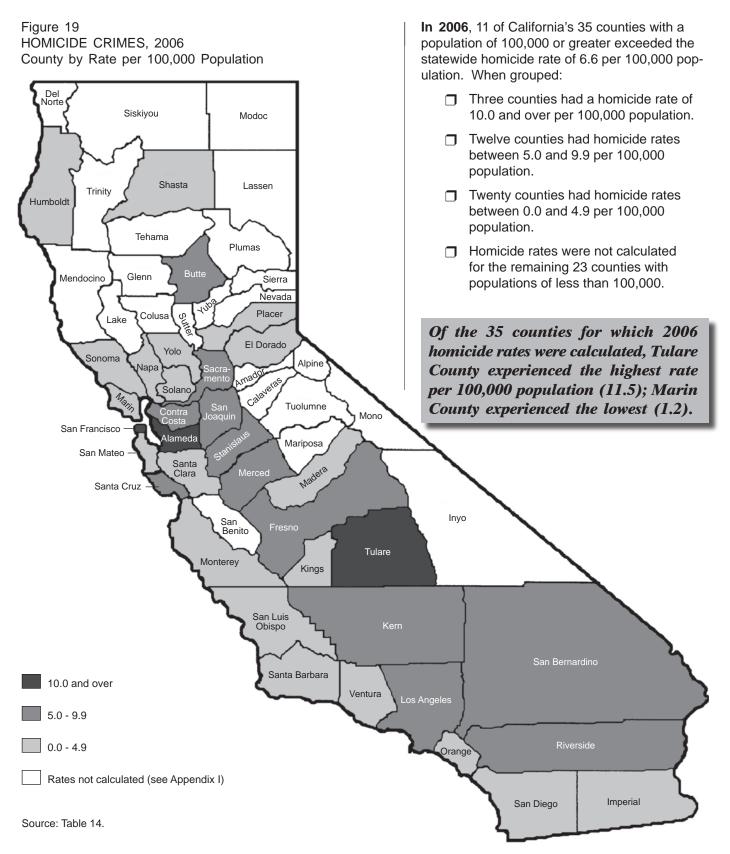
Figure 18 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Age of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 13.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

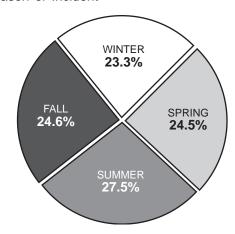
In 2006, 26.8 percent of homicide victims under age 18 were children of the offenders. Over 50 percent of homicide victims aged 18-29 were strangers to the offenders.



In 2006, when homicides were examined by season of incident, it was found that:

☐ The incidents leading to death occurred more often in the summer than in any other season (27.5 percent).

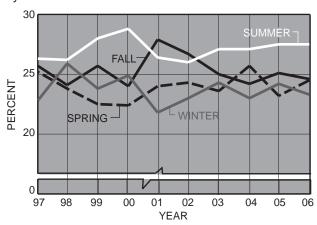
Figure 20 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 By Season of Incident



Source: Table 15.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

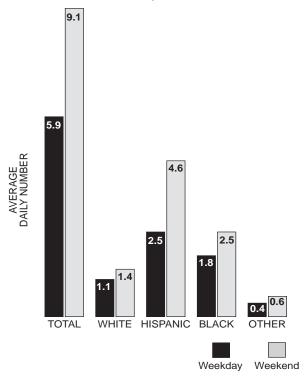
Figure 21 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006 By Season of Incident



Source: Table 15.

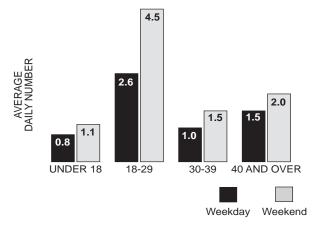
From 1997 to 2006, the average number of homicides committed during the summer exceeded the average number committed during any other season (see Table 15).

Figure 22 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Average Daily Number of Incidents on Weekdays and Weekends



Source: Table 16.

Figure 23 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Age of Victim by Average Daily Number of Incidents on Weekdays and Weekends



Source: Table 17.

**In 2006**, when homicides were examined by day of incident, it was found that:

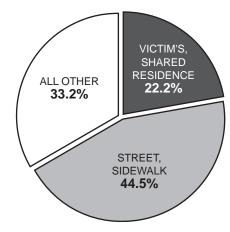
- An average of 5.9 homicide victims were killed each weekday and 9.1 homicide victims were killed each weekend day.
- ☐ Hispanic victims had the highest average daily number of incidents on both weekdays and weekends (2.5 and 4.6, respectively) of any race/ethnic group shown.
- □ Victims aged 18–29 had the highest average daily number of incidents on both weekdays and weekends (2.6 and 4.5, respectively) of any age group shown.

Regardless of race/ethnic group or age, the highest average number of homicides occurred on weekends.

In 2006, when homicides were examined by location of incident, it was found that:

- ☐ 22.2 percent of victims were killed at their places of residence.
- ☐ 44.5 percent of homicides occurred on streets or sidewalks.
- ☐ 33.2 percent of homicides occurred in "all other" locations.
- The greatest percentage of males (49.1 percent) were killed on streets or sidewalks.
- The majority of females (51.2 percent) were killed at their places of residence.

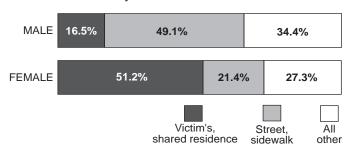
Figure 24 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 By Location of Homicide



Source: Table 19.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 25 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Gender of Victim by Location of Homicide



Source: Table 19.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Females were more likely than males to be killed in their residence, while males were more likely to be killed on streets or sidewalks.

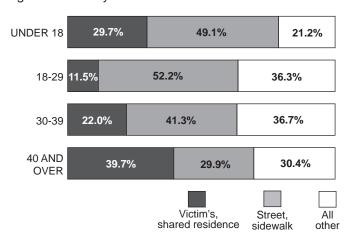
Figure 26 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Location of Homicide



Source: Table 19.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 27 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Age of Victim by Location of Homicide



Source: Table 20.

#### In 2006,

- ☐ A greater percentage of whites than Hispanics or blacks were killed at their places of residence (45.0 vs. 17.1 and 16.0 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of Hispanics and blacks were killed on streets or sidewalks than were whites (49.3 and 52.5 vs. 24.3 percent, respectively).
- ☐ A greater percentage of victims aged 18–29 were killed on streets or sidewalks (52.2 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.
- ☐ A greater percentage of victims aged 40 and over were killed at their places of residence (39.7 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

Victims aged 40 and over were killed most often in their residences, while victims in all other age groups were mostly killed on streets or sidewalks.

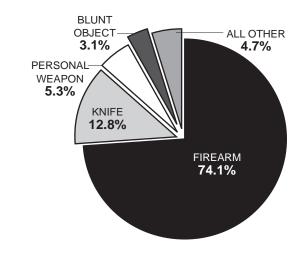
In 2006, when homicides were examined by type of weapon used, it was found that:

- ☐ 74.1 percent resulted from the use of firearms.
  - ➤ 65.9 percent resulted from the use of handguns.
  - > 8.2 percent resulted from the use of all other types of firearms.
- 12.8 percent resulted from the use of knives.
- ☐ 5.3 percent resulted from the use of personal weapons (hands, feet, etc.).
- ☐ 3.1 percent resulted from the use of blunt objects (clubs, etc.).
- ☐ 4.7 percent resulted from the use of weapons grouped in the "all other" category.

#### Comparing 1997 to 2006:

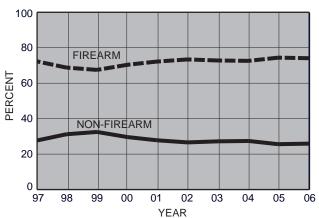
- The proportion of homicides that resulted from the use of firearms increased slightly (from 72.3 percent to 74.1 percent).
- The proportion of homicides that resulted from the use of non-firearms decreased (from 27.7 percent to 25.9 percent).

Figure 28 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 By Type of Weapon Used



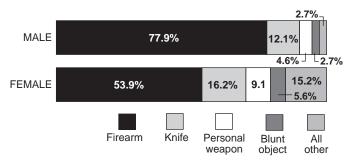
Source: Table 21.

Figure 29 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006 By Selected Types of Weapons Used



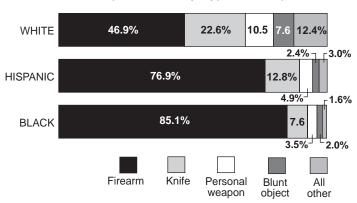
Source: Table 21.

Figure 30 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Gender of Victim by Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 22.

Figure 31 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 22.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

#### In 2006,

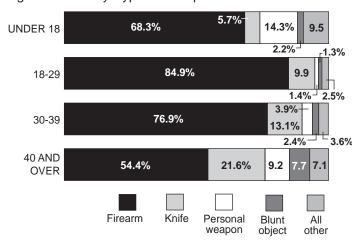
- ☐ A greater percentage of males (77.9 percent) were killed with firearms than were females (53.9 percent).
- ☐ A greater percentage of females (46.1 percent) were killed with non-firearms than were males (22.1 percent).
- ☐ A greater percentage of Hispanics and blacks were killed with firearms than were whites (76.9 and 85.1 vs. 46.9 percent, respectively).

In 2006, for victims of the race/ ethnic groups shown, a higher percentage were killed by a firearm than by any other type of weapon.

#### In 2006,

☐ A greater percentage of victims aged 18-29 were killed with firearms (84.9 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

Figure 32 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Age of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

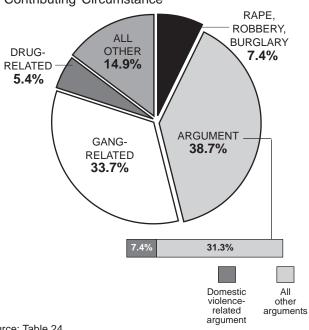


Source: Table 23.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

In 2006, over half of the homicide victims in each category were killed with a firearm.

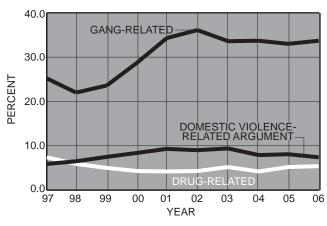
Figure 33 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 24.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 34 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006 By Selected Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 24.

In 2006, when homicides were examined by contributing circumstance, it was found that:

- 7.4 percent occurred as a result of a rape, robbery, or burglary.
- ☐ 38.7 percent occurred as a result of an argument.
  - > 7.4 percent occurred as a result of a domestic violence-related argument.
  - > 31.3 percent occurred as a result of all other types of arguments.
- 33.7 percent were gang-related.
- 5.4 percent were drug-related.
- 14.9 percent occurred as a result of "all other" contributing circumstances.

#### Comparing 1997 to 2006:

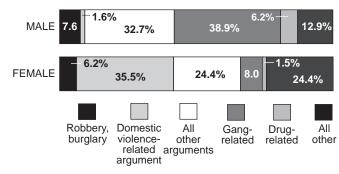
- The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was a domestic violence-related argument increased from 5.9 percent to 7.4 percent.
- The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was gang-related increased from 25.2 percent to 33.7 percent.
- The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was drug-related decreased from 7.4 percent to 5.4 percent.

From 1997 to 2006, the number of gang-related homicides increased by 18.6 percent.

#### In 2006,

- Males (38.9 percent) were victims of gang-related homicides more than any other contributing circumstance.
- Females (35.5 percent) were victims of domestic violence-related homicides more than any other contributing circumstance.

Figure 35 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Gender of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



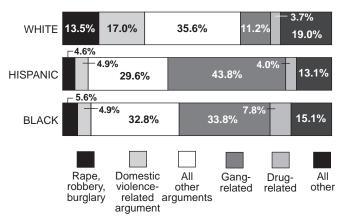
Source: Table 25.

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding. Figures 33, 36, and 37 include rape with robbery and burglary. However, for a more relevant comparison between male and female victims, rape is included in the "all other" category in Figure 35. In 2006, 1.9 percent of homicide crimes involving females were rape-related.

#### In 2006.

The proportion of gang-related homicides was much greater for Hispanics and blacks than for whites (43.8, 33.8, and 11.2 percent, respectively).

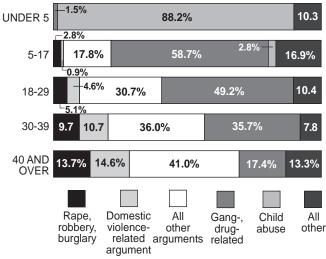
Figure 36 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 25.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

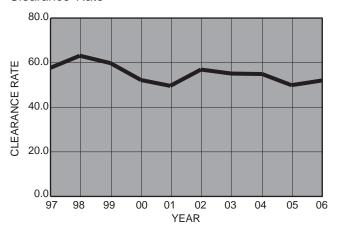
Figure 37 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006 Age of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 26.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 38 HOMICIDE CRIMES CLEARED, 1997–2006 Clearance Rate



Source: Table 28.

Note: A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes (homicides) reported that have been cleared. It is calculated by dividing the number of homicides cleared by the number of homicides reported. The result is multiplied by 100. Please see "Appendix II – Criminal Justice Glossary" for a detailed explanation of clearances.

In 2006, where the contributing circumstance was known:

- ☐ The majority of homicide victims under age 5 were killed as a result of child abuse (88.2 percent).
- ☐ The greatest percentage of homicide victims aged 5–17 and aged 18–29 were killed as a result of gang-related or drug-related activities (58.7 and 49.2 percent, respectively).
- ☐ The greatest percentage of homicide victims aged 30–39 and aged 40 and over were killed as a result of argument-related conflicts (46.7 and 55.6 percent, respectively).

#### From 1997 to 2006:

- ☐ Homicide clearance rates fell from 57.7 to 52.0.
- ☐ Clearance rates ranged from a high of 63.1 in 1998 to a low of 49.6 in 2001.

The proportion of persons over five killed as the result of gangand drug-related circumstances decreased with age. Conversely, the proportion killed as the result of an argument increased with age.

# HOMICIDE ARRESTS

#### HOMICIDE ARRESTS

Unlike crimes, which are classified by nationwide Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) standards, arrests are reported by the statutory definition of the offense.1 This may cause some differences in the definitions of certain crimes and the reporting of the arrests for those crimes. For instance, the California definition of a homicide arrest includes murder and nonvehicular manslaughter. The federal definition of a homicide crime includes murder and *nonnegligent* (nonaccidental) manslaughter.

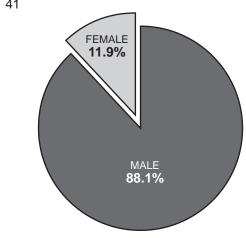
All California law enforcement agencies report arrest and citation information to the DOJ on the "Monthly Arrest and Citation Register." This register lists each arrestee; includes information about age, gender, and race/ethnic group; and specifies the "most serious" arrest offense and law enforcement disposition.

In 2006, of the 1,967 arrests for homicide:

- ☐ 88.1 percent (1,732) of arrestees were male.
- ☐ 11.9 percent (235) of arrestees were female.

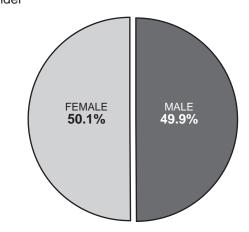
In 2006, nearly 9 out of 10 homicide arrestees were male (88.1 percent).

Figure 39 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2006 By Gender of Arrestee Figure 41



Source: Table 30.

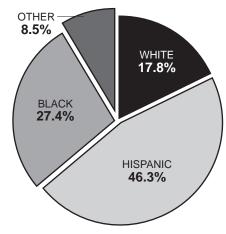
Figure 40 POPULATION IN CALIFORNIA, 2006 By Gender



Source: Table 2.

