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18	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
19	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
20	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ex rel. ) CASE NO.: BC 318207AND BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General, ROCKARD J. ) RELATED CASE NOS:		
21	DELGADILLO, Los Angeles City Attorney, ) BC318216 and BC321570 THOMAS J. ORLOFF, Alameda Country District )		
22	Attorney (PROPOSED) CONSENT (JUDGMENT RESOLVING CLAIMS		
23	Plaintiffs, ) AGAINST DEFENDANTS: EFFEM ) MEXICO y COMPANIA S.N.C. de		
24	v. ) C.V., MASTERFOODS USA, INC., GRUPO LORENA, S.A. de C.V.,		
25	ALPRO ALIMENTO PROTEINICOS, S.A. de C.V., ) CANDY POP, S.A. de C.V.,		
26	Defendants. ) IBRO, S.A. de C.V., MARIA		
27	) TERESA IBARRA ROBLES, AND DULCES LA FRESA, S.A. de C.V.		
28	Department: 311		
	1		
	[PROPOSED] CONSENT JUDGMENT		

Country District Attorney ("People"), and the Center for Environmental Health ("CEH") and the Environmental Health Coalition ("EHC") (the People, CEH, and EHC are all collectively referred to herein as "Plaintiffs") and the undersigned defendants, including any "Opt-in Defendants" (as defined in Paragraph 16 below), (collectively referred to herein as the "Settling Defendants") enter into this Consent Judgment as follows:

1. INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff, the People of the State of California, ex rel. Bill Lockyer, Attorney General ("Attorney

General"); Rockard J. Delgadillo, Los Angeles City Attorney; and Thomas J. Orloff, Alameda

- 1.1 On July 9, 2004, the People, filed their complaint (the "People's Action"), captioned as *People v. Alpro Alimento Proteinicos, S.A. de C. V. et al.*, in the Los Angeles County Superior Court. The People alleged that the named defendants violated the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act, California Health & Safety Code sections 25249.5 et seq. ("Proposition 65") and Business & Professions Code section 17200 et seq. ("Unfair Competition Law") by exposing California consumers to lead, which was present in defendants' Mexican-style candy products, without first providing "clear and reasonable" warnings. Pursuant to Proposition 65, lead has been placed on the Governor's lists of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
- 1.2 The People filed their complaint ("Complaint") after commencing their own investigation, examining "60-Day Notices of Violation," (the "Notices") that CEH served on public enforcement agencies and defendants, and engaging in discussions with EHC, a public interest environmental justice organization that had undertaken efforts to investigate and address issues relating to lead in Mexican-style candy.
- 1.3 Settling Defendants are companies that employ ten or more persons and are persons involved in the manufacture of Mexican-style candy products that are sold in California to California consumers. The Settling Defendants who initially are signing this Consent

<sup>1.</sup> The People and Settling Defendants are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties."

 Judgment ("Original Settling Defendants") are Effem Mexico y Compania S.N.C. de C.V., Grupo Lorena S.A. de C.V., Candy Pop, S.A. de C.V., and Dulces Vero, S.A. de C.V. Other Settling Defendants may "opt in" to this settlement pursuant to the provisions of Section 16, below.

- 1.4 On July 9, 2004, CEH brought an action in the public interest captioned as Center for Environmental Health v. Candy Pop S.A. de C. V., et al., Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC 318216 (hereinafter "CEH Action") naming many of the same defendants that are named in the People's Complaint, and alleging that such defendants violated Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq. by exposing persons to lead present in defendants' Mexican-style candy products, without first providing "clear and reasonable" warnings pursuant to Proposition 65.
- 1.5 On September 15, 2004, EHC brought an action in the public interest captioned as Environmental Health Coalition v. Canel's S.A. de C. V., et al., Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC 321570 (hereinafter "EHC Action") naming many of the same defendants that are named in the People's Complaint, and alleging that such defendants violated Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq. by exposing persons to lead present in defendants' Mexican-style candy products, without first providing "clear and reasonable" warnings pursuant to Proposition 65.
- 1.6 On November 2, 2004 the voters enacted Proposition 64, which imposed certain restrictions on private plaintiff's enforcement of Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq. The application of these restrictions to pending cases has not been raised in CEH's or EHC's Actions to date, but has been the subject of conflicting Court of Appeal decisions and is likely to be addressed through disposition of other cases currently pending before the California Supreme Court. Defendants' obligations under this Consent Judgment will continue irrespective

<sup>2.</sup> Hershey Mexico S.A. de C.V. shall also be deemed to be an Original Settling Defendant as corporate successor to certain of Grupo Lorena S.A. de C.V.'s assets. Dulces Vero, S.A. de C.V. is the corporate successor to Distribuidora de Dulces Ibro, S.A. de C.V., Dulces La Fresa, S.A. de C.V. and other companies that were members of a consortium formerly known as "Grupo Dulces Vero" of which Candy Pop S.A. de C.V. and María Teresa Ibarra Robles were also members.

of any decision by the Supreme Court as to the retroactive effect of Proposition 64.

- 1.7 On May 9, 2005, the People's Action and the CEH and EHC Actions were related by order of this Court, with the People's Action, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC318207, being designated as the lead case. The Parties intend that entry of this Consent Judgment shall have the effect of consolidating the three cases pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §1048.
- Court has jurisdiction over the allegations of violations contained in the Plaintiffs' Complaints (ii) this Court has personal jurisdiction over Settling Defendants for the purposes of enforcing the terms of this Consent Judgment, (iii) venue is proper in the County of Los Angeles, and (iv) this Court has jurisdiction to enter this Consent Judgment as a full settlement and resolution of the allegations contained in Plaintiffs' Complaints, and of all claims which were or could have been raised by any person or entity based in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, on the facts alleged in the Notices, in Plaintiffs' Complaints, in the CEH or EHC Actions, or arising therefrom or related thereto. Each Settling Defendant agrees not to challenge or object to entry of this Consent Judgment by the Court unless Plaintiffs have notified that Settling Defendant in writing that Plaintiffs no longer support entry of this Consent Judgment or that the People seek to modify this Consent Judgment. Settling Defendants agree not to challenge this Court's jurisdiction to enforce the terms of this Consent Judgment once it has been entered.
- 1.9 The Parties enter into this Consent Judgment pursuant to a settlement of certain disputed claims as alleged in Plaintiffs' Complaints and Notices, for the purpose of avoiding prolonged and costly litigation and resolving the issues raised therein. By execution of this Consent Judgment, the Settling Defendants do not admit any fact, conclusion of law, or violation of law, including, but not limited to, any violations of Proposition 65, the Unfair Competition Law or any other statutory, common law or equitable requirements. Neither this Consent Judgment, nor compliance with this Consent Judgment, shall be construed as an admission by any Settling Defendants of any fact, conclusion of law, issue of law or violation of law. Nothing in this Consent Judgment shall prejudice, waive or impair any argument or defense the Settling

has extensive knowledge of good manufacturing practices in the food processing industry and

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2.5

"Independent Food Processing Auditor" shall mean an auditing company that (i)

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significant experience in inspecting food processing facilities to ensure compliance with good manufacturing practices, (ii) has provided a resume of its qualifications sufficient to address the Food Processing Association ("FPA") certification criteria used for the FPA-Safe Program to the Attorney General and (iii) has received the Attorney General's approval to conduct the audits required by this Consent Judgment. The following auditing companies have previously submitted their qualifications to the Attorney General and are deemed to meet the criteria set forth in this Paragraph: AIB, FPA, SCS, Sumner Analytical Services, and Cooke and Thurber.