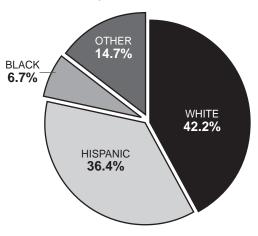
The following penal codes for homicide arrest offenses were valid at the time of the closeout of the 2006 arrest offense code file: 128, 187(a), 189, 192(a), 192(b), 193(a), 193(b), 273ab, 399, and 12310(a).

Figure 41 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2006 By Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee



Source: Table 31.

Figure 42
POPULATION IN CALIFORNIA, 2006
By Race/Ethnic Group



Source: Table 3.

Note: Beginning in 2004, the "other" category includes the race/ethnic group of "Multi-racial."

In 2006, of 1,967 arrests for homicide:

- ☐ 17.8 percent (351) of arrestees were white.
- ☐ 46.3 percent (910) of arrestees were Hispanic.
- 27.4 percent (539) of arrestees were black.
- 8.5 percent (167) of arrestees fell into the "other" race/ethnic group category.

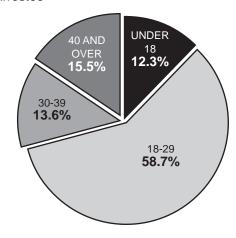
Note: The subjectivity of the classification and labeling process must be considered in the analysis of race/ethnic group data. As commonly used, race refers to large populations which share certain similar physical characteristics such as skin color. Because these physical characteristics can vary greatly within groups as well as between groups, determination of race is frequently, by necessity, subjective. Ethnicity refers to cultural heritage and can cross racial lines. For example, the ethnic designation "Hispanic" can include persons of any race. Most commonly, self-identification of race/ethnicity is used in the classification and labeling process.

In 2006, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees were Hispanic (46.3 percent).

In 2006, of 1,967 arrests for homicide:

- ☐ 12.3 percent (241) of arrestees were under age 18.
- ☐ 58.7 percent (1,154) of arrestees were aged 18-29.
- ☐ 13.6 percent (267) of arrestees were aged 30-39.
- ☐ 15.5 percent (305) of arrestees were aged 40 and over.

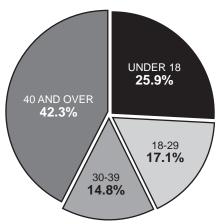
Figure 43 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2006 By Age of Arrestee



Source: Table 32.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 44 POPULATION IN CALIFORNIA, 2006 By Age

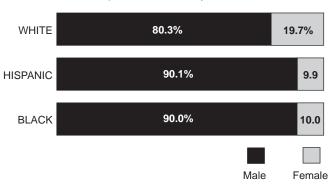


Source: Table 4.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

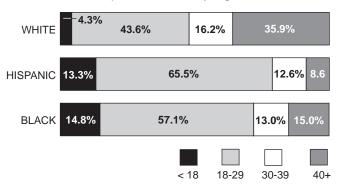
The majority of homicide arrestees continue to be in the 18-29 age group (58.7 percent).

Figure 45 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender of Arrestee



Source: Table 33.

Figure 46 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Age of Arrestee



Source: Table 33.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

#### In 2006,

- Homicide arrestees for all three race/ethnic groups shown were predominately male.
- ☐ A greater percentage of white arrestees were female than were Hispanic or black arrestees (19.7 vs. 9.9 and 10.0 percent, respectively).

#### In 2006.

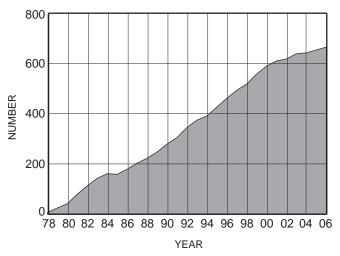
- ☐ A greater percentage of white arrestees were aged 40 and over than were Hispanic or black arrestees in the same age group (35.9 vs. 8.6 and 15.0 percent, respectively).
- ☐ The largest percentage of Hispanic and black arrestees fell into the "18–29" age category (65.5 and 57.1 percent, respectively).

### DEATH PENALTY SENTENCES

### **DEATH PENALTY SENTENCES**

This section contains information about persons sentenced to death in California in 2006. Death penalty data were extracted from the 2006 Offender-Based Transaction Statistics system. For detailed information regarding the death penalty and the criteria by which a person can be sentenced to death, refer to California Penal Code sections 190 through 190.9.

Figure 47
PERSONS UNDER CALIFORNIA
SENTENCE OF DEATH, 1978–2006



Source: Table 35.

**During 2006**, there were 17 persons convicted of first-degree murder and sentenced to death. These were initial death sentences only and do not include persons who were resentenced to death after their death sentences were reversed on appeal. By the end of 2006, there were 665 persons under sentence of death in California.

In 2006, of the 17 persons newly sentenced to death:

- ☐ 16 were male and 1 was female.
- ☐ Seven were white; five were Hispanic; four were black; and one was in the "other" race category.
- ☐ The average age at arrest was 32.
- ☐ San Bernardino County sentenced the largest number with four.

Additional information can be found in Tables 35 and 36.

# PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY

### PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY

Information about peace officers killed in the line of duty was obtained from the Homicide File. Only sworn officers feloniously killed in the line of duty are included. (Sworn officers accidentally killed in the line of duty and non-sworn officers, such as security guards, are excluded.)

In 2006, five peace officers were killed in the line of duty.

- Four peace officers were killed by the offenders' handgun.
- One peace officer was killed by the offender's

Table N-2 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2006 By Type of Weapon Used

Type of weapon used	Total	Offender's	Officer's
Total	5	5	0
Handgun Rifle	4 1	4 1	0 0
<u> </u>	4 1	4 1	0 0

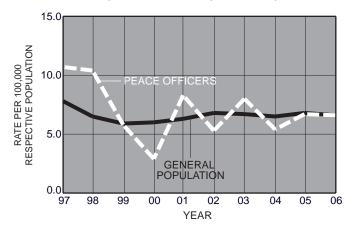
### From 1997 to 2006:

☐ There were 50 peace officers killed in the line of duty. During this time period, the largest number of deaths occurred in 1997 and 1998, and the fewest number of deaths occurred in 2000.

Table N-3 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1997-2006

Year(s)	Number of officers killed
Total	50
2006	5 5 4 6 4 6 2 4 7
1997	7

Figure 48 HOMICIDE CRIMES AND PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1997-2006 Homicide Rate per 100,000 Respective Population



Source: Table 37.

Table N-4 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2006 Race/Ethnic Group of Officer by Gender of Officer

Dooglothmia		Ge	nder
Race/ethnic group	Total	Male	Female
Total	5	5	0
White	4	4	0
Hispanic	1	1	

### In 2006.

☐ The homicide rate for the general population and for peace officers killed in the line of duty was the same (6.6 per 100,000 population).

### Comparing 1997 to 2006:

☐ The general population homicide rate decreased 15.4 percent (7.8 to 6.6). The homicide rate for peace officers killed in the line of duty decreased 38.3 percent (10.7 to 6.6).

Additional information can be found in Tables 37 and 38.

### In 2006.

☐ All five peace officers killed in the line of duty were male; four were white, one was Hispanic.

### JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE

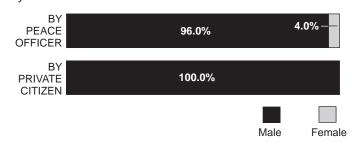
### JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES

A justifiable homicide is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program as the killing of a felon by a private citizen or peace officer during the commission of a felony. Justifiable homicides are sometimes referred to as excusable or noncriminal homicides.

In 2006, when justifiable homicides were examined by gender, it was found that:

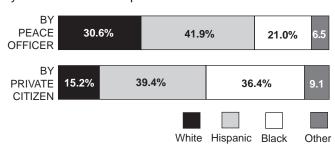
- 96.0 percent of felons (119) killed by peace officers were male; 4.0 percent were female (5).
- 100.0 percent of felons (33) killed by private citizens were male.

Figure 49 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006 By Gender of Deceased



Source: Table 39.

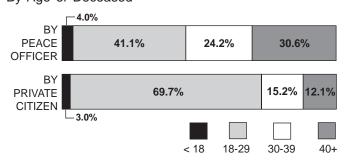
Figure 50 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006 By Race/Ethnic Group of Deceased



Source: Table 39.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 51 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006 By Age of Deceased



Source: Table 39.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

### In 2006,

- ☐ 30.6 percent (38) of felons killed by peace officers were white, 41.9 percent (52) were Hispanic, 21.0 percent (26) were black, and 6.5 percent (8) were in the "other" race/ ethnic group category.
- ☐ 15.2 percent (5) of felons killed by private citizens were white, 39.4 percent (13) were Hispanic, 36.4 percent (12) were black, and 9.1 percent (3) were in the "other" race/ ethnic group category.
- 4.0 percent (5) of felons killed by peace officers were under age 18, 41.1 percent (51) were aged 18-29, 24.2 percent (30) were aged 30-39, and 30.6 percent (38) were aged 40 and over.
- ☐ 3.0 percent (1) of felons killed by private citizens were under age 18, 69.7 percent (23) of felons killed by private citizens were aged 18-29, 15.2 percent (5) were aged 30-39, and 12.1 percent (4) were aged 40 and over.

In 2006, when justifiable homicides were examined by location, it was found that:

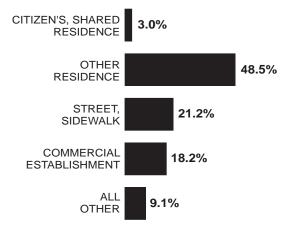
- Most felons killed by peace officers were killed on a street or sidewalk (57.3 percent).
- The largest percentage of felons killed by private citizens fell into the "other residence" category (48.5 percent).

Figure 52 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS, 2006 By Location of Justifiable Homicide



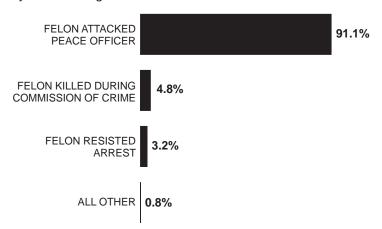
Source: Table 40.

Figure 53 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006 By Location of Justifiable Homicide



Source: Table 40.

Figure 54 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS, 2006 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 41.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 55 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 41.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

In 2006, when justifiable homicides were examined by contributing circumstance, it was found that:

- Most felons killed by peace officers were killed while attacking a peace officer (91.1 percent).
- Most felons killed by private citizens were killed while committing a crime (63.6 percent).

## DATA TABLES

Table 1
VIOLENT CRIMES, 1997-2006
Number, Rate per 100,000 Population, and Percent Change

Year(s)         Total         Homicide rape         Forcible rape         Robbery Robbery vated assault vated assault           2006		<u> </u>				
194,128	Year(s)	Total		l	Robbery	vated
194,128			Numbe	r		•
2000	2005 2004 2003	189,593 197,432 204,591	2,483 2,503 2,394 2,402	9,213 9,345 9,598 9,918	63,424 61,573 63,597	114,321 123,867 128,674
2005-2006         2.4         -0.8         -1.4         11.9         -2.5           2004-2005         -4.0         4.6         -2.6         3.0         -7.7           2003-2004         -3.5         -0.3         -3.2         -3.2         -3.7           2002-2003         -1.6         0.4         -2.5         -1.9         -1.5           2001-2002         -1.2         8.7         3.0         2.4         -3.3           2000-2001         0.0         6.1         1.0         5.1         -2.4           1999-2000         1.3         3.4         3.6         0.4         1.5           1998-1999         -9.5         -7.6         -3.4         -12.7         -8.5           1997-1998         -10.7         -15.9         -4.0         -15.6         -8.7           1997-2006         -24.6         -3.7         -9.5         -12.8         -31.7           Rate per 100,000 population¹         2006         518.4         6.6         24.6         189.5         297.7           2005         512.3         6.8         25.3         171.4         308.9           2004         539.6         6.5         26.2         168.3         338.5 <td>2000 1999 1998</td> <td>210,492 207,874 229,766 257,409</td> <td>2,074 2,006 2,170 2,579</td> <td>9,785 9,443 9,777 10,182</td> <td>60,243 60,027 68,752</td> <td>138,390 136,398 149,067</td>	2000 1999 1998	210,492 207,874 229,766 257,409	2,074 2,006 2,170 2,579	9,785 9,443 9,777 10,182	60,243 60,027 68,752	138,390 136,398 149,067
2004-2005						
1999-2000         1.3         3.4         3.6         0.4         1.5           1998-1999         -9.5         -7.6         -3.4         -12.7         -8.5           1997-1998         -10.7         -15.9         -4.0         -15.6         -8.7           1997-2006         -24.6         -3.7         -9.5         -12.8         -31.7           Rate per 100,000 population¹           2006         518.4         6.6         24.6         189.5         297.7           2005         512.3         6.8         25.3         171.4         308.9           2004         539.6         6.5         26.2         168.3         338.5           2003         569.4         6.7         27.6         177.0         358.1           2002         589.2         6.8         28.8         183.6         370.0           2001         605.6         6.3         28.4         182.1         388.8           2002         680.2         6.5         29.2         205.3         445.1           1999         610.7         5.9         27.7         176.4         400.7           1998         68	2004-2005 2003-2004 2002-2003	-4.0 -3.5 -1.6	4.6 -0.3 0.4	-2.6 -3.2 -2.5	3.0 -3.2 -1.9	-7.7 -3.7 -1.5 -3.3
Rate per 100,000 population    2006	1999-2000 1998-1999	1.3 -9.5 -10.7	3.4 -7.6	3.6 -3.4	0.4 -12.7 -15.6	1.5 -8.5
2006         518.4         6.6         24.6         189.5         297.7           2005         512.3         6.8         25.3         171.4         308.9           2004         539.6         6.5         26.2         168.3         338.5           2003         569.4         6.7         27.6         177.0         358.1           2002         589.2         6.8         28.8         183.6         370.0           2001         605.6         6.3         28.4         182.1         388.8           2000         610.5         6.0         28.4         174.7         401.4           1999         610.7         5.9         27.7         176.4         400.7           1998         686.0         6.5         29.2         205.3         445.1           1997         781.0         7.8         30.9         247.0         495.3           Percent change in rate           2005-2006         1.2         -2.9         -2.8         10.6         -3.6           2004-2005         -5.1         4.6         -3.4         1.8         -8.7           2003-2004         -5.2         -3.0         -5.1         -4.9 <t< td=""><td>1997-2006</td><td>-24.6</td><td>-3.7</td><td>-9.5</td><td>-12.8</td><td>-31.7</td></t<>	1997-2006	-24.6	-3.7	-9.5	-12.8	-31.7
2006         518.4         6.6         24.6         189.5         297.7           2005         512.3         6.8         25.3         171.4         308.9           2004         539.6         6.5         26.2         168.3         338.5           2003         569.4         6.7         27.6         177.0         358.1           2002         589.2         6.8         28.8         183.6         370.0           2001         605.6         6.3         28.4         182.1         388.8           2000         610.5         6.0         28.4         174.7         401.4           1999         610.7         5.9         27.7         176.4         400.7           1998         686.0         6.5         29.2         205.3         445.1           1997         781.0         7.8         30.9         247.0         495.3           Percent change in rate           2005-2006         1.2         -2.9         -2.8         10.6         -3.6           2004-2005         -5.1         4.6         -3.4         1.8         -8.7           2003-2004         -5.2         -3.0         -5.1         -4.9 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Rate per</td><td>100,000</td><td>population</td><td>1</td><td></td></t<>		Rate per	100,000	population	1	
2000	2005 2004 2003	518.4 512.3 539.6 569.4	6.6 6.8 6.5 6.7	24.6 25.3 26.2 27.6	189.5 171.4 168.3 177.0	308.9 338.5 358.1
2005-2006         1.2         -2.9         -2.8         10.6         -3.6           2004-2005         -5.1         4.6         -3.4         1.8         -8.7           2003-2004         -5.2         -3.0         -5.1         -4.9         -5.5           2002-2003         -3.4         -1.5         -4.2         -3.6         -3.2           2001-2002         -2.7         7.9         1.4         0.8         -4.8           2000-2001         -0.8         5.0         0.0         4.2         -3.1           1999-2000         0.0         1.7         2.5         -1.0         0.2           1998-1999         -11.0         -9.2         -5.1         -14.1         -10.0           1997-1998         -12.2         -16.7         -5.5         -16.9         -10.1           1997-2006         -33.6         -15.4         -20.4         -23.3         -39.9	2000 1999 1998	610.5 610.7 686.0 781.0	6.0 5.9 6.5 7.8	28.4 27.7 29.2 30.9	174.7 176.4 205.3	401.4 400.7 445.1
2004-2005         -5.1         4.6         -3.4         1.8         -8.7           2003-2004         -5.2         -3.0         -5.1         -4.9         -5.5           2002-2003         -3.4         -1.5         -4.2         -3.6         -3.2           2001-2002         -2.7         7.9         1.4         0.8         -4.8           2000-2001         -0.8         5.0         0.0         4.2         -3.1           1999-2000         0.0         1.7         2.5         -1.0         0.2           1998-1999         -11.0         -9.2         -5.1         -14.1         -10.0           1997-1998         -12.2         -16.7         -5.5         -16.9         -10.1           1997-2006         -33.6         -15.4         -20.4         -23.3         -39.9						
1999-2000     0.0     1.7     2.5     -1.0     0.2       1998-1999     -11.0     -9.2     -5.1     -14.1     -10.0       1997-1998     -12.2     -16.7     -5.5     -16.9     -10.1       1997-2006     -33.6     -15.4     -20.4     -23.3     -39.9	2004-2005 2003-2004 2002-2003	-5.1 -5.2 -3.4	4.6 -3.0 -1.5	-3.4 -5.1 -4.2	1.8 -4.9 -3.6	-8.7 -5.5 -3.2
	1999-2000 1998-1999 1997-1998	0.0 -11.0 -12.2	1.7 -9.2 -16.7	2.5 -5.1 -5.5	-1.0 -14.1 -16.9	0.2 -10.0 -10.1
						-39.9

Note: Rates may not add to total because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Table 2
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006
By Gender of Victim

Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

Gender	4007	4000	4000	0000	0004	0000	0000	0004	0005	0000	Percent c	hange
of victim <sup>1</sup>	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	1997- 2006	2005- 2006
Total												
Number of victims	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	-3.7	-0.8
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	32,957,000	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	35,301,000	35,934,000	36,590,814	37,004,661	37,444,385	13.6	1.2
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	7.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	-15.4	-2.9
Male <sup>2</sup>												
Number of victims	2,097	1,727	1,568	1,666	1,756	1,938	1,972	1,992	2,101	2,070	-1.3	-1.5
Percent of total victims.	81.3%	79.6%	78.2%	80.3%	79.8%	81.0%	82.1%	83.2%	83.9%	83.4%		
Population	17,135,207	16,810,163	17,099,812	17,398,995	17,694,411	17,984,195	18,270,127	18,161,654	18,403,806	18,645,304	8.8	1.3
Percent of population	50.0%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	49.9%	49.9%	49.9%		
Rate	12.2	10.3	9.2	9.6	9.9	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.4	11.1	-9.0	-2.6
Female												
Number of victims	482	443	438	408	445	454	430	402	402	413	-14.3	2.7
Percent of total victims.	18.7%	20.4%	21.8%	19.7%	20.2%	19.0%	17.9%	16.8%	16.1%	16.6%		
Population	17,159,994	16,696,243	16,972,666	17,254,400	17,538,924	17,818,043	18,093,375	18,214,757	18,450,418	18,689,664	8.9	1.3
Percent of population	50.0%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	50.1%	50.1%	50.1%		
Rate	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	-21.4	0.0

Notes: Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each subgroup shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the total population.

Population breakdowns by gender will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

The "percent of population" category for male and female was calculated using the sum of the male and female populations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in 2004, population estimates are based on the 2000 Census. Previous population estimates are based on revisions of the 1990 Census. Readers are advised to exercise care in interpreting changes in percent and rate between decennial census samples.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The "male" category includes homicide victims whose gender could not be determined: 1997 includes five, 2000 includes two, 2001 includes one, and 2002 includes one.

### Table 3 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006** By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim

Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

		ı	<u> </u>	,		,		T	T			
D / 11 :											Perc	
Race/ethnic group	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	char	
of victim <sup>1</sup>						2002					1997-	2005-
											2006	2006
Total												
Number of victims	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	-3.7	-0.8
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	32,957,000	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	35,301,000	35,934,000	36,590,814	37,004,661	37,444,385	13.6	1.2
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	7.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	-15.4	-2.9
White												
Number of victims	547	523	446	421	442	417	444	422	419	432	-21.0	3.1
Percent of total victims	21.2%	24.1%	22.2%	20.3%	20.1%	17.4%	18.5%	17.6%	16.7%	17.4%	21.0	0.1
Population	17,849,510	17,258,003	17,339,690	17,421,511	17,503,225	17,573,850	17,635,296	15,967,775	15,852,937	15,766,736	-11.7	-0.5
Percent of population	52.0%	51.5%	50.9%	50.3%	49.7%	49.1%	48.5%	43.9%	43.0%	42.2%	-11.7	-0.5
Rate	32.0%	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	-12.9	3.8
	] 3.1	3.0	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.7	-12.9	3.0
Hispanic												
Number of victims	1,154	964	909	933	985	1,066	1,053	1,034	1,139	1129	-2.2	-0.9
Percent of total victims	44.7%	44.4%	45.3%	45.0%	44.8%	44.6%	43.8%	43.2%	45.5%	45.5%		
Population	10,421,039	10,022,551	10,352,763	10,688,752	11,020,710	11,352,852	11,685,915	12,816,038	13,220,223	13,603,759	30.5	2.9
Percent of population	30.4%	29.9%	30.4%	30.8%	31.3%	31.7%	32.1%	35.2%	35.9%	36.4%		
Rate	11.1	9.6	8.8	8.7	8.9	9.4	9.0	8.1	8.6	8.3	-25.2	-3.5
Black												
Number of victims	682	523	488	589	622	734	713	766	758	736	7.9	-2.9
Percent of total victims	26.4%	24.1%	24.3%	28.4%	28.3%	30.7%	29.7%	32.0%	30.3%	29.6%		
Population	2,314,836	2,309,152	2,320,916	2,337,935	2,355,812	2,373,399	2,390,411	2,425,066	2,456,783	2,491,247	7.6	1.4
Percent of population	6.7%	6.9%	6.8%	6.7%	6.7%	6.6%	6.6%	6.7%	6.7%	6.7%		
Rate	29.5	22.6	21.0	25.2	26.4	30.9	29.8	31.6	30.9	29.5	0.0	-4.5
						00.0		0	00.0		0.0	
Other <sup>2</sup>												
Number of victims	177	147	157	121	145	166	185	167	182	178	0.6	-2.2
Percent of total victims	6.9%	6.8%	7.8%	5.8%	6.6%	6.9%	7.7%	7.0%	7.3%	7.2%		
Population	3,709,816	3,916,700	4,059,109	4,205,197	4,353,588	4,502,137	4,651,880	5,167,532	5,324,281	5,473,226	47.5	2.8
Percent of population	10.8%	11.7%	11.9%	12.1%	12.4%	12.6%	12.8%	14.2%	14.4%	14.7%		
Rate	4.8	3.8	3.9	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.0	3.2	3.4	3.3	-31.3	-2.9
Unknown												
Number of victims	19	13	6	10	7	9	7	5	5	8	_	-
Percent of total victims	0.7%	0.6%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%		
Population	-	_		_	-	-	-	_	_		_	-
Percent of population	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-		
Rate	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
	L									1		

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each subgroup shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the total population.

Population breakdowns by race/ethnic group will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

Dash indicates that the percent of population and rate for the "unknown" category cannot be calculated because there are no unknown race/ethnic group population data.

The "percent of population" category for race/ethnic group was calculated using the sum of the race/ethnic group populations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in 2004, population estimates are based on the 2000 Census. Previous population estimates are based on revisions of the 1990 Census. Readers are advised to exercise care in interpreting changes in percent and rate between decennial census samples.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Beginning in 2004, the "Other" category includes the new race/ethnic group of "Multi-racial." The extent to which this new race/ethnic group effects other population estimates is not known.

### Table 4 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006**

By Age of Victim
Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

					<u> </u>	· .	<u> </u>				Perc	ent
Age	4007	4000	4000			0000			0005		char	nge
of victim	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	1997-	2005-
											2006	2006
Total												
Number of victims	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	-3.7	-0.8
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	32,957,000	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	35,301,000	35,934,000	36,590,814	37,004,661	37,444,385	13.6	1.2
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	7.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	-15.4	-2.9
Under 18												
Number of victims	361	306	276	246	252	247	240	269	285	316	-12.5	10.9
Percent of total victims.	14.0%	14.1%	13.8%	11.9%	11.4%	10.3%	10.0%	11.2%	11.4%	12.7%		
Population	9,701,218	9,426,168	9,587,332	9,770,687	9,932,913	10,095,903	10,248,237	9,575,520	9,620,511	9,664,747	-0.4	0.5
Percent of population	28.3%	28.1%	28.1%	28.2%	28.2%	28.2%	28.2%	26.3%	26.1%	25.9%		
Rate	3.7	3.2	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.8	3.0	3.3	-10.8	10.0
18-29												
Number of victims	1,068	933	840	888	992	1,098	1,100	1,110	1,151	1,147	7.4	-0.3
Percent of total victims.	41.4%	43.0%	41.9%	42.8%	45.1%	45.9%	45.8%	46.4%	46.0%	46.2%		
Population	5,537,727	5,474,990	5,511,604	5,523,472	5,555,926	6,123,037	5,740,606	6,160,386	6,260,103	6,369,559	15.0	1.7
Percent of population	16.1%	16.3%	16.2%	15.9%	15.8%	17.1%	15.8%	16.9%	17.0%	17.1%		
Rate	19.3	17.0	15.2	16.1	17.9	17.9	19.2	18.0	18.4	18.0	-6.7	-2.2
30-39												
Number of victims	534	428	364	377	426	449	486	446	473	418	-21.7	-11.6
Percent of total victims.	20.7%	19.7%	18.1%	18.2%	19.4%	18.8%	20.2%	18.6%	18.9%	16.8%		
Population	5,942,241	5,654,098	5,629,424	5,597,411	5,535,620	4,994,720	5,384,170	5,534,220	5,516,751	5,516,609	-7.2	0.0
Percent of population	17.3%	16.9%	16.5%	16.2%	15.7%	14.0%	14.8%	15.2%	15.0%	14.8%		
Rate	9.0	7.6	6.5	6.7	7.7	9.0	9.0	8.1	8.6	7.6	-15.6	-11.6
40 and over												
Number of victims	580	480	505	534	519	579	560	569	579	586	1.0	1.2
Percent of total victims.	22.5%	22.1%	25.2%	25.7%	23.6%	24.2%	23.3%	23.8%	23.1%	23.6%		
Population	13,114,015	12,951,150	13,344,118	13,761,825	14,208,876	14,588,578	14,990,489	15,106,285	15,456,859	15,784,053	20.4	2.1
Percent of population	38.2%	38.7%	39.2%	39.7%	40.3%	40.7%	41.2%	41.5%	41.9%	42.3%		
Rate	4.4	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7	-15.9	0.0
Unknown												
Number of victims	36	23	21	29	12	19	16	0	15	16	_	_
Percent of total victims.	1.4%	1.1%	1.0%	1.4%	0.5%	0.8%	0.7%	0.0%	0.6%	0.6%		
Population	-			-		-	-		-		_	_
Percent of population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each subgroup shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the total population.

Population breakdowns by age will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

Dash indicates that the percent of population and rate for the "unknown" category cannot be calculated because there are no unknown age population data.

The "percent of population" category for age group was calculated using the sum of the age populations.

Table 5
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006
By Gender of Victim

Voor(e)	То	tal	Ma	le <sup>1</sup>	Fem	nale
Year(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2006	2,483	100.0	2,070	83.4	413	16.6
2005	2,503	100.0	2,101	83.9	402	16.1
2004	2,394	100.0	1,992	83.2	402	16.8
2003	2,402	100.0	1,972	82.1	430	17.9
2002	2,392	100.0	1,938	81.0	454	19.0
2001	2,201	100.0	1,756	79.8	445	20.2
2000	2,074	100.0	1,666	80.3	408	19.7
1999	2,006	100.0	1,568	78.2	438	21.8
1998	2,170	100.0	1,727	79.6	443	20.4
1997	2,579	100.0	2,097	81.3	482	18.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The "male" category includes homicide victims whose gender could not be determined: 1997 includes five, 2000 includes two, 2001 includes one, and 2002 includes one.

Table 6 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006**By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim

	Total					Knowr	race/ethn	ic group of	victim						
Year(s)	including	Unknown	То	tal	Wł	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Other				
	unknown		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
2006	2,483	8	2,475	100.0	432	17.5	1,129	45.6	736	29.7	178	7.2			
2005	2,503	5	2,498	100.0	419	16.8	1,139	45.6	758	30.3	182	7.3			
2004	2,394	5	2,389	100.0	422	17.7	1,034	43.3	766	32.1	167	7.0			
2003	2,402	7	2,395	100.0	444	18.5	1,053	44.0	713	29.8	185	7.7			
2002	2,392	9	2,383	100.0	417	17.5	1,066	44.7	734	30.8	166	7.0			
2001	2,201	7	2,194	100.0	442	20.1	985	44.9	622	28.4	145	6.6			
2000	2,074	10	2,064	100.0	421	20.4	933	45.2	589	28.5	121	5.9			
1999	2,006	6	2,000	100.0	446	22.3	909	45.5	488	24.4	157	7.9			
1998	2,170	13	2,157	100.0	523	24.2	964	44.7	523	24.2	147	6.8			
1997	2,579	19	2,560	100.0	547	21.4	1,154	45.1	682	26.6	177	6.9			

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 7
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006
By Age of Victim

	Total						Known age	e of victim				
Year(s)	including	Unknown	To	Total		er 18	18-29		30	-39	40 and over	
	unknown		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2006	2,483	16	2,467	100.0	316	12.8	1,147	46.5	418	16.9	586	23.8
2005	2,503	15	2,488	100.0	285	11.5	1,151	46.3	473	19.0	579	23.3
2004	2,394	0	2,394	100.0	269	11.2	1,110	46.4	446	18.6	569	23.8
2003	2,402	16	2,386	100.0	240	10.1	1,100	46.1	486	20.4	560	23.5
2002	2,392	19	2,373	100.0	247	10.4	1,098	46.3	449	18.9	579	24.4
2001	2,201	12	2,189	100.0	252	11.5	992	45.3	426	19.5	519	23.7
2000	2,074	29	2,045	100.0	246	12.0	888	43.4	377	18.4	534	26.1
1999	2,006	21	1,985	100.0	276	13.9	840	42.3	364	18.3	505	25.4
1998	2,170	23	2,147	100.0	306	14.3	933	43.5	428	19.9	480	22.4
1997	2,579	36	2,543	100.0	361	14.2	1,068	42.0	534	21.0	580	22.8

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 8 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006**Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender of Victim

Gender	То	tal	l Wh		Hispanic		Black		Ot	her	Unknown	
of victim	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,483	100.0	432	100.0	1,129	100.0	736	100.0	178	100.0	8	100.0
Male	2,070	83.4	282	65.3	1,008	89.3	632	85.9	144	80.9	4	-
Female	413	16.6	150	34.7	121	10.7	104	14.1	34	19.1	4	-