- 2.6 "Small Candy Producer" shall mean any company, domiciled outside of the United States, that employs between twenty-five (25) and fifty (50) persons and whose business includes the manufacture of Candy Products.
- 2.7 "Micro Candy Producer" shall mean any company, domiciled outside of the United States, that employs ten (10) to twenty-four (24) persons and whose business includes the manufacture of Candy Products.
- 2.8 "Packaging Materials" shall mean the containers or wrappers for Settling

  Defendants' individual California Candy Products which come in direct contact with food or
  which can result in exposure to lead from reasonably foreseeable hand to mouth contact or
  mouthing by the consumer.
- 2.10 "Qualified Laboratories" shall mean the laboratory used has demonstrated proficiency to conduct lead analysis using ICP-MS on chili-containing products or using either ICP-MS or GFAAS on Packaging Materials as determined by current satisfactory performance in the Food Analysis Performance Scheme ("FAPAS") program administered by Central Science Laboratory, York, UK. The following laboratories are deemed to have met the preceding requirement for a period of one-year from the Effective Date, at which point they will need to redemonstrate to the Attorney General their ability to meet the requirements of the preceding sentence: Covance, CIATEJ, National Food Labs, West Coast Analytical Services. The Attorney General shall confirm whether additional laboratories will be deemed to have met this requirement upon submission of appropriate FAPAS documentation.

## 3. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

- 3.1 <u>Lead Reduction Measures</u>. Settling Defendants agree to reduce the lead content in their California Candy Products and associated Packaging Materials in accordance with the terms set forth below such that no warnings for lead will be required pursuant to Proposition 65.
  - 3.1.1 Independent Audit. Each Settling Defendant will do the following:
- (a) Retain Independent Food Processing Auditor. Within three (3) months following the Effective Date, each Settling Defendant will retain an Independent Food Processing Auditor to conduct annual inspections of each of its facilities used to manufacture California Candy Products for the purpose of ensuring that each such facility is employing all good manufacturing practices, procedures and purchasing controls/ingredient standards necessary to reduce lead in its products to the lowest level then currently feasible ("GMPs"). In conducting the audit(s) required by this subparagraph, the Independent Food Processing Auditor shall confirm that each facility has implemented GMPs based on the lead-related GMP checklist attached as Exhibit A to this Consent Judgment; and
- (b) Obtain Written Certification from the Independent Food Processing Auditor. Within six (6) months of the Effective Date, each Settling Defendant will obtain written certification from the Independent Food Processing Auditor that the inspection(s) required pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.1(a) have been completed utilizing the lead-related GMP checklist attached as Exhibit A and that the auditor's recommendations (if any) have been fully and satisfactorily addressed.
- 3.1.2 Safeguards on Ingredient Chili. Within six (6) months following the Effective Date, each Settling Defendant shall purchase ground chili products for use in their California Candy Products from only those suppliers who have done the following: (i) retained an Independent Food Processing Auditor(s) to conduct annual inspections of each of the suppliers' chili grinding/processing facilities which produce chili powder sold for use in California Candy Products, for the purpose of ensuring that each such facility is employing GMPs necessary to reduce lead in their chili products sold for use in California Candy Products; the inspection shall be based on the lead related GMP checklist set forth in Exhibit B to this Consent Judgment; and (ii) obtained written certification by the Independent Food Processing Auditor(s) that the

inspection(s) have been completed and that the GMPs have been implemented.

(a) <u>Certain Suppliers Pre-Approved For the Initial Audit Year</u>. The following chili suppliers are deemed to have met the preceding requirements for a period of one-year from the Effective Date, but only with respect to chili powders that have been processed from chilis that have been cleaned/washed prior to grinding:

DASA, Frudest, Andrade, Vallabhdas Kanji Ltd.

At the end of the one-year period, each of these suppliers must re-demonstrate its ability to meet the requirements of section 3.1.2, by submitting an Independent Food Processing Auditor's certification to the Attorney General. The Attorney General shall confirm whether additional chili suppliers will be entitled to the pre-approval granted under this subparagraph (a) upon submission of appropriate documentation from such suppliers; any such submission may be made as confidential business (trade secret) information, in which event the Attorney General shall deem it obtained in the course of an enforcement investigation and not disclose it unless otherwise compelled by law.

- 3.1.3 GMP Auditing-Related Submittals to the Attorney General.
- (a) Initial Certification. By no later than six (6) months following the Effective Date, each Settling Defendant shall provide the Attorney General with certification from the Independent Food Processing Auditor(s) demonstrating that the requirements of subparagraphs 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 (for California Candy Products and related chili processing facilities respectively) have been fully met.
- (b) Annual Recertification. Beginning on June 30, 2007, each Settling Defendant shall provide the Attorney General with annual certification from the Independent Food Processing Auditor retained pursuant to subparagraphs 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 (for California Candy Products and related chili processing facilities respectively), demonstrating that the required annual inspections have been completed, that substantial compliance has been demonstrated, and that the Auditor's recommendations as to non-substantial compliance items (if any) have been satisfactorily addressed within thirty (30) days. For purposes of the preceding sentence, "substantial compliance" shall mean having no "critical deficiencies" (i.e., conditions that result

or would likely result in the addition of lead into the product in question); items for which "critical deficiencies" exist are delineated on the lead-related GMP checklists attached as Exhibits A and B to this Consent Judgment.

- (c) <u>Lists of Certified Manufacturers/Brands/Names of California Candy Products</u>. Upon receipt of the information required by 3.1.5(a) and the certifications required by subparagraphs 3.1.3, 3.1.5(b) and 3.1.10, the Attorney General shall maintain and make available to the public a list of state approved California Candy Products by name of company and/or by brand(s) of that company, or, where not all of a company's and/or brands' Candy Products are manufactured in a manner consistent with this Consent Judgment's requirements for California Candy Products, by the names of each certified line of California Candy Product.
- (d) Failure to Timely Submit Proper Certifications/Recertifications. The Attorney General shall remove any Settling Defendant that fails to meet the requirements set forth in subparagraphs 3.1.3(a), 3.1.3(b), and 3.1.10 from the State of California's list of approved California Candy Products, and such Settling Defendant shall not ship California Candy Products for sale in the State of California. If the Independent Food Processing Auditor thereafter certifies that it has re-inspected the facility(ies) for which initial certifications or annual recertifications were not timely submitted and confirms that such facility(ies) are in full compliance with the lead-related GMP checklists attached as Exhibits A and B (as applicable) and that the testing requirements set forth in subparagraphs 3.1.5 and 3.1.8 have been met and that the test results demonstrate that the lead standards set forth in subparagraphs 3.1.6 and 3.1.9 have been complied with, the Settling Defendant may submit such certification/recertification to the Attorney General and, unless the Attorney General objects within 30 days, proceed to ship its California Candy Products for sale in California.
- 3.1.4 Reduction in Frequency of Audits. Once a Settling Defendant, or a Settling Defendant's chili supplier, has satisfactorily completed three (3) consecutive annual audits in accordance with the terms of this Consent Judgment, then the requirements of subparagraphs 3.1.1-3.1.3 may be addressed through a formal, documented internal auditing program ("Internal Auditing Program") that has been approved in advance by an Independent Food Processing

Auditor with notification thereof provided to Attorney General. Once the Internal Auditing Program has been approved, the Settling Defendant shall supply the Attorney General with written annual certifications for an additional three years showing that such internal audits have been completed and GMPs have been met. Thereafter, each Settling Defendant shall keep its Internal Auditing Program in effect, but the obligation to submit annual certifications to the Attorney General shall be suspended. In the event that the Attorney General thereafter determines that such a Settling Defendant has sold California Candy Products with lead in excess of the levels set forth in paragraphs 3.1.6 or has otherwise violated any provision of this Consent Judgment, the Attorney General may instruct that Settling Defendant to resume conducting audits using an Independent Food Processing Auditor, and providing certification of such audits, on an annual or biennial basis to the extent and for the duration that the Attorney General deems necessary.

- 3.1.5 Testing Requirements for California Candy Products. Beginning within three (3) months following the Effective Date, each Settling Defendant will perform, using Qualified Laboratories employing a limit of quantitation ("LOQ") of 50 parts per billion ("ppb") (i.e., 0.050 parts per million ("ppm")) or lower, quarterly lead content testing of each family of its California Candy Products pursuant to the sampling and testing protocol contained in Exhibit C to this Judgment. For purposes of this Consent Judgment, a family of California Candy Products ("Product Family") is defined as all products made with the same formula or recipe except as to minor variations, which variations do not involve the use of chili, tamarind, imitation tamarind or salt.<sup>24</sup>
- (a) <u>Product Families and Newly Developed Products</u>. Within three (3) months following the Effective Date, each Settling Defendant shall develop and thereafter maintain a list of its current California Candy Product Families and shall provide this list to the Attorney General upon request and with each certification required by paragraph 3.1.10, who shall maintain it as confidential business (trade secret) information obtained in the course of an enforcement

<sup>3.</sup> For example, products that contain the same ingredients in approximately the same proportions but differ in the color used would be considered in the same Product Family.

investigation and treat it accordingly. The list shall include all brand and product line names in each California Candy Product Family. Notwithstanding the aforementioned confidentiality, the Attorney General may, if necessary, use information from the Settling Defendants' lists to prepare its list of California Candy Products as set forth in paragraph 3.1.3(c), and to conduct confirmatory testing.

- (b) New Products. Within sixty (60) days of introducing a new California Candy Product, the Settling Defendant will prepare a certification based on the recipe for that new product; this certification shall indicate either: (1) that the new product meets the requirements necessary to fall within an existing California Candy Product Family, or (2) that the new product shall be considered to establish a new California Candy Product Family and shall independently be subject to the testing requirements of this subparagraph 3.1.5. Based on this certification, the Settling Defendant shall, as necessary, amend its Product Family list to include the new California Candy Product, and shall supply the amended list to the Attorney General upon request, who shall maintain it subject to the same restrictions set forth above in subparagraph (a).
- (c) Maintenance of List of Product Families. The list of Product Families to be developed and maintained pursuant to subparagraphs 3.1.5(a) and 3.1.5(b) shall be provided to the Independent Food Processing Auditor retained for purposes of subparagraph 3.1.1 in conjunction with its review of testing records pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.10 below.
- (d) Reduction in Frequency of Testing. Following the satisfactory completion of four (4) consecutive quarterly tests for a particular Product Family, testing as to that Product Family may be reduced to a semi-annual frequency. Following the satisfactory completion of a total of eight (8) consecutive tests as to a Product Family, testing as to that Product Family may be suspended. In the event the Attorney General thereafter determines that a Settling Defendant has sold California Candy Products containing lead in excess of the Maximum Lead Level specified in subparagraph 3.1.6 below, the Attorney General may instruct the Settling Defendant to resume quarterly or semi-annual testing as to that Product Family for the duration the Attorney General deems necessary.
  - 3.1.6 Lead Levels for California Candy Products. The "Maximum Lead Level" is 100

ppb (i.e., 0.100 ppm). As of the Effective Date, a Settling Defendant shall not manufacture or distribute any California Candy Products from a Product Family for which the result (as measured as an arithmetic average of the samples of a particular Product Family from a single lot pursuant to the sampling and testing protocol set forth in subparagraph 3.1.5 above) exceeds the Maximum Lead Level. The Maximum Lead Level is an interim level which the Attorney General has determined shall be used for purposes of Health & Safety Code § 110552(c)(3), pending promulgation of a regulations of the lead level to be established pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 110552(c)(3).

- (a) <u>Potential Reevaluation</u>. In the event the Attorney General determines it necessary to protect the public's health and is otherwise in the public interest, the Maximum Lead Level set forth in subparagraph 3.1.6 above shall be subject to reevaluation three (3) years following the Effective Date. At that time, the Attorney General may convene a committee composed of invitations extended to a representative of the California Department of Health Services' Food and Drug Division, a representative of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration<sup>4</sup>, a representative selected by the Attorney General, and two representatives of the Original Settling Defendants (collectively, the "Technical Committee") to reevaluate the Maximum Lead Level. The Technical Committee shall, if they deem it warranted, recommend a new Maximum Lead Level ("New Maximum Lead Level") based on the presumptions that:
  - (i) 0.5 micrograms/day of lead can be present in California Candy Products pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 22, section 12805(b); and
  - (ii) additional naturally occurring concentrations of lead, which do not yield a total concentration that exceeds .100 ppm, can be present in California Candy Products pursuant to section 12501(a) of Proposition 65's regulations if:
    - (a) it is not avoidable by good agricultural or good manufacturing practices, and
    - (b) candy manufacturers and chili producers at all times utilize quality control
- 4. In the event that the Department of Health Services or the Food and Drug Administration declines the Attorney General's invitation, the Attorney General may, after meeting and conferring with Settling Defendants, issue invitations to other persons with relevant expertise.

measures that reduce lead to the "lowest level currently feasible," as that term is used in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 110.110, subdivision (c) (2001).

In addition to other relevant considerations, the Technical Committee shall, in deliberating concerning item (ii) above, review the following:

- (1) A statistical analysis of chili powder and finished product lead data; any such data provided to the Technical Committee by the Attorney General should be provided without identifying the name of the manufacturer which submitted the data.
- (2) A review of lead-related GMPs then being employed in food processing operations and the need for potential updates, if any, to the GMP checklists attached hereto as Exhibits A and B.
- (3) A review of practical advances, if any, in procedures for removing external lead from chilis and in quality control methods in general.

Based on the Technical Committee's report and items (i) and (ii) above, and after meeting and conferring with the Parties, the Attorney General may make a written determination of the New Maximum Lead Level. Such new Maximum Lead Level shall replace the Maximum Lead Level set forth in subparagraph 3.1.6(a) above within one hundred twenty (120) days unless a Settling Defendant moves to challenge it before this Court within 60 days, in which event its effectiveness shall be stayed until the challenge is resolved. Such written determination by the Attorney General if not challenged, or a final decision by the Court in the event of a challenge, shall be considered the new interim "naturally occurring level" pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 110552(c)(3), pending promulgation of a regulation defining the lead level pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 110552(c)(3).

(b) <u>Outlier Limitation</u>. The Parties recognize that lead levels in California Candy Products will have some degree of inherent variability notwithstanding the use of chili from suppliers meeting the requirements of subparagraph 3.1.2 above and, therefore, individual samples of California Candy Products may from time to time contain lead in excess of the

Maximum Lead Level as defined above. However, in no event shall an individual sample of any California Candy Product as measured by a Qualified Laboratory pursuant to the testing method set forth in subparagraph 3.1.5 above exceed a lead level of 150 ppb (0.150 ppm). If a new Maximum Lead Level is established pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.6(a), the Attorney General, in consultation with the Technical Committee, shall also set a corresponding new Outlier Limitation level and LOQ.

- (c) In the event that a Settling Defendant's testing shows that the averaged result for a Settling Defendant's Product Family contains lead in excess of the Maximum Lead Level specified by subparagraph 3.1.6, or that one sample in that testing exceeds the Outlier Limitation level, the Settling Defendant shall not sell the lot which was tested and shall promptly notify the Attorney General in writing of the laboratory results showing elevated lead levels in the Settling Defendant's California Candy Product Family. The Settling Defendant will also: (i) consult with its Independent Food Processing Auditor, (ii) attempt to locate the source of elevated lead seen in the laboratory results, and (iii) provide the Attorney General with a report on this investigation and a proposal to prevent the situation from occurring in the future. On approval by the Attorney General, the affected Settling Defendant will implement this proposal. Before it resumes selling candy from the Product Family in question, the Settling Defendant shall re-conduct the testing of the Product Family, and demonstrate to the Attorney General that the testing yields results that do not exceed the Maximum Lead Level and Outlier Limitation.
- Judgment does not restrain Settling Defendants from manufacturing, selling, or distributing Candy Products with a lead level in excess of the Maximum Lead Level or Outlier Limitation specified by subparagraph 3.1.6 (as measured pursuant to the sampling and testing protocol set forth in Exhibit C) to markets outside the State of California. However, the Parties recognize that such Candy Products may later be shipped for sale to California retailers and consumers through "grey market" channels. Accordingly, beginning within three (3) months following the Effective Date, in the event that a Settling Defendant chooses to manufacture Candy Products that (i) yield test results in excess of the Maximum Lead Level or Outlier Limitation, or (ii)

 otherwise are not manufactured in accordance with the requirements of subparagraphs 3.1.1, 3.1.2 and 3.1.9, the Settling Defendant shall label each retail unit of that Candy Product in Spanish as follows: "ATENCION: PUEDE CONTENER PLOMO. NO PARA VENTA EN CALIFORNIA." This statement shall be in capital letters, in 9 point or greater type font.