Note: Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 9 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006
Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Age of Victim

Age	To	ıtal	White		Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her	Unkı	nown
of victim	Number	Percent										
Total including unknown	2,483		432		1,129		736		178		8	
Unknown	16		0		5		4		0		7	
Total known	2,467	100.0	432	100.0	1,124	100.0	732	100.0	178	100.0	1	100.0
Under 18	316	12.8	42	9.7	162	14.4	90	12.3	21	11.8	1	-
18-29	1,147	46.5	112	25.9	610	54.3	347	47.4	78	43.8	0	-
30-39	418	16.9	64	14.8	194	17.3	135	18.4	25	14.0	0	-
40 and over	586	23.8	214	49.5	158	14.1	160	21.9	54	30.3	0	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 10 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006**Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender and Age of Victim

Gender and	Тс	otal	Wł		Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her	Unkr	nown
age of victim	Number	Percent										
Total	2,483	100.0	432	100.0	1,129	100.0	736	100.0	178	100.0	8	100.0
Under 18	316	12.7	42	9.7	162	14.3	90	12.2	21	11.8	1	-
18-19	263	10.6	21	4.9	147	13.0	73	9.9	22	12.4	0	-
20-24	504	20.3	50	11.6	272	24.1	146	19.8	36	20.2	0	-
25-29	380	15.3	41	9.5	191	16.9	128	17.4	20	11.2	Ō	-
30-34	231	9.3	27	6.3	112	9.9	75	10.2	17	9.6	0	-
35-39	187	7.5	37	8.6	82	7.3	60	8.2	8	4.5	0	-
40-44	146	5.9	30	6.9	50	4.4	57	7.7	9	5.1	0	-
45-49	154	6.2	44	10.2	51	4.5	43	5.8	16	9.0	0	-
50-54	109	4.4	43	10.0	30	2.7	27	3.7	9	5.1	0	-
55 and over	177	7.1	97	22.5	27	2.4	33	4.5	20	11.2	0	-
Unknown	16	0.6	0	0.0	5	0.4	4	0.5	0	0.0	7	-
Male	2,070	100.0	282	100.0	1,008	100.0	632	100.0	144	100.0	4	100.0
Under 18	253	12.2	22	7.8	137	13.6	77	12.2	17	11.8	0	-
18-19	241	11.6	15	5.3	141	14.0	65	10.3	20	13.9	0	-
20-24	453	21.9	34	12.1	254	25.2	133	21.0	32	22.2	0	-
25-29	336	16.2	36	12.8	172	17.1	111	17.6	17	11.8	0	-
30-34	201	9.7	20	7.1	100	9.9	66	10.4	15	10.4	0	-
35-39	159	7.7	27	9.6	73	7.2	53	8.4	6	4.2	0	-
40-44	107	5.2	20	7.1	39	3.9	42	6.6	6	4.2	0	-
45-49	119	5.7	30	10.6	43	4.3	35	5.5	11	7.6	0	-
50-54	73	3.5	26	9.2	23	2.3	19	3.0	5	3.5	0	-
55 and over	118	5.7	52	18.4	22	2.2	29	4.6	15	10.4	0	-
Unknown	10	0.5	0	0.0	4	0.4	2	0.3	0	0.0	4	-
Female	413	100.0	150	100.0	121	100.0	104	100.0	34	100.0	4	100.0
Under 18	63	15.3	20	13.3	25	20.7	13	12.5	4	-	1	-
18-19	22	5.3	6	4.0	6	5.0	8	7.7	2	-	0	-
20-24	51	12.3	16	10.7	18	14.9	13	12.5	4	-	0	-
25-29	44	10.7	5	3.3	19	15.7	17	16.3	3	-	0	-
30-34	30	7.3	7	4.7	12	9.9	9	8.7	2	-	0	-
35-39	28	6.8	10	6.7	9	7.4	7	6.7	2	-	0	-
40-44	39	9.4	10	6.7	11	9.1	15	14.4	3	-	0	-
45-49	35	8.5	14	9.3	8	6.6	8	7.7	5	-	0	-
50-54	36	8.7	17	11.3	7	5.8	8	7.7	4	-	0	-
55 and over	59	14.3	45	30.0	5	4.1	4	3.8	5	-	0	-
Unknown	6	1.5	0	0.0	1	0.8	2	1.9	0	-	3	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 11 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006**By Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship	19	97	1998		1999		2000		2001	
of victim to offender	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown	2,579		2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201	
Unknown	859		625		761		796		900	
Total known	1,720	100.0	1,545	100.0	1,245	100.0	1,278	100.0	1,301	100.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	869	50.5	766	49.6	632	50.8	601	47.0	596	45.8
Spouse, parent, child	203	11.8	192	12.4	202	16.2	207	16.2	183	14.1
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	89	5.2	83	5.4	85	6.8	115	9.0	87	6.7
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	114	6.6	109	7.1	117	9.4	92	7.2	96	7.4
All other relatives	46	2.7	41	2.7	49	3.9	40	3.1	49	3.8
Stranger	602	35.0	546	35.3	362	29.1	430	33.6	473	36.4

Relationship	20	02	20	03	20	04	20	05	20	06	Percent	t change
of victim to offender (cont.)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1997- 2006	2005- 2006
Total including unknown Unknown	2,392 969		2,402 1.109		2,394 1.018		2,503 1.082		2,483 1.109		2000	2000
Total known	1,423	100.0	1,293	100.0	1,376	100.0	1,421	100.0	1,374	100.0	-20.1	-3.3
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	663	46.6	601	46.5	667	48.5	548	38.6	593	43.2	-31.8	8.2
Spouse, parent, child	204	14.3	198	15.3	174	12.6	174	12.2	180	13.1	-11.3	3.4
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	97	6.8	93	7.2	84	6.1	77	5.4	86	6.3	-3.4	11.7
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	107	7.5	105	8.1	90	6.5	97	6.8	94	6.8	-17.5	-3.1
All other relatives	42	3.0	52	4.0	46	3.3	61	4.3	43	3.1	-	-29.5
Stranger	514	36.1	442	34.2	489	35.5	638	44.9	558	40.6	-7.3	-12.5

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 12 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship		Ge	nder		Rac	e/ethnic gı	oup	
of victim to offender	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
			Number					
Total including unknown	2,483	2,070	413	432	1,129	736	178	8
Unknown	1,109	994	115	120	502	414	65	8
Total known	1,374	1,076	298	312	627	322	113	0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	593	479	114	119	264	168	42	0
Spouse, parent, child	180	65	115	80	59	23	18	0
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	86	17	69	41	26	9	10	0
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	94	48	46	39	33	14	8	0
All other relatives	43	28	15	11	19	12	1	0
Stranger	558	504	54	102	285	119	52	0
		Percent b	pased on to	tal known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	43.2	44.5	38.3	38.1	42.1	52.2	37.2	-
Spouse, parent, child	13.1	6.0	38.6	25.6	9.4	7.1	15.9	-
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	6.3	1.6	23.2	13.1	4.1	2.8	8.8	-
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	6.8	4.5	15.4	12.5	5.3	4.3	7.1	-
All other relatives	3.1	2.6	5.0	3.5	3.0	3.7	0.9	-
Stranger	40.6	46.8	18.1	32.7	45.5	37.0	46.0	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 13 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006
Age of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship		Under			40	
of victim to offender	Total	18	18-29	30-39	and over	Unknown
	•	Numbe	er			
Total including unknown	2,483	316	1,147	418	586	16
Unknown	1,109	122	569	186	219	13
Total known	1 274	194	578	232	267	3
	1,374	' ' '			367	3
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	593	80	257	104	151	1
Spouse, parent, child	180	52	20	21	87	0
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	86	0	18	17	51	0
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	94	52	2	4	36	0
All other relatives	43	9	11	7	16	0
Stranger	558	53	290	100	113	2
	Perce	ent based on	total known			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	43.2	41.2	44.5	44.8	41.1	-
Spouse, parent, child	13.1	26.8	3.5	9.1	23.7	-
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	6.3	0.0	3.1	7.3	13.9	-
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	6.8	26.8	0.3	1.7	9.8	-
All other relatives	3.1	4.6	1.9	3.0	4.4	-
Stranger	40.6	27.3	50.2	43.1	30.8	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 14 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006**By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

					,	-1				
County	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	•	•		Nu	mber				•	
Statewide total	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483
Alameda	142	107	85	110	108	144	139	117	126	172
Alpine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amador	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2
Butte	8	6	4	8	11	5	9	6	10	11
Calaveras	2	2	0	4	2	2	2	3	2	1
Colusa	2	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contra Costa	63	54	57	56	49	48	74	76	80	93
Del Norte	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	1	1	0
El Dorado	4	7	3	3	5	4	2	2	5	4
Fresno	84	57	43	38	61	62	59	69	77	74
Glenn	0	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1
Humboldt	8	5	12	4	7	12	8	5	3	5
Imperial	5	8	2	4	5	3	12	4	0	3
Inyo	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	0
Kern	55	55	52	37	39	51	46	51	69	65
Kings	5	5	1	3	1	4	5	6	4	4
Lake	5	6	4	5	1	4	1	1	1	7
Lassen	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	1
Los Angeles	1,176	959	891	1,000	1,070	1,162	1,053	1,038	1,068	1,012
Madera	6	12	6	10	15	6	7	7	10	2
Marin	1	1	2	5	3	4	0	3	3	3
Mariposa	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Mendocino	7	6	7	5	4	4	9	6	4	6
Merced	17	17	14	6	5	18	16	16	22	22
Modoc	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Mono	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Monterey	33	27	29	25	26	28	27	33	14	15
Napa	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	3	1	2
Nevada	0	3	6	1	6	3	2	1	2	2
Orange	102	85	92	56	63	77	64	81	77	- 79
										(continued)

(continued)

Table 14 - continued **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006**By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

County	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
				Nu	mber	ı				
Placer	3	7	1	5	3	0	10	3	5	6
Plumas	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	2	0	0
Riverside	110	104	89	79	93	111	94	93	109	109
Sacramento	87	73	82	75	78	83	83	92	110	99
San Benito	1	2	1	3	6	1	2	0	1	2
San Bernardino	146	147	110	145	125	141	163	165	174	161
San Diego	125	87	106	97	92	87	129	127	98	126
San Francisco	59	58	64	59	62	68	69	88	96	86
San Joaquin	73	42	39	39	50	59	58	55	56	57
San Luis Obispo	5	7	4	3	7	3	7	2	4	6
San Luis Obispo	3	,	4	3	'	]	'	2	4	١
San Mateo	28	23	18	10	18	21	20	26	30	22
Santa Barbara	10	11	5	10	12	8	4	7	9	13
Santa Clara	62	44	37	34	34	37	48	37	43	37
Santa Cruz	4	9	4	9	13	6	13	5	5	16
Shasta	7	7	11	3	5	5	5	4	4	8
Sierra	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Siskiyou	0	3	0	1	1	4	2	1	4	0
Solano	12	14	16	21	10	16	20	19	29	14
Sonoma	13	11	8	11	12	16	12	17	5	11
Stanislaus	29	25	25	16	34	15	27	42	30	29
Sutter	4	1	5	2	5	7	3	3	3	4
Tehama	1	5	1	5	3	2	1	3	3	5
Trinity	3	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	1	0
Tulare	29	22	24	17	26	29	30	25	54	49
Tuolumne	0	0	2	2	1	2	4	2	3	0
Ventura	25	24	19	24	19	21	42	33	32	29
Yolo	7	8	6	6	4	5	5	5	4	4
Yuba	6	6	2	3	3	0	5	5	8	3
ı uDa	Ü	ا	4	ا ع	ا ع	l o	ا ع	ا ع	0	(continued)

(continued)

Table 14 - continued **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006**By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

				тел т теле р						
County	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
			R	ate per 100	,000 populat	ion	!	!		
Statewide total	7.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.7	6.6
Alameda	10.2	7.5	5.9	7.5	7.3	9.7	9.3	7.8	8.3	11.4
Alpine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Butte Calaveras	4.0	3.0	2.0 -	3.9 -	5.3 -	2.4 -	4.2 -	2.8 -	4.6 -	5.1 -
Colusa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contra Costa	7.0	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.0	4.9	7.4	7.5	7.7	9.0
Del Norte		l . <u>-</u>	-	-	<u> </u>	l <u>.</u> .	l		-	-
El Dorado	2.7	4.7	2.0	1.9	3.1	2.4	1.2	1.2	2.8	2.2
Fresno	10.8	7.3	5.4	4.7	7.4	7.4	6.9	7.9	8.5	8.1
Glenn	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Humboldt	6.3	4.0	9.5	3.1	5.5	9.4	6.2	3.8	2.3	3.8
Imperial	3.5	5.6	1.4	2.7	3.3	2.0	7.8	2.5	0.0	1.8
Inyo	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kern	8.7	8.6	8.0	5.5	5.7	7.3	6.4	6.9	8.7	8.2
Kings	4.2	4.0	0.8	2.2	0.8	3.0	3.6	4.2	2.7	2.7
Lake	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lassen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Los Angeles	12.3	9.9	9.1	10.3	11.0	11.7	10.5	10.2	10.4	9.8
Madera	5.3	10.5	5.1	7.8	11.5	4.6	5.2	5.0	6.8	1.4
Marin	0.4	0.4	0.8	2.0	1.2	1.6	0.0	1.2	1.2	1.2
Mariposa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mendocino	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Merced	8.4	8.3	6.8	2.8	2.3	8.1	6.9	6.7	8.8	8.8
Modoc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mono	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Monterey	8.7	7.0	7.4	6.1	6.4	6.8	6.4	7.8	3.3	3.5
Napa	1.7	0.8	1.6	2.4	0.8	1.6	1.5	2.3	0.7	1.5
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-
Orange	3.8	3.1	3.3	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.1	2.7	2.5	2.6
										(continued)

(continued)

### Table 14 - continued HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006

By County Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

County	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
			R	ate per 100.	000 populat	ion				
Placer	1.4	3.1	0.4	2.0	1.1	0.0	3.5	1.0	1.6	1.9
Plumas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Riverside	7.7	7.1	5.9	5.0	5.7	6.6	5.3	5.0	5.4	5.4
Sacramento	7.6	6.3	6.8	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.8	7.9	7.1
San Benito	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
San Bernardino	9.0	8.9	6.6	8.3	7.1	7.8	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.0
San Diego	4.5	3.1	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.0	4.3	4.2	3.2	4.1
San Francisco	7.6	7.3	8.0	7.5	7.9	8.6	8.8	11.1	12.0	10.7
San Joaquin	13.5	7.6	6.9	6.8	8.5	9.7	9.3	8.5	8.3	8.5
San Luis Obispo	2.1	2.9	1.7	1.2	2.8	1.2	2.7	0.8	1.5	2.3
San Mateo	3.9	3.2	2.5	1.4	2.5	2.9	2.8	3.6	4.1	3.0
Santa Barbara	2.5	2.7	1.2	2.5	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.7	2.1	3.1
Santa Clara	3.7	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.1	2.4	2.1
Santa Cruz	1.6	3.6	1.6	3.5	5.0	2.3	5.0	1.9	1.9	6.1
Shasta	4.3	4.2	6.7	1.8	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.3	2.2	4.4
Sierra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Siskiyou	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solano	3.2	3.6	4.1	5.2	2.5	3.9	4.8	4.5	6.9	3.3
Sonoma	3.0	2.5	1.8	2.4	2.6	3.4	2.5	3.6	1.0	2.3
Stanislaus	6.8	5.8	5.7	3.5	7.3	3.1	5.5	8.4	5.8	5.6
Sutter	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tehama	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trinity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tulare	8.1	6.1	6.6	4.5	6.9	7.6	7.6	6.2	12.7	11.5
Tuolumne	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ventura	3.4	3.3	2.5	3.1	2.5	2.7	5.3	4.1	3.9	3.5
Yolo	4.5	5.1	3.8	3.5	2.3	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.1	2.1
Yuba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: Dash indicates that a rate is not computed when a county's population is less than 100,000 in a given year.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each county shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the state.