3.1.8 Testing Packaging Materials Used for California Candy Products. Within three (3) months of the Effective Date, each Settling Defendant will perform, or require each of its suppliers of Packaging Materials which may be used for California Candy Products to perform, lead testing of a single sample of each type of Packaging Materials used with California Candy Products; the testing shall be done at Qualified Laboratories using ICP-MS or GFAAS with an LOQ of 100 ppb, to substantiate that the lead levels specified in subparagraph 3.1.9 below have been met pursuant to the applicable testing protocol set forth in subparagraph 3.1.9. below. For purposes of this Consent Judgment, a "type" of Packaging Materials ("Packaging Family") is defined as ceramic containers, paper, foil, molded plastic, flexible polyester/propylene/metal or laminate of polyester/propylene/metal. Whenever Packaging Materials are changed to include new materials or components or whenever Packaging Materials are acquired from a new manufacturer, new testing to confirm that the requirements of subparagraph 3.1.9 have been met is required prior to their use.

- 3.1.9 <u>Maximum Lead Levels for Packaging Materials</u>. The following requirements apply to Packaging Materials for California Candy Products:
- (a) <u>Limitation on Lead Content</u> A Settling Defendant shall not sell, or distribute for sale, any California Candy Products in Packaging Materials that: (a) if they are ceramic, leach lead in excess of 100 ppb (i.e., 0.100 ppm) of lead when tested pursuant to ASTM Method C-738 (24-hour acetic acid leaching protocol); (b) if they are not ceramic, contain any intentionally added

<sup>5.</sup> At a Settling Defendant's option, a reference to the United States may be used in lieu of the above reference to "California."

<sup>6.</sup> Inks and glazes are not a Packaging Materials, but rather may be a component of a Packaging Material and a change in the type of inks or glazes used in a Packaging Family will result in a new Packaging Family being created and, hence, the need for a new test to be performed at a Qualified Laboratory to ensure that the requirements of subparagraph 3.1.9 are met.

lead or, if no lead has been intentionally added, contain lead in excess of 20 ppm based on total lead content analysis following complete digestion of the Packaging Material in nitric acid.

- (b) Film-encased Packaging Material. If a Settling Defendant uses Packaging Materials that contain lead but are encased by film that is intended to be a barrier to the migration of that lead, the Settling Defendant must show that the film acts as an effective barrier to the migration of lead from the Packaging Materials to the candy. The Settling Defendant may propose, for the Attorney General's review and approval, a protocol and testing requirement that Settling Defendants may use in making such a showing ("Film Packaging Protocol"). If the Attorney General approves a Film Packaging Protocol, the Attorney General will file it as an amendment denoted as "Exhibit D" to this Consent Judgment, and the Consent Judgment will be deemed to be so amended. If this Judgment is so amended, any Settling Defendant using Packaging Materials encased by films may comply with the Film Packaging Protocol, and the provisions of Exhibit D, as an alternative to the Packaging Material requirements of paragraph 3.1.9(a).
- 3.1.10 Compliance Documentation as to Testing of California Candy Products and related Packaging Materials. Within no more than six (6) months after the Effective Date, and thereafter on an annual basis, each Settling Defendant will provide the Attorney General with certification from the Independent Food Processing Auditor they retain pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.1 above attesting to their compliance with the testing requirements set forth in subparagraphs 3.1.5 and 3.1.8 and, based on those test results, the lead standards set forth in subparagraphs 3.1.6 and 3.1.9 as to all Families of California Candy Products and associated Packaging Materials respectively. These certifications shall be based on the Independent Food Processing Auditor's firsthand review of the Compliance Documentation in conjunction with the list of Product Families to be developed and maintained pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.5(a) above. Thereafter, each Settling Defendant shall maintain records documenting their ongoing compliance with the testing requirements set forth in subparagraphs 3.1.5 and 3.1.8 and provide such Compliance Documentation to the Independent Food Processing Auditor retained for purposes of subparagraph 3.1.1, who shall inspect such records annually in conjunction with their GMP audit and certify to the AG that the testing requirements set forth in subparagraphs

- 3.1.5 and 3.1.8 have continued to be met and that the lead standards set forth in subparagraphs3.1.6 and 3.1.9 have continued to be complied with as to all Families of California CandyProducts and associated Packaging Materials respectively.
- (a) In addition to providing the certifications to the Attorney General as described above, if a Settling Defendants' testing for a Product Family of any California Candy Product results in an arithmetic average pursuant to the sampling and testing protocol set forth in Exhibit C which exceeds the Maximum Lead Level or a single result in excess of the Outlier Limitation, the Settling Defendant shall (i) promptly inform the Attorney General, (ii) upon request, supply the Attorney General with a copy of the test results, and (iii) follow the protocol set forth in 3.1.6(c).
- (b) Settling Defendants shall, upon request, provide the Attorney General with the results of all of their testing pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.5 for his use in determining whether to conduct a reevaluation pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.6 (a). The Attorney General shall maintain such submissions subject to the same restrictions set forth in paragraph 3.1.5(a); however, he may provide it to the Technical Committee for its use in the reevaluation without identifying the name of the manufacturer which submitted the data. In redacting the data to remove the identifying name of the manufacturer, the Attorney General will maintain a uniform code so that the results from any single manufacturer can still be identified by the Technical Committee as being from a single, unidentified manufacturer.
- (c) Settling Defendants are required to keep all Compliance Documentation on file, and available to the Attorney General upon request, for a period of four years from the date on which it is created.
- 3.2 <u>Confirmatory Testing</u>. The Plaintiffs intend to conduct periodic sampling of Settling Defendants' California Candy Products; any such testing will be conducted pursuant to the sampling and testing protocols set forth in Exhibit F to this Consent Judgment. ("Confirmatory Testing"). In the event that Confirmatory Testing shows that a sample (as defined in Exhibit F) of a Settling Defendant's Product Family contains lead in excess of the Maximum Lead Level specified by subparagraph 3.1.6, the Parties shall do the following:
  - 3.2.1 <u>Lead In Excess of Maximum Lead Level</u>. The Attorney General will promptly

notify the affected Settling Defendant in writing of the laboratory results showing elevated lead levels in the Settling Defendant's California Candy Product Family. Following an opportunity to meet and confer concerning the laboratory results, the affected Settling Defendant will, if the Attorney General so requests: (i) consult with its Independent Food Processing Auditor, (ii) attempt to locate the source of elevated lead seen in the laboratory results, and (iii) provide the Attorney General with a report on this investigation and a proposal to prevent the situation from occurring in future. On approval by the Attorney General, the affected Settling Defendant will implement this proposal. The affected Settling Defendant will reimburse Plaintiffs for reasonable laboratory and sample purchasing costs they actually incur in obtaining results finding lead in any California Candy Products at levels exceeding those set forth in subparagraph 3.1.6 (unless such findings are shown to be invalid) and will reimburse the Attorney General for reasonable attorney time incurred in responding to such findings.

- 3.2.2 Lead over the Outlier Limitation or Packaging Material Limits. In the event that Confirmatory Testing conducted pursuant to subparagraph 3.2 shows that lead in excess of 150 ppb is present in an individual piece of candy of Settling Defendant's California Candy Products, or that testing conducted at Qualified Laboratories pursuant to the protocols and methods specified in subparagraphs 3.1.8 and 3.1.9 shows that lead in excess of the levels authorized under subsection 3.1.9 is present in a Settling Defendant's Packaging Materials, the Attorney General may, after meeting and conferring with Settling Defendants: (a) invoke the provisions of Section 6 of this Consent Judgment and/or, (b) instruct that Settling Defendant to (i) cease sales of that Candy Product Family and/or Packaging Family until the completion of the process set forth in Paragraph 3.2.1, and/or (ii) conduct testing on each production lot of that California Candy Product (and/or its Product Family) and/or its related types of primary Packaging Materials prior to further shipment of such production lots.
- 3.2.3 In the event that Confirmatory Testing conducted pursuant to subparagraph 3.2 shows that lead in excess of 500 ppb is present in an individual piece of Settling Defendant's California Candy Products, the Attorney General may, after meeting and conferring with Defendants, (a) instruct that Settling Defendant to cease sales of that Candy Product Family

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1	and/or Packaging Family and implement the process set forth in Paragraph 3.2.1, (b) instruct that			
2	Settling Defendant to institute a recall of that Candy Product Family and/or Packaging Family,			
3	and/or (c) file a petition for a temporary restraining order and/or preliminary injunction in this			
4	Court, without having to terminate this Consent Judgment in accordance with Section 7.			
5	4. TOTAL SETTLEMENT AMOUNT			
6	The Total Settlement Amount for the Original Settling Defendants is \$1,854,000. A			
7	credit of \$900,000 is being applied to the Total Settlement Amount for Original Settling			
8	Defendants' past cooperation in the investigation and resolution of the issues in this case.			
9	Specifically, Original Settling Defendants, through their representatives, have actively			
10	participated in extensive technical investigations into the issues of lead GMPs for candy			
11	manufacturers and chili suppliers, have acted as liaisons to the Mexican chili powder processors,			
12	and have participated in the negotiation of this Consent Judgment.			
13	The remaining \$954,000 of the Total Settlement Amount will be paid jointly, by Original			
14	Settling Defendants, in cash as specified in this Paragraphs 5, 6 and 8.			
15	5. REIMBURSEMENT OF FEES AND COSTS.			
16	5.1 Within thirty (30) days of the Effective Date, Original Settling Defendants shall jointly			
17	pay \$475,000, to be divided into the following amounts, as partial reimbursement to Plaintiffs for			
18	the attorneys' fees and costs incurred in investigating, bringing, and resolving the People's,			
19	CEH's, and EHC's Actions: <sup>2/</sup>			
20	Office of the Attorney General \$ 90,000			
21	Alameda County District Attorney \$ 55,000			
22	Los Angeles City Attorney \$ 35,000			
23	Environmental Health Coalition \$ 120,000			
24	Center for Environmental Health \$ 175,000			
25	5.2 Payments of the Attorney General's fees and costs shall be by check payable to the			
26				
27	7. The Plaintiffs note that the amount specified above represents only partial reimbursement of Plaintiffs'			

<sup>7.</sup> The Plaintiffs note that the amount specified above represents only partial reimbursement of Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs and, accordingly, other defendants, including those that become Opt-In Defendants under Section 16 of this Consent Judgment, will need to make further contributions in order to fully reimburse Plaintiffs' for the attorneys' fees and costs they have incurred.

Office of the California Attorney General, and shall be sent to:

Robert Thomas Legal Analyst Office of the Attorney General 1515 Clay St., 20th Floor, Oakland, California 94612

Funds retained by the Attorney General pursuant to this Paragraph 5 shall be placed in an interest bearing Special Deposit Fund established by the Attorney General. Those funds, including any interest derived therefrom, shall be used by the Attorney General, until all funds are exhausted, for the costs and expenses associated with the enforcement and implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 ("Proposition 65"), including investigations, enforcement actions, other litigation or activities as determined by the Attorney General to be reasonably necessary to carry out his duties and authority under Proposition 65. Such funding may be used for the costs of the Attorney General's investigation, filing fees and other court costs, payment to expert witnesses and technical consultants, purchase of equipment, travel, purchase of written materials, laboratory testing, sample collection, or any other cost associated with the Attorney General's duties or authority under Proposition 65. Funding placed in the Special Deposit Fund pursuant to this Paragraph, and any interest derived therefrom, shall solely and exclusively augment the budget of the Attorney General's Office and in no manner shall supplant or cause any reduction of any portion of the Attorney General's budget.

5.3 Payments of the other Plaintiffs' attorneys fees should be made as follows:

Payments to the Alameda County District Attorney's Office should be made by check payable to the Alameda County District Attorney's Office, and shall be sent to:

Lawrence C. Blazer Senior Deputy District Attorney Alameda County District Attorney's Office 7677 Oakport St., Suite 650 Oakland, California 94621

Payments to the Los Angeles City Attorney should be made by check payable to the Los Angeles City Attorney, and shall be sent to:

Patricia Bilgin Supervising Attorney, Environmental Justice Unit 200 North Main Street, 500 City Hall East

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Payments to the Environmental Health Coalition should be made by check payable to the Environmental Health Coalition, and shall be sent to:

> Suzanne Bevash Environmental Advocates 232 4th Street Del Mar, CA 92014

Payments to the Center for Environmental Health should be made by check payable to the Lexington Law Group, LLP, and shall be sent to:

> Mark N. Todzo Lexington Law Group 1627 Irving Street San Francisco, CA 94122

#### 6. PENALTIES AND STIPULATED PENALTIES.

- 6.1 Penalties. Within thirty (30) days of the Effective Date, Original Settling Defendants shall jointly pay the following civil penalties: \$100,000.
- 6.2 Stipulated Penalties. A Settling Defendant shall be individually liable for stipulated penalties, in the amounts set forth below, where the Attorney General determines that any of the following has occurred:
- (1) Confirmatory Testing performed pursuant to subparagraph 3.2 of the Settling Defendant's Product Family following invocation of the procedures set forth in subparagraph 3.2.1 with respect to the Product Family in question establishes the presence of lead at an average level in excess of the Maximum Lead Level specified in subparagraph 3.1.6.

Occurrence	Penalty Amount	
	For Companies that can demonstrate	For Companies that cannot demonstrate
	that they have complied with	that they have complied with Sections
	Sections 3.1.1 through 3.1.5 of this	3.1.1 through 3.1.5 of this Consent
	Consent Judgment	Judgment

First	\$ 500 per affected Product Family	\$1,000 per affected Product Family
Occurrence		
Second	\$2,500 per affected Product Family	\$5,000 per affected Product Family
Occurrence		
Third and	\$5,000 per affected Product Family	\$10,000 per affected Product Family
Subsequent		
Occurrences		

(2) Confirmatory Testing performed pursuant to subparagraph 3.2 of a sampling of the Settling Defendant's California Candy Products establishes the presence of lead at levels in excess of 150 ppb or testing performed pursuant to subparagraph 3.2.2 of a sample of Packaging Materials related to a Settling Defendant's California Candy Products establishes the presence of lead in excess of the levels prescribed in subparagraph 3.1.9.