Table 15 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006**By Season and Month of Incident

			Dy Ocas	ori aria ivid		uciit				
Season and month of incident	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
				Numb	er					
Total including unknown Unknown	2,579 0	2,170 0	2,006 0	2,074 0	2,201 0	2,392 0	2,402 0	2,394 0	2,503 0	2,483 0
Total known	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483
Spring	651	517	451	464	528	582	566	616	580	609
March	226	197	142	126	159	189	191	204	195	180
April	217	156	147	162	176	188	154	199	191	220
May	208	164	162	176	193	205	221	213	194	209
Summer	678	568	562	597	581	623	652	648	689	683
June	212	177	157	205	165	183	197	190	199	220
July	232	171	199	185	208	230	233	228	253	240
August	234	220	206	207	208	210	222	230	237	223
Fall	662	522	516	497	613	638	601	580	629	612
September	228	159	171	173	221	253	209	211	183	204
October	240	178	174	174	213	181	213	187	233	209
November	194	185	171	150	179	204	179	182	213	199
Winter	588	563	477	516	479	549	583	550	605	579
December	194	207	166	210	168	175	210	193	210	200
January	203	199	183	175	171	214	189	197	217	204
February	191	157	128	131	140	160	184	160	178	175
,	•	•	Perc	ent based or	total known		•		•	•
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Spring	25.2	23.8	22.5	22.4	24.0	24.3	23.6	25.7	23.2	24.5
March	8.8	9.1	7.1	6.1	7.2	7.9	8.0	8.5	7.8	7.2
April	8.4	7.2	7.3	7.8	8.0	7.9	6.4	8.3	7.6	8.9
May	8.1	7.6	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.6	9.2	8.9	7.8	8.4
Summer	26.3	26.2	28.0	28.8	26.4	26.0	27.1	27.1	27.5	27.5
June	8.2	8.2	7.8	9.9	7.5	7.7	8.2	7.9	8.0	8.9
July	9.0	7.9	9.9	8.9	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.5	10.1	9.7
August	9.1	10.1	10.3	10.0	9.5	8.8	9.2	9.6	9.5	9.0
Fall	25.7	24.1	25.7	24.0	27.9	26.7	25.0	24.2	25.1	24.6
September	8.8	7.3	8.5	8.3	10.0	10.6	8.7	8.8	7.3	8.2
October	9.3	8.2	8.7	8.4	9.7	7.6	8.9	7.8	9.3	8.4
November	7.5	8.5	8.5	7.2	8.1	8.5	7.5	7.6	8.5	8.0
Winter	22.8	25.9	23.8	24.9	21.8	23.0	24.3	23.0	24.2	23.3
December	7.5	9.5	8.3	10.1	7.6	7.3	8.7	8.1	8.4	8.1
January	7.9	9.2	9.1	8.4	7.8	8.9	7.9	8.2	8.7	8.2
February	7.4	7.2	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.7	7.7	6.7	7.1	7.0

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 16 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Day of Incident

Day		Ge	nder		Rac	e/ethnic g	roup	
of incident	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
			Numbe	r				
Total including unknown	2,483	2,070	413	432	1,129	736	178	8
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,483	2,070	413	432	1,129	736	178	8
Weekday	1,520	1,241	279	288	642	476	111	3
Monday	345	278	67	63	144	109	27	2
Tuesday	284	215	69	60	110	93	21	0
Wednesday	290	241	49	56	124	90	20	0
Thursday	276	241	35	50	114	95	17	0
Friday	325	266	59	59	150	89	26	1
Weekend	963	829	134	144	487	260	67	5
Saturday	479	412	67	68	239	131	37	4
Sunday	484	417	67	76	248	129	30	1
		Percer	nt based on	total know	'n			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Weekday	61.2	60.0	67.6	66.7	56.9	64.7	62.4	-
Monday	13.9	13.4	16.2	14.6	12.8	14.8	15.2	-
Tuesday	11.4	10.4	16.7	13.9	9.7	12.6	11.8	-
Wednesday	11.7	11.6	11.9	13.0	11.0	12.2	11.2	-
Thursday	11.1	11.6	8.5	11.6	10.1	12.9	9.6	-
Friday	13.1	12.9	14.3	13.7	13.3	12.1	14.6	-
Weekend	38.8	40.0	32.4	33.3	43.1	35.3	37.6	-
Saturday	19.3	19.9	16.2	15.7	21.2	17.8	20.8	-
Sunday	19.5	20.1	16.2	17.6	22.0	17.5	16.9	-
		Average	daily numbe	er of incide	nts <sup>1</sup>			
Weekday	5.9	4.8	1.1	1.1	2.5	1.8	0.4	0.0
Weekend	9.1	7.8	1.3	1.4	4.6	2.5	0.6	0.0

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Average daily number of incidents may not add to totals because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There were 365 days in 2006; 259 weekdays and 106 weekend days. The average daily number of incidents for weekdays was calculated by dividing weekday totals by 259. The average daily number of incidents for weekends was calculated by dividing weekend totals by 106.

Table 17 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006**Age of Victim by Day of Incident

		,	•			
Day of incident	Total	Under 18	18-29	30-39	40 and over	Unknown
	•	Numb	er		•	•
Total including unknown	2,483	316	1,147	418	586	16
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,483	316	1,147	418	586	16
Weekday	1,520	200	675	259	379	7
Monday	345	51	153	48	89	4
Tuesday	284	37	121	52	73	1
Wednesday	290	40	118	50	82	0
Thursday	276	29	120	64	63	0
Friday	325	43	163	45	72	2
Weekend	963	116	472	159	207	9
Saturday	479	54	242	77	100	6
Sunday	484	62	230	82	107	3
	Perc	ent based or	n total knowr	1		
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Weekday	61.2	63.3	58.8	62.0	64.7	-
Monday	13.9	16.1	13.3	11.5	15.2	-
Tuesday	11.4	11.7	10.5	12.4	12.5	-
Wednesday	11.7	12.7	10.3	12.0	14.0	-
Thursday	11.1	9.2	10.5	15.3	10.8	-
Friday	13.1	13.6	14.2	10.8	12.3	-
Weekend	38.8	36.7	41.2	38.0	35.3	-
Saturday	19.3	17.1	21.1	18.4	17.1	-
Sunday	19.5	19.6	20.1	19.6	18.3	-
	Averag	e daily numb	er of incider	nts <sup>1</sup>		
Weekday	5.9	0.8	2.6	1.0	1.5	0.0
Weekend	9.1	1.1	4.5	1.5	2.0	0.1

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50. Average daily number of incidents may not add to totals because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There were 365 days in 2006; 259 weekdays and 106 weekend days. The average daily number of incidents for weekdays was calculated by dividing weekday totals by 259. The average daily number of incidents for weekends was calculated by dividing weekend totals by 106.

Table 18
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006
By Location of Homicide

Location	19	1997		1998		1999		2000		01
of homicide	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown	2,579		2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201	
Unknown	1		2		4		4		0	
Total known	2,578	100.0	2,168	100.0	2,002	100.0	2,070	100.0	2,201	100.0
Victim's, shared residence	746	28.9	629	29.0	686	34.3	612	29.6	573	26.0
Victim's residence	487	18.9	404	18.6	520	26.0	439	21.2	417	18.9
Shared residence	259	10.0	225	10.4	166	8.3	173	8.4	156	7.1
Street, sidewalk	994	38.6	823	38.0	710	35.5	779	37.6	845	38.4
All other	838	32.5	716	33.0	606	30.3	679	32.8	783	35.6
Hotel, motel	17	0.7	26	1.2	28	1.4	23	1.1	28	1.3
Other residence	175	6.8	132	6.1	119	5.9	162	7.8	173	7.9
Liquor store	5	0.2	4	0.2	5	0.2	4	0.2	7	0.3
Bar	29	1.1	32	1.5	35	1.7	37	1.8	44	2.0
Other business	90	3.5	84	3.9	54	2.7	76	3.7	61	2.8
Parking lot	77	3.0	68	3.1	59	2.9	72	3.5	75	3.4
Vehicle	226	8.8	182	8.4	139	6.9	156	7.5	196	8.9
Field, park	191	7.4	157	7.2	129	6.4	120	5.8	167	7.6
School	5	0.2	9	0.4	5	0.2	2	0.1	3	0.1
Other	23	0.9	22	1.0	33	1.6	27	1.3	29	1.3

Location	20	02	20	03	20	04	20	05	20	06	Percent	change
of homicide (cont.)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1997- 2006	2005- 2006
Total including unknown Unknown	2,392 2		2,402 0		2,394 13		2,503 25		2,483 19			
Total known  Victim's, shared residence  Victim's residence  Shared residence	2,390 655 465 190	100.0 27.4 19.5 7.9	2,402 623 425 198	100.0 25.9 17.7 8.2	2,381 630 479 151	100.0 26.5 20.1 6.3	2,478 567 414 153	100.0 22.9 16.7 6.2	2,464 548 397 151	100.0 22.2 16.1 6.1	-4.4 -26.5 -18.5 -41.7	-0.6 -3.4 -4.1 -1.3
Street, sidewalk	970 765 26 147 4	40.6 32.0 1.1 6.2 0.2	909 870 26 173 6	37.8 36.2 1.1 7.2 0.2	1,046 705 20 146 9	43.9 29.6 0.8 6.1 0.4	1,116 795 23 138 6	45.0 32.1 0.9 5.6 0.2	1,097 819 22 167 5	44.5 33.2 0.9 6.8 0.2	10.4 -2.3 - -4.6	-1.7 3.0 - 21.0
BarOther business	40 61	1.7 2.6	38 75	1.6 3.1	35 47	1.5 2.0	34 70	1.4 2.8	41 61	1.7 2.5	- -32.2	- -12.9
Parking lotVehicle Vehicle Field, park	87 228 134	3.6 9.5 5.6	98 274 147	4.1 11.4 6.1	74 240 102	3.1 10.1 4.3	97 282 94	3.9 11.4 3.8	104 296 92	4.2 12.0 3.7	35.1 31.0 -51.8	7.2 5.0 -2.1
SchoolOther	1 37	0.0 1.5	3 30	0.1 1.2	4 28	0.2 1.2	4 47	0.2 1.9	3 28	0.1 1.1	-	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 19
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006
Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Location of Homicide

Location		Ge	nder	Race/ethnic group						
of homicide	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown		
	<u> </u>	<u>I</u>	Number	<u> </u>						
Total including unknown	2,483	2,070	413	432	1,129	736	178	8		
Unknown	19	12	7	8	6	4	1	0		
Total known	2,464	2,058	406	424	1,123	732	177	8		
Victim's, shared residence	548	340	208	191	192	117	48	0		
Victim's residence	397	276	121	128	142	92	35	0		
Shared residence	151	64	87	63	50	25	13	0		
Street, sidewalk	1,097	1,010	87	103	554	384	54	2		
All other	819	708	111	130	377	231	75	6		
Hotel, motel	22	15	7	6	9	7	0	0		
Other residence	167	150	17	34	84	38	10	1		
Liquor store	5	4	1	1	1	0	3	0		
Bar	41	36	5	5	20	6	10	0		
Other business	61	49	12	15	23	13	10	0		
Parking lot	104	98	6	10	51	36	6	1		
Vehicle	296	257	39	19	147	107	22	1		
Field, park	92	72	20	30	31	17	11	3		
School	3	3	0	0	1	1	1	0		
Other	28	24	4	10	10	6	2	0		
	1		ased on to	1						
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Victim's, shared residence	22.2	16.5	51.2	45.0	17.1	16.0	27.1	-		
Victim's residence	16.1	13.4	29.8	30.2	12.6	12.6	19.8	-		
Shared residence	6.1	3.1	21.4	14.9	4.5	3.4	7.3	-		
Street, sidewalk	44.5	49.1	21.4	24.3	49.3	52.5	30.5	-		
All other	33.2	34.4	27.3	30.7	33.6	31.6	42.4	-		
Hotel, motel	0.9	0.7	1.7	1.4	0.8	1.0	0.0	-		
Other residence	6.8	7.3	4.2	8.0	7.5	5.2	5.6	-		
Liquor store	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	1.7	-		
Bar	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.8	0.8	5.6	-		
Other business	2.5	2.4	3.0	3.5	2.0	1.8	5.6	-		
Parking lot	4.2	4.8	1.5	2.4	4.5	4.9	3.4	-		
Vehicle	12.0	12.5	9.6	4.5	13.1	14.6	12.4	-		
Field, park	3.7	3.5	4.9	7.1	2.8	2.3	6.2	-		
School	0.1	0.1 1.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	-		
Other	1.1	1.2	1.0	2.4	0.9	0.8	1.1	-		

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 20
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006
Age of Victim by Location of Homicide

//gc of vicinit by Location of Florinciae											
Location of homicide	Total	Under 18	18-29	30-39	40 and over	Unknown					
	•	Number	•		•	•					
Total including unknown	2,483	316	1,147	418	586	16					
Unknown	19	О	8	4	7	0					
Total known	2,464	316	1,139	414	579	16					
Victim's, shared residence	548	94	131	91	230	2					
Victim's residence	397	51	108	72	166	О					
Shared residence	151	43	23	19	64	2					
Street, sidewalk	1,097	155	594	171	173	4					
All other	819	67	414	152	176	10					
Hotel, motel	22	5	4	5	8	0					
Other residence	167	23	93	24	27	0					
Liquor store	5	2	2	0	1	0					
Bar	41	0	19	9	13	0					
Other business	61	0	19	11	31	0					
Parking lot	104	4	57	24	17	2					
Vehicle	296	23	177	50	42	4					
Field, park	92	7	36	18	27	4					
School	3	2	1	0	0	0					
Other	28	1	6	11	10	0					
	Percen	based on to	tal known		_						
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
Victim's, shared residence	22.2	29.7	11.5	22.0	39.7	-					
Victim's residence	16.1	16.1	9.5	17.4	28.7	-					
Shared residence	6.1	13.6	2.0	4.6	11.1	-					
Street, sidewalk	44.5	49.1	52.2	41.3	29.9	-					
All other	33.2	21.2	36.3	36.7	30.4	-					
Hotel, motel	0.9	1.6	0.4	1.2	1.4	-					
Other residence	6.8	7.3	8.2	5.8	4.7	-					
Liquor store	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.2	-					
Bar	1.7	0.0	1.7	2.2	2.2	-					
Other business	2.5	0.0	1.7	2.7	5.4	-					
Parking lot	4.2	1.3	5.0	5.8	2.9	-					
Vehicle	12.0	7.3	15.5	12.1	7.3	-					
Field, park	3.7	2.2	3.2	4.3	4.7	-					
School	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	-					
Other	1.1	0.3	0.5	2.7	1.7	-					

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 21 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006
By Type of Weapon Used

Type	19	1997		98	1999		2000		2001	
of weapon used	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown	2,579		2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201	
Unknown	40		36		29		28		28	
Total known	2,539	100.0	2,134	100.0	1,977	100.0	2,046	100.0	2,173	100.0
Firearm	1,835	72.3	1,469	68.8	1,334	67.5	1,440	70.4	1,568	72.2
Handgun	1,633	64.3	1,315	61.6	1,152	58.3	1,242	60.7	1,341	61.7
All other firearms	202	8.0	154	7.2	182	9.2	198	9.7	227	10.4
Rifle	115	4.5	89	4.2	62	3.1	66	3.2	67	3.1
Shotgun	72	2.8	57	2.7	63	3.2	55	2.7	68	3.1
Other firearm	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.1
Firearm - unknown type	15	0.6	8	0.4	57	2.9	76	3.7	90	4.1
Nonfirearm	704	27.7	665	31.2	643	32.5	606	29.6	605	27.8
Knife <sup>1</sup>	307	12.1	289	13.5	254	12.8	285	13.9	298	13.7
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	108	4.3	117	5.5	134	6.8	98	4.8	95	4.4
Personal weapon <sup>3</sup>	148	5.8	112	5.2	106	5.4	111	5.4	103	4.7
All other	141	5.6	147	6.9	149	7.5	112	5.5	109	5.0
Rope <sup>4</sup>	56	2.2	63	3.0	60	3.0	40	2.0	37	1.7
Drugs	6	0.2	2	0.1	8	0.4	3	0.1	4	0.2
Other	79	3.1	82	3.8	81	4.1	69	3.4	68	3.1