Occurrence	Penalty Amount	
	For Companies that can demonstrate	For Companies that cannot demonstrate
	that they have complied with	that they have complied with Sections
	Sections 3.1.1 through 3.1.5 of this	3.1.1 through 3.1.5 of this Consent
	Consent Judgment	Judgment
First	\$ 500 per affected Product Line or	\$1,000 per affected Product Line or
Occurrence	Packaging Family	Packaging Family
Second	\$2,500 per affected Product Line or	\$5,000 per affected Product Line or
Occurrence	Packaging Family	Packaging Family
Third and	\$5,000 per affected Product Line or	\$10,000 per affected Product Line or
Subsequent	Packaging Family	Packaging Family
Occurrences		

(3) A Settling Defendant has failed to conduct a periodic audit required by subparagraph

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respect to a Settling Defendant if the Attorney General determines that (a) Confirmatory Testing indicates that the Settling Defendant's California Candy Products are repeatedly sold with average lead levels in excess of the Maximum Lead Level established under subparagraph 3.1.6 and the procedures set forth in subparagraph 3.2.1 have been ineffective in reducing those levels, (b) Confirmatory Testing has shown that the Settling Defendant's California Candy Product has repeatedly been sold with lead content in excess of 150 ppb or that testing indicates that the Packaging Materials related to a Settling Defendant's California Candy Products have repeatedly been sold with lead levels in excess of those set forth in subparagraph 3.1.9; (c) the Settling Defendant has repeatedly or consistently failed to comply with the audit and/or certification provisions of subsections 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 of this Consent Judgment, or (d) the Settling Defendant has repeatedly or consistently failed to comply with any other provision of this Consent Judgment. In the event that the Court terminates this Consent Judgment as to a Settling Defendant, then, (i) the People shall retain all their rights, including, without limitation, (1) the right to seek an injunction from this Court, or any other competent court, requiring the Settling Defendant to provide clear and reasonable warnings on its California Candy Products as required by Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, and (2) the right to seek civil penalties from the Settling Defendant for violations of Proposition 65, the Unfair Competition Law and/or any other applicable law or regulation that occur after the entry of this Consent Judgment; (ii) the Settling Defendant will retain all their defenses to any such action; and (iii) the Settling Defendant shall not be entitled to any reimbursement of, or credit for, the amounts paid pursuant to Sections 5, 6 or 8 of this Consent Judgment.

## 8. GRANTS IN LIEU OF PENALTIES.

8.1 Any process undertaken by the Public Health Trust to identify and choose the entity(ies) that will receive any of the grants to be awarded under this section 8 must be open to public scrutiny and subject to public notice and comment. CEH, EHC, the Alameda County District Attorney and the Los Angeles City Attorney shall have the right to review and comment on any proposed use of the funds, and any use of the funds must be approved by the Attorney General.

- 8.2 Original Settling Defendants shall jointly provide a seed grant of \$379,000 to the Public Health Trust to provide grants, subject to the public selection process set forth in section 8.1, for the following purposes (Initial PHT Grant Purposes):
  - (A) <u>Community Outreach</u>: At least \$150,000 of the seed grant money shall be used to fund community outreach programs operated by community-based environmental health or environmental justice organizations for the purpose of informing California consumers/retailers of: (i) issues of lead poisoning in general, (ii) the identities of California Candy Product manufacturers and brands that meet the terms of this Consent Judgment and which may legally be sold in California, and (iii) the importance of avoiding Candy Products that are not made by manufacturers (or associated with brands) appearing on the list to be maintained by the Attorney General pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.3(c) above, including, but not limited to those labeled "ATENCION: PUEDE CONTENER PLOMO. NO PARA VENTA EN CALIFORNIA."
  - (B) <u>Technical Assistance</u>: A minimum of \$24,000 of the seed grant money shall be reserved to subsidize the cost of the auditing and testing work required under this Consent Judgment for Small and Micro Candy Producers. Such subsidies shall not exceed \$2000 per Small or Micro Candy Producer without authorization from the Attorney General and shall be disbursed directly to Independent Food Processing Auditors or Qualified Laboratories to offset the cost of work they perform for Small or Micro Candy Producers.
  - (C) Equipment. Matching funds of approximately 30% percent towards the cost of purchasing an ICP-MS by the California Department Of Health Services Food and Drug Branch and/or by a qualified analytical laboratory located in Mexico, provided any lab in Mexico receiving the grants agrees to furnish analytical services to Mexican candy and chili producers at reduced cost.
  - (D) Recruitment of Opt-In Defendants. To provide funding to an appropriate and qualified organization for expenses and staff time incurred in assisting Opt-In Defendants with the process of entering into, and complying with the terms of, this Consent

Judgment.

- 8.3 The Initial PHT Grant Purposes shall be funded with the first \$379,000 in seed money from the Original Settling Defendants. This Consent Judgment also contemplates that Opt-In Defendants may pay settlement amounts directed to the Public Health Trust. It is also anticipated that other settlements with other defendants ("Other Defendants") in this case may result in additional amounts directed to the Public Health Trust. Such funds directed to the Public Health Trust, from Opt-In Defendants and Other Defendants, may be used to fund any unfunded portions of the Initial PHT Grant Purposes, as well as the following additional PHT Grant Purposes (collectively, PHT Grant Purposes), subject to the public selection process set forth in section 8.1:
  - (A) Additional Community Outreach: To fund community outreach programs operated by (i) the Los Angeles County Health Department for Community Outreach Programs in Los Angeles County and/or (ii) the Lead Poisoning Prevention Department of the Alameda County Community Development Agency, for the purpose of informing California consumers/retailers of: (a) issues of lead poisoning in general, (b) the identities of California Candy Product manufacturers and brands that meet the terms of this Consent Judgment and which may legally be sold in California, and (c) the importance of avoiding Candy Products that are not made by manufacturers (or associated with brands) appearing on the list to be maintained by the Attorney General pursuant to subparagraph 3.1.3(c) above, including, but not limited to those labeled "ATENCIÓN: PUEDE CONTENER PLOMO. NO PARA VENTA EN CALIFORNIA."
  - (B) To provide grants for the study of practical and cost effective means for removing lead from the exterior surface of chilies.
  - (C) To provide funding for a grant recipient to conduct a study of methods to reduce lead in chili powder.
  - (D) To provide subsidies for chili pepper processors located in Mexico to purchase cleaning and processing equipment, such as scrubbers, to be used to reduce dirt contamination.

(E) To provide subsidies to enable Small Opt-Ins to retain an Independent Food
Processing Auditor to conduct inspections of their candy manufacturing facilities
pursuant to subparagraphs 3.1.1 for the purpose of ensuring that those facilities are
employing those good manufacturing practices set forth in Exhibit A so as to reduce lead
in their California Candy Products to the lowest level currently feasible.

(F) To provide subsidies for enabling Small Opt-Ins to perform testing at Qualified Laboratories of Product Families of their California Candy Products and/or related Packaging Families based on the methodologies and protocols specified under subparagraphs 3.1.5, 3.1.8, and 3.1.9 of this Consent Judgment respectively.

Any remaining funds shall be used by the Public Health Trust, subject to the public selection process set forth in section 8.1, for the following purposes: to fund projects dedicated to the reduction of lead contamination in Mexican food products and/or to the California Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program.

# 9. <u>ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS: CONTINUING OBLIGATIONS.</u>

By entering into this Consent Judgment, the Plaintiffs do not waive any right to take further enforcement actions regarding any violations not covered by Plaintiffs' Complaints or addressed by the Claims Covered this Consent Judgment as set forth in Section 12 below.

Nothing in this Consent Judgment shall be construed as diminishing Settling Defendants' continuing obligation to comply with Proposition 65 or the Unfair Competition Law in their future activities.

#### 10. ENFORCEMENT OF CONSENT JUDGMENT.

The People may, by motion or order to show cause before the Superior Court of Los Angeles, enforce the terms and conditions contained in this Consent Judgment. In any action brought by the People to enforce this Consent Judgment, the People may seek whatever fines, costs, attorneys' fees, penalties or remedies are provided by law for failure to comply with the Consent Judgment. Where said failure to comply constitutes future violations of Proposition 65 or other laws, independent of the Consent Judgment and/or those alleged in the Complaint, the People are not limited to enforcement of this Consent Judgment, but may seek in another action,

whatever fines, costs, attorneys' fees, penalties or remedies are provided by law for failure to comply with Proposition 65 or other laws. However, the rights of Settling Defendants to defend themselves and their actions in law or equity shall not be abrogated or reduced in any fashion by the terms of this Section and Settling Defendants shall be entitled to raise any and all applicable defenses, arising in law or equity, against the People, except that a Settling Defendant shall not contest their obligation to comply with the terms of this Consent Judgment as long as this consent Judgment remains in effect as to such Settling Defendant.