Type	20	02	20	03	20	04	20	05	20	06	Percent	change
of weapon used (cont.)	Number	Percent	1997- 2006	2005- 2006								
Total including unknown	2,392		2,402		2,394		2,503		2,483			
Unknown	28		23		12		22		25			
Total known	2,364	100.0	2,379	100.0	2,382	100.0	2,481	100.0	2,458	100.0	-3.2	-0.9
Firearm	1,735	73.4	1,733	72.8	1,730	72.6	1,845	74.4	1,821	74.1	-0.8	-1.3
Handgun	1,555	65.8	1,566	65.8	1,462	61.4	1,547	62.4	1,619	65.9	-0.9	4.7
All other firearms	180	7.6	167	7.0	268	11.3	298	12.0	202	8.2	0.0	-32.2
Rifle	80	3.4	62	2.6	73	3.1	87	3.5	74	3.0	-35.7	-14.9
Shotgun	60	2.5	53	2.2	69	2.9	75	3.0	70	2.8	-2.8	-6.7
Other firearm	2	0.1	3	0.1	3	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	-	-
Firearm - unknown type	38	1.6	49	2.1	123	5.2	136	5.5	58	2.4	-	-57.4
Nonfirearm	629	26.6	646	27.2	652	27.4	636	25.6	637	25.9	-9.5	0.2
Knife <sup>1</sup>	274	11.6	258	10.8	282	11.8	291	11.7	314	12.8	2.3	7.9
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	116	4.9	116	4.9	104	4.4	78	3.1	77	3.1	-28.7	-1.3
Personal weapon <sup>3</sup>	118	5.0	138	5.8	148	6.2	138	5.6	130	5.3	-12.2	-5.8
All other	121	5.1	134	5.6	118	5.0	129	5.2	116	4.7	-17.7	-10.1
Rope <sup>4</sup>	41	1.7	58	2.4	49	2.1	30	1.2	33	1.3	-41.1	-
Drugs	5	0.2	2	0.1	5	0.2	2	0.1	5	0.2	-	-
Other	75	3.2	74	3.1	64	2.7	97	3.9	78	3.2	-1.3	-19.6

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Any instrument used to cut or stab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Club, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hands, feet, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 22 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

Туре		Ge	nder		Rad	ce/ethnic g	group	
of weapon used	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
		I	Number	l				
Total including unknown	2,483	2,070	413	432	1,129	736	178	8
Unknown	25	7	18	12	. 8	3	0	2
Total known	2,458	2,063	395	420	1,121	733	178	6
Firearm	1,821	1,608	213	197	862	624	135	3
Handgun	1,619	1,433	186	159	774	567	117	2
All other firearms	202	175	27	38	88	57	18	1
Rifle	74	64	10	17	25	26	6	0
Shotgun	70	61	9	18	33	13	6	0
Other firearm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Firearm - unknown type	58	50	8	3	30	18	6	1
Nonfirearm	637	455	182	223	259	109	43	3
Knife <sup>1</sup>	314	250	64	95	143	56	19	1
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	77	55	22	32	27	15	3	0
Personal weapon 3	130	94	36	44	55	26	5	0
All other	116	56	60	52	34	12	16	2
Rope <sup>4</sup>	33	8	25	19	9	4	1	0
Drugs	5	2	3	3	1	0	1	0
Other	78	46	32	30	24	8	14	2
		Percent b	ased on to	tal known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Firearm	74.1	77.9	53.9	46.9	76.9	85.1	75.8	-
Handgun	65.9	69.5	47.1	37.9	69.0	77.4	65.7	-
All other firearms	8.2	8.5	6.8	9.0	7.9	7.8	10.1	-
Rifle	3.0	3.1	2.5	4.0	2.2	3.5	3.4	-
Shotgun	2.8	3.0	2.3	4.3	2.9	1.8	3.4	-
Other firearm	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-
Firearm - unknown type	2.4	2.4	2.0	0.7	2.7	2.5	3.4	-
Nonfirearm	25.9	22.1	46.1	53.1	23.1	14.9	24.2	-
Knife <sup>1</sup>	12.8	12.1	16.2	22.6	12.8	7.6	10.7	-
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	3.1	2.7	5.6	7.6	2.4	2.0	1.7	-
Personal weapon 3	5.3	4.6	9.1	10.5	4.9	3.5	2.8	-
All other	4.7	2.7	15.2	12.4	3.0	1.6	9.0	-
Rope <sup>4</sup>	1.3	0.4	6.3	4.5	0.8	0.5	0.6	-
Drugs	0.2	0.1	8.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.6	-
Other	3.2	2.2	8.1	7.1	2.1	1.1	7.9	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Any instrument used to cut or stab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Club, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hands, feet, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 23 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006
Age of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

Туре	Ī	Under	<u> </u>		40	
of weapon used	Total	18	18-29	30-39	and over	Unknown
		Number			u 0.10.	
Total including unknown	2,483	316	1,147	418	586	16
Unknown	25	1	5	6	12	1
Total known	2,458	315	1,142	412	574	15
Firearm	1,821	215	970	317	312	7
Handgun	1,619	190	870	286	268	5
All other firearms	202	25	100	31	44	2
Rifle	74	14	39	7	13	1
Shotgun	70	7	33	12	18	0
Other firearm	0	0	0	0	0	0
Firearm - unknown type	58	4	28	12	13	1
Nonfirearm	637	100	172	95	262	8
Knife <sup>1</sup>	314	18	113	54	124	5
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	77	7	15	10	44	1
Personal weapon <sup>3</sup>	130	45	16	16	53	0
All other	116	30	28	15	41	2
Rope <sup>4</sup>	33	5	7	7	14	0
Drugs	5	2	0	1	2	0
Other	78	23	21	7	25	2
	Percen	t based on to	otal known	1	1	
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Firearm	74.1	68.3	84.9	76.9	54.4	-
Handgun	65.9	60.3	76.2	69.4	46.7	-
All other firearms	8.2	7.9	8.8	7.5	7.7	-
Rifle	3.0	4.4	3.4	1.7	2.3	-
Shotgun	2.8	2.2	2.9	2.9	3.1	-
Other firearm	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-
Firearm - unknown type	2.4	1.3	2.5	2.9	2.3	-
Nonfirearm	25.9	31.7	15.1	23.1	45.6	-
Knife <sup>1</sup>	12.8	5.7	9.9	13.1	21.6	-
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	3.1	2.2	1.3	2.4	7.7	-
Personal weapon <sup>3</sup>	5.3	14.3	1.4	3.9	9.2	-
All other	4.7	9.5	2.5	3.6	7.1	-
Rope <sup>4</sup>	1.3	1.6	0.6	1.7	2.4	-
Drugs	0.2	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.3	-
Other	3.2	7.3	1.8	1.7	4.4	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Any instrument used to cut or stab. <sup>2</sup> Club, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hands, feet, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 24 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1997-2006** By Contributing Circumstance

Contributing	19	97	19	98	19	99	20	00	20	01
circumstance	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown	2,579		2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201	
Unknown	424		336		304		314		317	
Total known	2,155	100.0	1,834	100.0	1,702	100.0	1,760	100.0	1,884	100.0
Rape, robbery, burglary	240	11.1	206	11.2	157	9.2	206	11.7	149	7.9
Rape	12	0.6	9	0.5	16	0.9	8	0.5	12	0.6
Robbery	219	10.2	183	10.0	127	7.5	186	10.6	133	7.1
Burglary	9	0.4	14	0.8	14	0.8	12	0.7	4	0.2
Argument	928	43.1	857	46.7	710	41.7	726	41.3	793	42.1
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	128	5.9	120	6.5	128	7.5	147	8.4	176	9.3
All other argument	800	37.1	737	40.2	582	34.2	579	32.9	617	32.7
Gang-, drug-related	704	32.7	512	27.9	487	28.6	581	33.0	726	38.5
Gang-related	544	25.2	404	22.0	402	23.6	506	28.8	647	34.3
Drug-related	160	7.4	108	5.9	85	5.0	75	4.3	79	4.2
All other	283	13.1	259	14.1	348	20.4	247	14.0	216	11.5

Contributing	20	02	20	03	20	004	20	05	20	06	Percent	change
circumstance (cont.)	Number	Percent	1997- 2006	2005- 2006								
Total including unknown	2,392		2,402		2,394		2,503		2,483			
Unknown	370		410		320		526		568			
Total known	2,022	100.0	1,992	100.0	2,074	100.0	1,977	100.0	1,915	100.0	-11.1	-3.1
Rape, robbery, burglary	179	8.9	161	8.1	145	7.0	151	7.6	141	7.4	-41.3	-6.6
Rape	8	0.4	7	0.4	6	0.3	7	0.4	6	0.3	-	-
Robbery	163	8.1	137	6.9	128	6.2	135	6.8	132	6.9	-39.7	-2.2
Burglary	8	0.4	17	0.9	11	0.5	9	0.5	3	0.2	-	-
Argument	779	38.5	836	42.0	886	42.7	791	40.0	741	38.7	-20.2	-6.3
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	181	9.0	187	9.4	163	7.9	160	8.1	141	7.4	10.2	-11.9
All other argument	598	29.6	649	32.6	723	34.9	631	31.9	600	31.3	-25.0	-4.9
Gang-, drug-related	816	40.4	772	38.8	786	37.9	756	38.2	748	39.1	6.3	-1.1
Gang-related	730	36.1	669	33.6	698	33.7	653	33.0	645	33.7	18.6	-1.2
Drug-related	86	4.3	103	5.2	88	4.2	103	5.2	103	5.4	-35.6	0.0
All other	248	12.3	223	11.2	257	12.4	279	14.1	285	14.9	0.7	2.2

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Data reflect 1) homicides submitted to the CJSC from law enforcement agencies as domestic violence-related, and 2) homicides interpreted by the CJSC as domestic violence-related based on available information, including victim/offender relationship.

Table 25 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006** Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Contributing Circumstance

Contributing	<u> </u>	Gei	nder		Rad	ce/ethnic g	group	
Contributing circumstance	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
		u	Numbe	r				
Total including unknown	2,483	2,070	413	432	1,129	736	178	8
Unknown	568	479	89	84	231	221	24	8
Total known	1,915	1,591	324	348	898	515	154	0
Rape, robbery, burglary	141	121	20	47	41	29	24	0
Rape	6	0	6	3	0	2	1	0
Robbery, burglary	135	121	14	44	41	27	23	0
Robbery	132	119	13	42	41	26	23	0
Burglary	3	2	1	2	0	1	0	0
Argument	741	547	194	183	310	194	54	0
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	141	26	115	59	44	25	13	0
All other argument	600	521	79	124	266	169	41	0
Gang-, drug-related	748	717	31	52	429	214	53	0
Gang-related	645	619	26	39	393	174	39	0
Drug-related	103	98	5	13	36	40	14	0
All other	285	206	79	66	118	78	23	0
	1		based on	total know	n			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Rape, robbery, burglary	7.4	7.6	6.2	13.5	4.6	5.6	15.6	-
Rape	0.3	0.0	1.9	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.6	-
Robbery, burglary	7.0	7.6	4.3	12.6	4.6	5.2	14.9	-
Robbery	6.9	7.5	4.0	12.1	4.6	5.0	14.9	-
Burglary	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	-
Argument	38.7	34.4	59.9	52.6	34.5	37.7	35.1	-
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	7.4	1.6	35.5	17.0	4.9	4.9	8.4	-
All other argument	31.3	32.7	24.4	35.6	29.6	32.8	26.6	-
Gang-, drug-related	39.1	45.1	9.6	14.9	47.8	41.6	34.4	-
Gang-related	33.7	38.9	8.0	11.2	43.8	33.8	25.3	-
Drug-related	5.4	6.2	1.5	3.7	4.0	7.8	9.1	-
All other	14.9	12.9	24.4	19.0	13.1	15.1	14.9	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data reflect (1) homicides submitted to the CJSC from law enforcement agencies as domestic violence-related, and (2) homicides interpreted by the CJSC as domestic violence-related based on available information, including victim/offender relationship.

Table 26 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006** Age of Victim by Contributing Circumstance

Contributing circumstance	Total	Under 5	5-17	18-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70 and over	Unknown
				Numbe	r					
Total including unknown	2,483	71	245	1,147	418	300	173	59	54	16
Unknown	568	3	32	263	110	75	51	18	5	11
Total known	1,915	68	213	884	308	225	122	41	49	5
Rape, robbery, burglary	141	0	6	45	30	22	17	9	12	0
Rape	6	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	0
Robbery	132	0	4	43	29	20	16	9	11	0
Burglary	3	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Argument	741	0	40	312	144	121	74	25	23	2
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	141	0	2	41	33	32	18	3	11	1
All other argument	600	0	38	271	111	89	56	22	12	1
Gang-, drug-related	748	1	125	435	110	57	14	3	2	1
Gang-related	645	1	118	390	80	42	10	2	1	1
Drug-related	103	0	7	45	30	15	4	1	1	0
Child abuse	66	60	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
All other	219	7	36	92	24	25	17	4	12	2
			Perce	nt based on	total known					
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Rape, robbery, burglary	7.4	0.0	2.8	5.1	9.7	9.8	13.9	-	-	-
Rape	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.0	-	-	-
Robbery	6.9	0.0	1.9	4.9	9.4	8.9	13.1	-	-	-
Burglary	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.8	-	-	-
Argument	38.7	0.0	18.8	35.3	46.8	53.8	60.7	-	-	-
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	7.4	0.0	0.9	4.6	10.7	14.2	14.8	-	-	-
All other argument	31.3	0.0	17.8	30.7	36.0	39.6	45.9	-	-	-
Gang-, drug-related	39.1	1.5	58.7	49.2	35.7	25.3	11.5	-	-	-
Gang-related	33.7	1.5	55.4	44.1	26.0	18.7	8.2	-	-	-
Drug-related	5.4	0.0	3.3	5.1	9.7	6.7	3.3	-	-	-
Child abuse	3.4	88.2	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other	11.4	10.3	16.9	10.4	7.8	11.1	13.9	-	-	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that data are not applicable or that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data reflect 1) homicides submitted to the CJSC from law enforcement agencies as domestic violence-related, and 2) homicides interpreted by the CJSC as domestic violence-related based on available information, including victim/offender relationship.

Table 27 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2006**Contributing Circumstance by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship of victim to offender	Total	Rape	Robbery, burglary	Argument <sup>1</sup>	Gang-, drug- related	Child abuse	All other	Unknown
			Numb	er				
Total including unknown	2,483	6	135	741	748	66	219	568
Unknown	1,109	3	45	114	384	5	99	459
Total known	1,374	3	90	627	364	61	120	109
Friend, acquaintance <sup>2</sup>	593	3	11	305	182	19	41	32
Spouse <sup>3</sup>	86	0	0	83	0	0	3	0
Parent, child <sup>4</sup>	94	0	1	29	1	38	20	5
All other relatives	43	0	0	32	3	3	4	1
Stranger	558	0	78	178	178	1	52	71
		Perc	ent based o	n total known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>2</sup>	43.2	-	12.2	48.6	50.0	31.1	34.2	29.4
Spouse <sup>3</sup>	6.3	-	0.0	13.2	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0
Parent, child <sup>4</sup>	6.8	-	1.1	4.6	0.3	62.3	16.7	4.6
All other relatives	3.1	-	0.0	5.1	0.8	4.9	3.3	0.9
Stranger	40.6	-	86.7	28.4	48.9	1.6	43.3	65.1

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes domestic violence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 28 **HOMICIDE CRIMES CLEARED, 1997-2006**Number Reported, Number Cleared, and Clearance Rate

Year(s)	Number of homicides reported	Number of homicides cleared	Clearance rate <sup>1</sup>
2006	2,483	1,292	52.0
2005	2,503	1,249	49.9
2004	2,394	1,314	54.9
2003	2,402	1,323	55.1
2002	2,392	1,362	56.9
2001	2,201	1,091	49.6
2000	2,074	1,082	52.2
1999	2,006	1,200	59.8
1998	2,170	1,369	63.1
1997	2,579	1,489	57.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes (homicides) reported that have been cleared. It is calculated by dividing the number of homicides cleared by the number of homicides reported. The result is multiplied by 100. Please see "Appendix II - Criminal Justice Glossary" for a detailed explanation of clearances.

Table 29
FELONY ARRESTS FOR
SELECTED VIOLENT OFFENSES, 1997-2006

Number, Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk, and Percent Change

Year(s)	Total	Homicide	Forcible rape	Robbery	Assault
	•	Number			
2006	124,624	1,967	2,122	20,376	100,159
2005	123,967	1,956	2,098	18,218	101,695
2004	125,263	1,978	2,237	17,864	103,184
2003	129,522	1,839	2,456	17,501	107,726
2002	130,295	1,864	2,549	16,957	108,925
2001	134,398	1,754	2,730	17,167	112,747
2000	130,259	1,627	2,702	17,122	108,808
1999	134,319	1,770	2,887	18,753	110,909
1998	142,498	2,117	3,032	21,507	115,842
1997	153,279	2,212	3,108	23,824	124,135
	Percen	t change in	number		-
2005 to 2006	0.5	0.6	1.1	11.8	-1.5
2004 to 2005	-1.0	-1.1	-6.2	2.0	-1.4
2003 to 2004	-3.3	7.6	-8.9	2.1	-4.2
2002 to 2003	-0.6	-1.3	-3.6	3.2	-1.1
2001 to 2002	-3.1	6.3	-6.6	-1.2	-3.4
2000 to 2001	3.2	7.8	1.0	0.3	3.6
1999 to 2000	-3.0	-8.1	-6.4	-8.7	-1.9
1998 to 1999	-5.7	-16.4	-4.8	-12.8	-4.3
1997 to 1998	-7.0	-4.3	-2.4	-9.7	-6.7
1997 to 2006	-18.7	-11.1	-31.7	-14.5	-19.3
1997 to 2000	Rate per 10				-19.5
2006	426.3	6.7	7.3	69.7	342.6
2005	430.3	6.8	7.3	63.2	353.0
2004	441.7	7.0	7.9	63.0	363.9
2003	465.6	6.6	8.8	62.9	387.3
2002	477.2	6.8	9.3	62.1	399.0
2001	502.5	6.6	10.2	64.2	421.6
2000	497.1	6.2	10.3	65.3	415.2
1999	522.4	6.9	11.2	72.9	431.4
1998	564.1	8.4	12.0	85.1	458.5
1997	595.0	8.6	12.1	92.5	481.9
1007		ent change		32.3	401.5
2005 to 2006	-0.9	-1.5	0.0	10.3	-2.9
2004 to 2005	-2.6	-2.9	-7.6	0.3	-3.0
2004 to 2005 2003 to 2004	-2.0 -5.1	6.1	-10.2	0.3	-3.0 -6.0
	-5.1 -2.4	-2.9		1.3	
2002 to 2003 2001 to 2002	-2.4 -5.0	3.0	-5.4 -8.8	-3.3	-2.9 -5.4
2000 to 2001	1.1	6.5	-1.0	-1.7	1.5
1999 to 2000	-4.8	-10.1		-1.7 -10.4	
	_		-8.0		-3.8
1998 to 1999	-7.4	-17.9	-6.7	-14.3	-5.9
1997 to 1998	-5.2	-2.3	-0.8	-8.0	-4.9
1997 to 2006	-28.4	-22.1	-39.7	-24.6	-28.9

Notes: Rates may not add to total because of rounding.
Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

1 Rates are based on the total population at risk (10-69 years of age).

Table 30 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1997-2006**By Gender of Arrestee

Voor(o)	То	tal	Ma	ale	Female		
Year(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
2006	1,967	100.0	1,732	88.1	235	11.9	
2005	1,956	100.0	1,737	88.8	219	11.2	
2004	1,978	100.0	1,745	88.2	233	11.8	
2003	1,839	100.0	1,627	88.5	212	11.5	
2002	1,864	100.0	1,655	88.8	209	11.2	
2001	1,754	100.0	1,537	87.6	217	12.4	
2000	1,627	100.0	1,426	87.6	201	12.4	
1999	1,770	100.0	1,579	89.2	191	10.8	
1998	2,117	100.0	1,870	88.3	247	11.7	
1997	2,212	100.0	1,990	90.0	222	10.0	

Table 31 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1997-2006**By Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Vaar(a)	To	tal	White		Hisp	anic	Bla	ıck	Other	
Year(s)	Number	Percent								
2006	1,967	100.0	351	17.8	910	46.3	539	27.4	167	8.5
2005	1,956	100.0	386	19.7	946	48.4	487	24.9	137	7.0
2004	1,978	100.0	409	20.7	932	47.1	476	24.1	161	8.1
2003	1,839	100.0	424	23.1	812	44.2	456	24.8	147	8.0
2002	1,864	100.0	349	18.7	897	48.1	455	24.4	163	8.7
2001	1,754	100.0	400	22.8	832	47.4	406	23.1	116	6.6
2000	1,627	100.0	374	23.0	698	42.9	397	24.4	158	9.7
1999	1,770	100.0	382	21.6	845	47.7	417	23.6	126	7.1
1998	2,117	100.0	484	22.9	987	46.6	470	22.2	176	8.3
1997	2,212	100.0	447	20.2	1,017	46.0	586	26.5	162	7.3

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 32 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1997-2006**By Age of Arrestee

Year(s)	То	tal	Under 18		18-	-29	30	-39	40 and over	
rear(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2006	1,967	100.0	241	12.3	1,154	58.7	267	13.6	305	15.5
2005	1,956	100.0	185	9.5	1,207	61.7	281	14.4	283	14.5
2004	1,978	100.0	185	9.4	1,143	57.8	313	15.8	337	17.0
2003	1,839	100.0	167	9.1	1,077	58.6	326	17.7	269	14.6
2002	1,864	100.0	215	11.5	1,097	58.9	293	15.7	259	13.9
2001	1,754	100.0	194	11.1	1,011	57.6	291	16.6	258	14.7
2000	1,627	100.0	160	9.8	913	56.1	299	18.4	255	15.7
1999	1,770	100.0	182	10.3	1,037	58.6	317	17.9	234	13.2
1998	2,117	100.0	308	14.5	1,244	58.8	302	14.3	263	12.4
1997	2,212	100.0	353	16.0	1,267	57.3	326	14.7	266	12.0

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 33 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2006**Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender and Age of Arrestee

Gender and age	То	tal	White		Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her			
of arrestee	Number	Percent											
Total													
Total	1,967	100.0	351	100.0	910	100.0	539	100.0	167	100.0			
				Ger	nder								
Male	1,732	88.1	282	80.3	820	90.1	485	90.0	145	86.8			
Female	235	11.9	69	19.7	90	9.9	54	10.0	22	13.2			
	-		-	A	ge				-				
Under 18	241	12.3	15	4.3	121	13.3	80	14.8	25	15.0			
18-29	1,154	58.7	153	43.6	596	65.5	308	57.1	97	58.1			
30-39	267	13.6	57	16.2	115	12.6	70	13.0	25	15.0			
40 and over	305	15.5	126	35.9	78	8.6	81	15.0	20	12.0			

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 34 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2006**Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender and Age of Arrestee

Gender and age	То	tal	WI	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her
of arrestee	Number	Percent								
Total	1,967	100.0	351	100.0	910	100.0	539	100.0	167	100.0
Under 18	241	12.3	15	4.3	121	13.3	80	14.8	25	15.0
18-19	304	15.5	35	10.0	160	17.6	83	15.4	26	15.6
20-24	524	26.6	66	18.8	280	30.8	133	24.7	45	26.9
25-29	326	16.6	52	14.8	156	17.1	92	17.1	26	15.6
30-34	152	7.7	30	8.5	65	7.1	41	7.6	16	9.6
35-39	115	5.8	27	7.7	50	5.5	29	5.4	9	5.4
40-44	102	5.2	37	10.5	30	3.3	30	5.6	5	3.0
45-49	88	4.5	36	10.3	22	2.4	27	5.0	3	1.8
50-54	49	2.5	20	5.7	9	1.0	12	2.2	8	4.8
55 and over	66	3.4	33	9.4	17	1.9	12	2.2	4	2.4
Male	1,732	100.0	282	100.0	820	100.0	485	100.0	145	100.0
Under 18	231	13.3	14	5.0	117	14.3	75	15.5	25	17.2
18-19	279	16.1	29	10.3	152	18.5	78	16.1	20	13.8
20-24	452	26.1	46	16.3	249	30.4	118	24.3	39	26.9
25-29	287	16.6	45	16.0	135	16.5	85	17.5	22	15.2
30-34	136	7.9	23	8.2	62	7.6	37	7.6	14	9.7
35-39	96	5.5	23	8.2	41	5.0	26	5.4	6	4.1
40-44	77	4.4	25	8.9	26	3.2	21	4.3	5	3.4
45-49	72	4.2	30	10.6	16	2.0	23	4.7	3	2.1
50-54	45	2.6	17	6.0	9	1.1	11	2.3	8	5.5
55 and over	57	3.3	30	10.6	13	1.6	11	2.3	3	2.1
Female	235	100.0	69	100.0	90	100.0	54	100.0	22	100.0
Under 18	10	4.3	1	1.4	4	4.4	5	9.3	0	-
18-19	25	10.6	6	8.7	8	8.9	5	9.3	6	-
20-24	72	30.6	20	29.0	31	34.4	15	27.8	6	-
25-29	39	16.6	7	10.1	21	23.3	7	13.0	4	-
30-34	16	6.8	7	10.1	3	3.3	4	7.4	2	-
35-39	19	8.1	4	5.8	9	10.0	3	5.6	3	-
40-44	25	10.6	12	17.4	4	4.4	9	16.7	0	-
45-49	16	6.8	6	8.7	6	6.7	4	7.4	0	-
50-54	4	1.7	3	4.3	0	0.0	1	1.9	0	-
55 and over	9	3.8	3	4.3	4	4.4	1	1.9	1	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 35
PERSONS UNDER CALIFORNIA
SENTENCE OF DEATH, 1978-2006

Year(s)	Initial sentences	Total persons under sentence of death <sup>1,2</sup>
2006	17	665
2005	22	654
2004	12	642
2003	22	639
2002	17	618
2001	25	610
2000	33	589
1999	42	558
1998	32	518
1997	40	493
1996	40	461
1995	38	426
1994	21	391
1993	34	374
1992	40	345
1991	26	305
1990	33	279
1989	33	247
1988	34	223
1987	25	203
1986	21	179
1985	16	159
1984	27	161
1983	35	143
1982	39	113
1981	39	80
1980	23	42
1979	20	25
1978	7	7

Source: California Appellate Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total persons under sentence of death on December 31 of each year.

Persons with multiple California death sentences are counted once.

The increase in the total number of persons under sentence of death from year-to-year will *not* equal the number of initial sentences reported each year. This is because, in addition to initial sentences, persons may be resentenced to death, no longer under sentence of death because of execution or death by other causes, removed pending retrial, resentenced to a penalty less than death, or freed.

Table 36
PERSONS SENTENCED TO DEATH, 2006
Sentencing County by Gender, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age

Sentencing Tatal		Ge	ender	Race/ethnic group				Age at arrest					
county	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40 and over
Total	17	16	1	7	5	4	1	1	3	4	3	3	3
Contra Costa	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Los Angeles	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Riverside	3	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
Sacramento	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
San Bernardino	4	4	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
San Diego	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
San Joaquin	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Santa Barbara	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Stanislaus	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Tulare	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0

Note: This table does not include persons resentenced to death after their death sentence was reversed on appeal.

Table 37 **HOMICIDE CRIMES AND PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1997-2006**Number and Rate per 100,000 Respective Population

Year(s)	California	Homicides		Sworn law enforcement	Peace officers killed in the line of duty	
, ,	population	Number <sup>1</sup>	Rate	personnel <sup>2</sup>	Number	Rate
2006	37,444,385	2,483	6.6	75,625	5	6.6
2005	37,004,661	2,503	6.8	74,445	5	6.7
2004	36,590,814	2,394	6.5	73,951	4	5.4
2003	35,934,000	2,402	6.7	75,336	6	8.0
2002	35,301,000	2,392	6.8	75,612	4	5.3
2001	34,758,000	2,201	6.3	72,119	6	8.3
2000	34,480,000	2,074	6.0	69,029	2	2.9
1999	34,036,000	2,006	5.9	69,363	4	5.8
1998	33,494,000	2,170	6.5	67,035	7	10.4
1997	32,957,000	2,579	7.8	65,416	7	10.7

Note: Homicide rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Table 38

PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2006

By Contributing Circumstance

Contributing circumstance	Number	Percent
Total	5	100.0
Responding to disturbance call	1	-
Pursuing robbery suspect	1	-
Routine traffic stop	3	-

Note: Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes peace officers feloniously killed in the line of duty.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Personnel in the Department of Justice and other state regulatory agencies are not included.