# 11. APPLICATION OF CONSENT JUDGMENT.

This Consent Judgment shall apply to, be binding upon and inure to the benefit of, the Parties, their divisions, subdivisions and subsidiaries and the successors or assigns of each of them. Unless otherwise provided herein, any change in ownership, partnership status or corporate status of a Settling Defendant including, but not limited to, any transfer of assets or real or personal property, shall in no way alter such Settling Defendant's responsibilities under this Consent Judgment and each Settling Defendant shall be responsible and shall remain responsible for carrying out all activities required of that Settling Defendant under this Consent Judgment.

## 12. CLAIMS COVERED

Except as provided elsewhere herein, this Consent Judgment is a final and binding resolution between the Plaintiffs and each Settling Defendant, satisfying and releasing each Settling Defendant, its parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, divisions, brands, predecessors, successors, officers, directors, employees, distributors, retailers and customers from any and all claims, causes of action, damages, costs, penalties or attorneys fees based upon alleged violations of Proposition 65 or the Unfair Competition Law that arise from that Settling Defendant's failure to provide clear and reasonable warnings, pursuant to Proposition 65, with respect to the presence of lead in their Candy Products or Packaging Materials. Compliance with the terms of this Consent Judgment by a Settling Defendant constitutes compliance with Proposition 65 as to lead for that Settling Defendant's Candy Products and Packaging

Materials.8/

## 13. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

This Consent Judgment contains the sole and entire agreement and understanding of the Parties with respect to the entire subject matter hereof, and any and all prior discussions, negotiations, commitments and understandings related hereto. No representations, oral or otherwise, express or implied, other than those contained herein have been made by any Party hereto. No other agreements not specifically referred to herein, oral or otherwise, shall be deemed to exist or to bind any of the Parties.

## 14. <u>AUTHORIZATION</u>

Each signatory to this Consent Judgment certifies that he or she is fully authorized by the Party or entity he or she represents to enter into this Consent Judgment on behalf of the Party or entity represented and legally to bind that Party or Entity.

## 15. MODIFICATION

This Consent Judgment may be modified from time to time by express written agreement of the Parties, with the approval of the Court, or by an order of this Court in accordance with law.

## 16. OPT-IN PROGRAM

16.1 This Consent Judgment is executed with the understanding that additional persons and entities, whether or not previously named in the People's Action, who are not Original Settling Defendants under this Consent Judgment may wish to be bound by the terms of this Consent Judgment ("Opt-In Defendants"). At any time, within one hundred and twenty (120) days following entry of this Consent Judgment, companies willing to (i) bind themselves to the terms of this Consent Judgment (other than those set forth for the Original Settling Defendants in Sections 4, 5, 6 and 8), (ii) to execute the Stipulation for Entry of Judgment described in section 16.2, and (iii) make a payment in an amount to be agreed upon between the Opt-in Defendant

<sup>8.</sup> As Masterfoods USA, Inc. ("Masterfoods") does not manufacture Candy Products and has only allegedly served as a distributor of Candy Products manufactured by Effem Mexico y Compania S.N.C. de C.V. ("Effem"), Masterfoods will be a beneficiary of the liability releases to Effem provided above. Accordingly, Masterfoods is not executing this Consent Judgment as an Original Settling Defendant.

and the Attorney General, may notify the Attorney General of their desire to participate in this Consent Judgment as Opt-In Defendants. Each Opt-In Defendant shall concurrently provide the Attorney General with its contact names and mailing addresses of all entities wishing to "Opt-In "

- 16.2 Each company wishing to serve as an Opt-In Defendant shall execute a "Stipulation for Entry of Judgment" in the general form appearing in Exhibit E hereto ("Opt-In Stipulation") attesting to the number of persons employed by the Opt-In Defendant during the Relevant Period. Opt-In Defendants shall reasonably cooperate in providing additional information or such other representations as the Attorney General may reasonably require.
- 16.3 The Opt-In Defendant must also complete and append to its Opt-In Stipulation, a copy of Exhibit E, and provide a payment to the Attorney General in an amount to be agreed upon between the Opt-in Defendant and the Attorney General. The amount of each Opt-in Defendant's payment shall be based upon the company's size, resources and conduct.
- 16.4 Within thirty (30) days of its receipt of an executed Opt-In Stipulation and the required payments of the Opt-In Defendant in question, the Attorney General shall file the Opt-In Stipulation in this Court. At the time any executed Opt-In Stipulation is filed, the Complaint shall be deemed to have been amended to specifically name the Opt-in Defendant that executed the Opt-In Stipulation as a named defendant in this Action and each such Opt-In Defendant shall be deemed to have become a Settling Defendant under this Consent Judgment and will likewise assume all obligations set forth under Section 3, 6, and 7-10 hereunder.
- 16.5 Cooperation In Opt In Process/Ongoing Investigation. In connection with the opt-in provisions of this Consent Judgment and Plaintiffs' ongoing investigation of lead in Candy Products, Settling Defendants will exercise good faith and commercially reasonable best efforts to provide assistance to Plaintiffs with respect to Candy Product manufacturers, including companies who may exercise Opt-In provisions of this Consent Judgment ("Potential Opt-In Defendants"). Original Settling Defendants will, upon reasonable request from the Attorney General:
  - (a) Voluntarily and timely provide documents and information in Settling

Defendants' possession, custody or control, with respect to the identity, location, contact information, sales information and product lines of Potential Opt-In Defendants, except to the extent that such information is legally privileged or otherwise legally protected from disclosure.

- (b) Provide assistance in locating and contacting the Potential Opt-In Defendants.
- (c) Provide assistance in explaining the provisions of this Consent Judgment and its Opt-In provisions to the Potential Opt-In Defendants.
- (d) Provide assistance to the Environmental Health Coalition in gaining entry to and attending the Candy Exposition to be held in Guadalajara in or around August, 2006,<sup>3/2</sup> and further in informing attendees at the Exposition of (i) the terms of this Consent Judgment and its Opt-In provisions and (ii) the potential availability of subsidies for environmental audits and testing to be conducted pursuant to this Consent Judgment.

## 17. ENTRY OF JUDGMENT REQUIRED

This Consent Judgment shall be null and void, and be without any force or effect, unless entered by the Court in this matter. Upon the entry of this Consent Judgment, the Peoples' Action, CEH's Action, and EHC's Action shall be deemed consolidated pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §1048. If the Consent Judgment is not entered by the Court, the execution of this Consent Judgment by Settling Defendants or the Plaintiffs shall not be construed as an admission by Settling Defendants or the Plaintiffs of any fact, conclusion of law, issue of law, or violation of law and consolidation may only be effected through further application or motion to the Court.

## 18. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

This Court shall retain jurisdiction over this matter and the Parties to this Consent Judgment, in order to implement all of the terms of this Consent Judgment.

## 19. **GOVERNING LAW**

9. The assistance will be a donation in the amount of \$8,000 by the Original Settling Defendants to EHC for purposes of funding EHC's preparation for and travel to the Candy Exposition.