Table 39

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006

By Gender, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age of Deceased

Gender, race/ethnic group,	Total Peace officer justifiable		Private citizen justifiable							
and age of deceased	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent				
	Total									
Total	157	100.0	124	100.0	33	100.0				
	-	Ger	nder		-					
Male	152	96.8	119	96.0	33	100.0				
Female	5	3.2	5	4.0	0	0.0				
		Race/eth	nic group							
White	43	27.4	38	30.6	5	15.2				
Hispanic	65	41.4	52	41.9	13	39.4				
Black	38	24.2	26	21.0	12	36.4				
Other	11	7.0	8	6.5	3	9.1				
Unknown	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0				
		Αç	ge							
Under 18	6	3.8	5	4.0	1	3.0				
18-19	9	5.7	7	5.6	2	6.1				
20-24	40	25.5	23	18.5	17	51.5				
25-29	25	15.9	21	16.9	4	12.1				
30-34	22	14.0	19	15.3	3	9.1				
35-39	13	8.3	11	8.9	2	6.1				
40-44	21	13.4	19	15.3	2	6.1				
45-49	9	5.7	7	5.6	2	6.1				
50-54	4	2.5	4	3.2	0	0.0				
55 and over	8	5.1	8	6.5	0	0.0				
Unknown	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0				

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 40

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006

By Location of Justifiable Homicide

,						
Location of justifiable homicide	Number	Percent				
Total						
Total	157					
Peace officer just	ifiable					
Total	124	100.0				
Felon's residence	0	0.0				
Other residence	33	26.6				
Street, sidewalk	71	57.3				
Commercial establishment	2	1.6				
Hotel, motel	1 1	0.8				
Liquor store	0	0.0				
Bar	0	0.0				
Other business	1	0.8				
All other	18	14.5				
Parking lot	6	4.8				
Vehicle	4	3.2				
Field, park	2	1.6				
Other	6	4.8				
Citizen justifial	ble					
	33	100.0				
Citizen's, shared residence	1	3.0				
Citizen's residence	1	3.0				
Shared residence	0	0.0				
Other residence	16	48.5				
Felon's residence	13	39.4				
Other residence	3	9.1				
Street, sidewalk	7	21.2				
Commercial establishment	6	18.2				
Hotel, motel	0	0.0				
Liquor store	0	0.0				
Bar	1	3.0				
Other business	5	15.2				
All other	3	9.1				
Parking lot	3	9.1				
Vehicle	0	0.0				
Field, park	0	0.0				
Other	0	0.0				

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 41

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006

By Contributing Circumstance

Contributing circumstance	Number	Percent					
Total							
Total	157						
Peace officer justifiable	-						
Total	124	100.0					
Felon attacked peace officer	113	91.1					
Felon killed during commission of crime	6	4.8					
Felon resisted arrest	4	3.2					
All other	1	0.8					
Felon attacked another peace officer	0	0.0					
Felon attacked citizen	1	0.8					
Felon attempted flight	0	0.0					
Citizen justifiable							
Total	33	100.0					
Felon attacked citizen	11	33.3					
Felon killed during commission of crime	21	63.6					
Felon attempted flight	1	3.0					

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 42

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2006

By Type of Weapon Used

Type of	Total		Peace officer justifiable		Citizen justifiable	
weapon used	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	157	100.0	124	100.0	33	100.0
Firearm	148	94.3	124	100.0	24	72.7
Handgun	137	87.3	114	91.9	23	69.7
Rifle	7	4.5	6	4.8	1	3.0
Shotgun	4	2.5	4	3.2	0	0.0
Other firearm	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Firearm - unknown type	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nonfirearm	9	5.7	0	0.0	9	27.3
Knife <sup>1</sup>	8	5.1	0	0.0	8	24.2
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Other	1	0.6	0	0.0	1	3.0

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or to 100.0 because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Any instrument used to cut or stab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Club, etc.

Table 43 **POPULATION ESTIMATES, 1952-2006** 

Total Population of rick					
Year(s)	Total population		opulation at risl		
2006	37,444,385	Total <sup>1</sup> 29,236,911	Adult <sup>2</sup> 24,731,088	Juvenile <sup>3</sup> 4,505,823	
2005	37,004,661	28,809,579	24,316,140	4,493,439	
2004 2003	36,590,814	28,357,204	23,906,564	4,450,640	
2002	35,934,000 35,301,000	27,815,344 27,302,433	23,295,523	4,519,821 4,375,050	
2001	34,758,000	26,745,137	22,927,383 22,555,739	4,189,398	
2000	34,480,000	26,203,950	22,198,297	4,005,653	
1999 1998	34,036,000	25,711,892	21,855,190 21,498,170	3,856,702	
1997	33,494,000 32,957,000	25,263,064 25,760,375	21,490,170	3,764,894 3,825,459	
1996	32,383,000	25,554,242	21,825,735	3,728,507	
1995 1994	32,063,000 32,140,000	25,122,782 24,703,379	21,505,839 21,193,571	3,616,943 3,509,808	
1993	31,742,000	24,703,579	20,923,632	3,410,902	
1992	31,300,000	23,975,578	20,661,120	3,314,458	
1991	30,646,000	23,585,168	20,356,984	3,228,184	
1990	29,557,836	23,178,961	20,027,633	3,151,328	
1989	29,557,636	23,176,961	19,451,763	3,151,326	
1988	28,060,746	21,969,953	18,885,349	3,072,629	
1987	27,388,477	21,483,563	18,378,758	3,104,805	
1986	26,741,621	21,009,362	17,903,122	3,106,240	
1985	26,112,632	20,563,314	17,468,941	3,094,373	
1984	25,587,254	20,167,923	17,083,479	3,084,444	
1983	25,075,581	19,860,746	16,763,095	3,097,651	
1982	24,546,566	19,510,945	16,415,571	3,095,374	
1981	24,038,711	19,172,812	16,082,355	3,090,457	
1980	23,668,145	18,824,197	15,778,999	3,045,198	
1979	23,255,000	18,371,691	15,323,376	3,048,315	
1978	22,839,000	18,012,901	14,916,032	3,096,869	
1977	22,350,000	17,619,453	14,470,680	3,148,773	
1976	21,935,000	17,269,884	14,080,872	3,189,012	
1975	21,537,000	16,914,556	13,694,793	3,219,763	
1974	21,173,000	16,563,671	13,339,906	3,223,765	
1973	20,868,000	16,237,031	13,031,007	3,206,024	
1972	20,585,000	15,926,249	12,758,809	3,167,440	
1971	20,346,000	15,657,238	12,542,795	3,114,443	
1970	20,039,000	15,378,312	12,339,580	3,038,732	
1969	19,856,000	14,697,200	11,657,600	3,039,600	
1968	19,554,000	14,379,400	11,403,700	2,975,700	
1967	19,478,000	14,065,700	11,159,800	2,905,900	
1966	19,132,000	13,696,700	10,872,500	2,824,200	
1965	18,756,000	13,377,400	10,620,600	2,756,800	
1964	18,234,000	12,981,700	10,311,100	2,670,600	
1963	17,675,000	12,564,600	10,047,700	2,516,900	
1962	17,044,000	12,099,200	9,740,000	2,359,200	
1961	16,445,000	11,697,900	9,469,100	2,228,800	
1960	15,860,000	11,314,900	9,203,300	2,111,600	
1959	15,280,000	-	-	-	
1958	14,752,000	-	-	-	
1957	14,190,000	-	-	-	
1956	13,600,000	-	-	-	
1955	13,035,000	-	-	-	
1954	12,595,000	-	-	-	
1953	12,101,000	-	-	-	
1952	11,638,000	-	-	-	

Source: Population estimates were provided by the Demographic Research Unit,
California Department of Finance.
Note: Population data by age are not available prior to 1960.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total population at risk, 10-69 years of age.

# APPENDICES

# **COMPUTATIONAL FORMULAS**

*ARREST RATE* – An arrest rate describes the number of arrests made by law enforcement agencies per 100,000 total population or per 100,000 population considered to be at risk for arrest. Regardless of the population used, both rates are calculated in the same manner. An arrest rate is calculated by dividing the number of reported arrests by the respective population; the result is multiplied by 100,000. For example, in 2006 there were 1,967 homicide arrests. The total population was 37,444,385 and the total population at risk (10–69 years of age) was 29,236,911.

$$\frac{1,967}{37,444,385} = 0.000052531 \times 100,000 = 5.3 \text{ per } 100,000 \text{ population}$$

$$\frac{1,967}{29,236,911} = 0.000067277 \times 100,000 = 6.7 \text{ per } 100,000 \text{ population at risk}$$

**CLEARANCE RATE** – A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes reported that have been cleared. A clearance rate is calculated by dividing the number of crimes cleared by the number of crimes reported; the result is multiplied by 100. For example, in 2006 there were 1,292 homicides cleared and 2,483 homicides reported. This equals a homicide clearance rate of 52.0 percent.

$$\frac{1,292}{2,483}$$
 = 0.520338300 x 100 = 52.0 percent

**CRIME RATE** – A crime rate describes the number of crimes reported to law enforcement agencies per 100,000 total population. A crime rate is calculated by dividing the number of reported crimes by the total population; the result is multiplied by 100,000. For example, in 2006 there were 2,483 homicides in California and the population was 37,444,385. This equals a homicide crime rate of 6.6 per 100,000 general population.

$$\frac{2,483}{37,444,385}$$
 = 0.000066311 x 100,000 = 6.6 per 100,000 population

**PERCENT CHANGE** – A percent change describes a change in number or rate from one year to another. A percent change is calculated by subtracting base-year data from current-year data; the result is divided by base-year data and multiplied by 100. For example, in 2006 the homicide crime rate was 6.6. In 1997 the homicide crime rate was 7.8. The percent change in rate from 1997 to 2006 is a 15.4 percent decrease.

$$\frac{6.6 - 7.8}{7.8}$$
 = -0.153846153 x 100 = -15.4 percent

**POPULATION AT RISK** – Arrest section data tables include three comparison populations: total (10–69 years of age), adult (18–69 years of age), and juvenile (10–17 years of age).

Notes: When a series of rates are calculated using different populations, the rate calculated for the total will not be equal to the sum of the rates calculated for each subtotal. For example, the total arrest rate (calculated using the *total* at-risk population) will not equal the sum of the adult arrest rate (calculated using the *adult* at-risk population) and the juvenile arrest rate (calculated using the *juvenile* at-risk population).

Calculating rates for counties of less than 100,000 will generate an inflated rate when compared to counties with populations of 100,000 or more; therefore, rates are not calculated for counties with populations of less than 100,000.

# **CRIMINAL JUSTICE GLOSSARY**

ACQUITTAL: a judgment of a court, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer, that the defendant is not guilty of the offense(s) for which he/she was tried.

ADULT: a person 18 years of age or older.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: an unlawful attack or attempted attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm (UCR definition).

APPEAL: a petition initiated by a defendant for a rehearing in an appellate court regarding a previous sentence or motion.

ARREST: ". . . taking a person into custody, in a case and in the manner authorized by law. An arrest may be made by a peace officer or by a private person" (834 PC).

ARREST RATE: the number of arrests per 100,000 population. See "Computational Formulas" (preceding page) for further explanation.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF THE YOUTH AUTHOR-ITY (CYA): the state agency which has jurisdiction over and maintains institutions as correctional schools for the reception of wards of the juvenile court and other persons committed from trial courts.

**CLEARANCE:** an offense is "cleared by arrest" or solved, for crime reporting purposes, when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of an offense, and turned over to a court for prosecution. Although no physical arrest is made, a clearance by arrest can be claimed when an offender is a person under 18 years of age and is cited to appear in juvenile court or before other juvenile authorities. An offense can also be "cleared exceptionally" for crime reporting purposes when an investigation has definitely established the identity of an offender; there is enough information to support an arrest; and the exact location of an offender is known but, for some reason, law enforcement cannot take the offender into custody.

**CLEARANCE RATE:** the percentage of crimes reported that have been cleared.

COMBINED CASES: cases rejected by the prosecutor in favor of other counts/cases.

COMPLAINT: a verified written accusation, filed by a prosecuting attorney with a local criminal court, which charges one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses.

**CONVICTION:** a judgment, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer or on the guilty plea of the defendant, that the defendant is quilty.

COURT: an agency of the judicial branch of government, authorized or established by statute or constitution, having one or more judicial officers on its staff. A court has the authority to decide upon controversies in law and disputed matters of fact brought before it. Because of court consolidation we no longer distinguish between lower court and superior court.

CRIME: ". . . an act committed or omitted in violation of a law forbidding or commanding it. . . " (15 PC).

CRIME RATE: the number of reported crimes per 100,000 general population. See "Computational Formulas" (preceding page) for further explanation.

CYA: see "California Department of the Youth Authority."

DISMISSAL: a decision by a judicial officer to terminate a case without a determination of guilt or innocence.

**DISPOSITION - COURT:** an action taken as the result of an appearance in court by a defendant. Examples are: adults - dismissed, acquitted, or convicted; juveniles - dismissed, transferred, or remanded to adult court.

**DISPOSITION - LAW ENFORCEMENT:** an action taken as the result of an arrest. Examples of police dispositions are: adults - released by law enforcement, referred to another jurisdiction, or a misdemeanor or felony complaint sought; juveniles - handled within the department, referred to another agency, or referred to the probation department or juvenile court.

DISPOSITION - PROSECUTOR: an action taken as the result of a complaint requested by an arresting agency. Dispositions include granting a misdemeanor or a felony complaint or denying a complaint for reasons such as lack of sufficient evidence or complainant refuses to testify.

**DIVERSION:** a disposition of a criminal defendant either before adjudication or following adjudication, but prior to sentencing, in which the court directs the defendant to participate in a work, educational, or rehabilitative program.

# **CRIMINAL JUSTICE GLOSSARY**

**DIVERSION DISMISSED:** the successful completion of a diversion program.

**EXCEPTIONAL MEANS:** an offense can also be "cleared exceptionally" for crime reporting purposes when an investigation has definitely established the identity of an offender; there is enough information to support an arrest; and the exact location of an offender is known but, for some reason, law enforcement cannot take the offender into custody.

FELON: one who has committed a felony.

**FELONY:** a crime which is punishable by death or by imprisonment in a state prison (17 & 18 PC).

**FILING:** a document filed with the court clerk or county clerk by a prosecuting attorney alleging that a person committed or attempted to commit a crime.

**FORCIBLE RAPE:** the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included (UCR definition).

**HOMICIDE:** the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter are included (UCR definition).

**JAIL:** a county or city facility for incarceration of sentenced and unsentenced persons.

JUVENILE: a person under the age of 18.

**MISDEMEANOR:** a crime punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for up to one year.

MONTHLY ARREST AND CITATION REGISTER (MACR): a reporting system used to collect information on adult and juvenile arrests and citations by police and sheriffs' departments. This register contains data on arrest offenses, arrestee characteristics (age, gender, and race/ethnic group), and law enforcement dispositions.

**OFFENDER-BASED TRANSACTION STATISTICS (OBTS):** a system designed to collect statistical information on the various processes within the criminal justice system that occur between the point of the felony arrest of an adult and the point of final disposition.

**OFFENSE**: the charged offense is the crime for which the defendant was arrested or filed on by the district attorney. The convicted offense is the offense the defendant was convicted of or pled guilty to in court.

**PC** (**PENAL CODE**): the California Penal Code contains statutes that define criminal offenses and specify corresponding punishments. Criminal justice system mandates and procedures are also included.

**POPULATION AT RISK:** that portion of the total population who, because of like characteristics to the specific study group, are considered "at risk." For example, if one were studying juvenile arrestees, all persons between 10 and 17 years of age would constitute the at-risk population.

**PRISON:** a state correctional facility where persons are confined following conviction for a felony offense.

**PROBATION:** a judicial requirement that a person fulfill certain conditions of behavior in lieu of a sentence to confinement. See "Straight Probation."

**PROBATION WITH JAIL:** a type of disposition given upon conviction which imposes a jail term as a condition of probation.

RATE: a comparison of a number of events to a population.

**REMAND:** to send back (a case) to another court for further action.

**ROBBERY:** the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by creating fear in the victim (UCR definition).

**SENTENCE**: the penalty imposed by a court upon a convicted person.

**STRAIGHT PROBATION:** probation granted to adults without condition or stipulation that the defendant serve time in jail as a condition of probation.

**UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING (UCR):** a federal reporting system which compiles crime data based on information submitted by law enforcement agencies throughout the nation. In California, the Department of Justice administers and forwards these law enforcement data to the federal program.

**VIOLENT CRIMES:** crimes committed against people. This category includes homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

**YOUTH AUTHORITY:** see "California Department of the Youth Authority."

# CJSC PUBLICATIONS

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Anti-Reproductive-Rights Crimes in California\*\* Crime in California\*\*

Crime in California. Advance Release\*\* Criminal Justice Profile - A Supplement to Crime in California (statewide and individual

counties)\*

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Preliminary Report, Crime (January through June, January through September, and January through December)\*\*

#### **Foci and Forums**

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Juvenile Justice in California, 1983 (June 1984)

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#### Reports

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Crime in California and the United States, (1983, 1990, 2000)\*\*

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Survey Report: "The Expansion of the Criminal Justice and Penal System in California - Is greater coordination required?" (December 1988)

#### Miscellaneous

California Criminal Justice Time Line, 1822-2000 (June 2001)\*\* Crime in California (April 2001)\*\* Gang Organization and Migration/Drugs, Gangs & Law Enforcement Proceedings of the Attorney General's Crime Conference 85 (September 1985) Proceedings of Symposium 87: White Collar/Institutional Crime - Its Measurement and Analysis

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