#### 22. 1 COUNTERPARTS AND FACSIMILE This Consent Judgment may be executed in counterparts and facsimile, each of which 2 3 shall be deemed an original, and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute one and the 4 same document. 5 AGREED TO ON BEHALF OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF 6 CALIFORNIA: 7 BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California 8 THOMAS GREENE Chief Assistant Attorney General THEODORA BERGER 9 Assistant Attorney General EDWARD G. WEIL 10 Supervising Deputy Attorney General 11 DENÑIS A. RAGÉN KATHRYN EGOLF 12 Deputy Attorneys General 13 14 Deputy Attorney General 15 ROCKARD J. DELGADILLO, 16 City Attorney PATTY BILGIŃ, 17 Deputy City Attorneys 18 19 Date: By: Patty Bilgin 20 Deputy City Attorney 21 THOMAS J. ORLOFF, District Attorney 22 County of Alameda LAWRENCE C. BLAZER 23 Senior Deputy District Attorney 24 By: Date: 25 Lawrence C. Blazer Senior Deputy District Attorney County of Alameda 26 27 28

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1	22. COUNTERPARTS AND FACSIMILE		
2	This Consent Judgment may be executed in counterparts an ! facsimile, each of which		
3	shall be deemed an original, and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute one and the		
4	same document.		
5	AGREED TO ON BEHALF OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:		
7 8	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney Coeneral of the State of California THOMAS GREENE		
9	Chief Assistant Attorney Coneral THEODORA BERGER		
10	Assistant Attorney Genera EDWARD G. WEIL		
11	Supervising Deputy Attorn by General DENNIS A. RAGEN		
12	KATHRYN EGOLF Deputy Attorneys General		
13	Dobar, Critical		
14	Date: By: Kathryn W. Egolf		
15	Deputy Attorney General		
16	ROCKARD J. DELGADILL(1, City Attorney		
17	PATTY BILGIN, Deputy City Attorneys		
18			
19	Date: By:		
20	Patty Bilgin Deputy City Attorney		
21			
22	THOMAS J. ORLOFF, District Attorney  County of Alameda		
23	County of Alameda  LAWRENCE C. BLAZER  Senior Depth District Attorney		
24 (	Washing to the Old		
25	Date: 6/28/06 By: Vawrence Cl Blazer		
26	Senior Deputy District Attorney  County of Alameda		
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i 2	AGREED TO ON BEHALF OF CANDY POP, S.A. DE C.V.:
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8	AGREED TO ON BEHALF OF DULCES VERO, S A. DE C.V.:
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10	Date: JUNE 28, 2006 By: JOSE VICTOR IBARRA ROBLES
11	(PROVI)
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ACREED TO ON BEHALF OF CANDY POP. S.A. DE C.V. ٢, 3 Date: JUNE 28, 2006 BY JAVIER IBARRA ROBLES (PRINT) 5 б Its: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE 7 (PRINT) AGREED TO ON BEHALF OF 8 DULCES VERO, S.A. DE C.V.: 9 10 Date: 11 (PRINT) 12 (SIGNATURE) 13 14 (TYUST) 15 16 17 18

It is so ordered. Dated: August 3, 2006



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[PROPOSED] CONSENT JUDGMENT

# EXHIBIT A

### Exhibit A Lead GMP Checklist for Manufacturers of Mexican-Style Confections

Y/N - 1. Chili powder used as an ingredient is sourced from suppliers on the State of California approved chili supplier list or which has otherwise been approved by the California Attorney General's office. Chili powder sourced after January 1, 2007 must be from a chili supplier that has been certified by an independent auditor to have addressed the lead GMP checklist for manufacturers of chili powder that constitutes Exhibit B to the Consent Judgement. (Evidence of chili powder from a non-approved supplier is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 2. Ingredients comply with applicable Food Chemicals Codex lead specifications. (Evidence that any ingredient does not comply with applicable Food Chemicals Codex lead specifications is a critical deficiency.) In addition, for high salt content products (more than 5% salt), the auditor will recommend that the manufacturer obtains the salt using such further numeric or narrative specification for the salt and/or restrictions as to its source of supply as are necessary to ensure that the products will have lead content below the Maximum Lead Level.

#### Comments:

Y/N - 3. Potable water supply is monitored for lead levels. Internal distribution system is not a source of lead contamination as verified by point-of-use testing versus influent lead level. (Evidence that potable water supply is not monitored, or that internal distribution system has not been verified as not being a source of lead by point-of-use testing, is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments

Y/N - 4. All food contact equipment, utensils, containers are not constructed from lead containing materials. (Evidence of the use of lead containing materials, as verified by lead surface swab or similar test method, is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 5. Lubricants, sealants, and similar materials used in direct food contact areas, as well as in areas that have the potential to contaminate product, are food grade. (Evidence/observation of food contamination with lead containing material is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 6. Where appropriate, screens, filters, magnets, metal detection devices, and/or manual inspection are used to remove foreign material (e.g. metal, wood, plastic, etc.).

#### Comments:

Y/N - 7. Finished product packaging materials comply with agreement guidelines. (Evidence that non-compliant packaging materials are used is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 8. Process control is validated through an audit program whereby finished products are periodically tested for lead. (Failure of the manufacturer to provide documented evidence of compliance is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 9. Lot identification and traceability is maintained for both chili powder and finished Mexican-style confectionery products. Manufacturer is able to document chili powder lots used to produce specific finished product lots, and to trace finished product shipments "one level" forward to the customer. (Failure to provide documented evidence of compliance is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Revised 12/19/05

## EXHIBIT B

### Exhibit B Lead GMP Checklist for Manufacturers of Chili Powder

Y/N - 1. A cleaning process is in place that effectively removes visible soil and debris from peppers used to produce chili powder for use as an ingredient in Mexican-style confectionery products. (Evidence of soil and/or debris on pepper surfaces, or commingled with peppers, after the cleaning process is considered a critical deficiency.) The auditor will also recommend to the chili processor that, to the extent possible, chili used to produce chili powder to be used as an ingredient in Mexican-style confectionary products is sourced from growers that employ good agricultural practices and which avoid chili drying practices that could result in avoidable contamination.

#### Comments:

Y/N - 2. Potable water supply is monitored for lead levels. Internal distribution system is not a source of lead contamination as verified by point-of-use testing versus influent lead level. (Evidence that potable water supply is not monitored, or that internal distribution system has not been verified as not being a source of lead by point-of-use testing, is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 3. All food contact equipment, utensils, containers are not constructed from lead containing materials. (Evidence of the use of lead containing materials, as verified by lead surface swab or similar test method, is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments

Y/N - 4. Leaded fuel is not used as an energy source in chili dehydration. (Evidence of the use of leaded fuel is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 5. Lubricants, sealants, and similar materials used in direct food contact areas, as well as in areas that have the potential to contaminate product, are food grade. This includes storage areas in addition to processing and packing areas. (Evidence of chili contamination with lead containing material is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 6. Where appropriate, screens, filters, magnets, metal detection devices, and/or manual inspection are used to remove foreign material (e.g. metal, wood, plastic, etc.).

#### Comments:

Y/N - 7. Process control is validated through an audit program whereby ground chili powder is periodically tested for lead. (Failure to provide evidence of a testing program is considered a critical deficiency.)

#### Comments:

Y/N - 8. Lot identification and traceability is maintained for both finished chili powder and unprocessed chili peppers. Manufacturer is able to document chili pepper lots used to produce specific finished chili powder lots, and to trace finished chili powder shipments "one level" forward to the confectionery manufacturer. (Failure to provide documented evidence of compliance is considered a critical deficiency.)

Comments:

Revised 12/19/05

# EXHIBIT C

### EXHIBIT C Sampling and Testing Protocol

Sample size: 10 samples will be collected at random across the same production lot for each product family. Each sample will consist of individual retail sales units totalling at least 500g. (For example, if an individual retail sales unit contains 25g of product, then at least 20 units must be collected for each sample.) At least 100g will be taken from each 500g sample as a representative sub-sample. The 10 sub-samples will be combined to form 5, 200g composite samples. Each composite will be homogenized and acid digested to reduce lead variability prior to testing. A total of 5 lead tests will be conducted for the product family lot. The sampling plan is detailed in Figure 1.

This sampling protocol has been defined for manufacturers to provide verification testing data as required by the agreement. It is not intended to define the sampling protocol for regulatory enforcement.

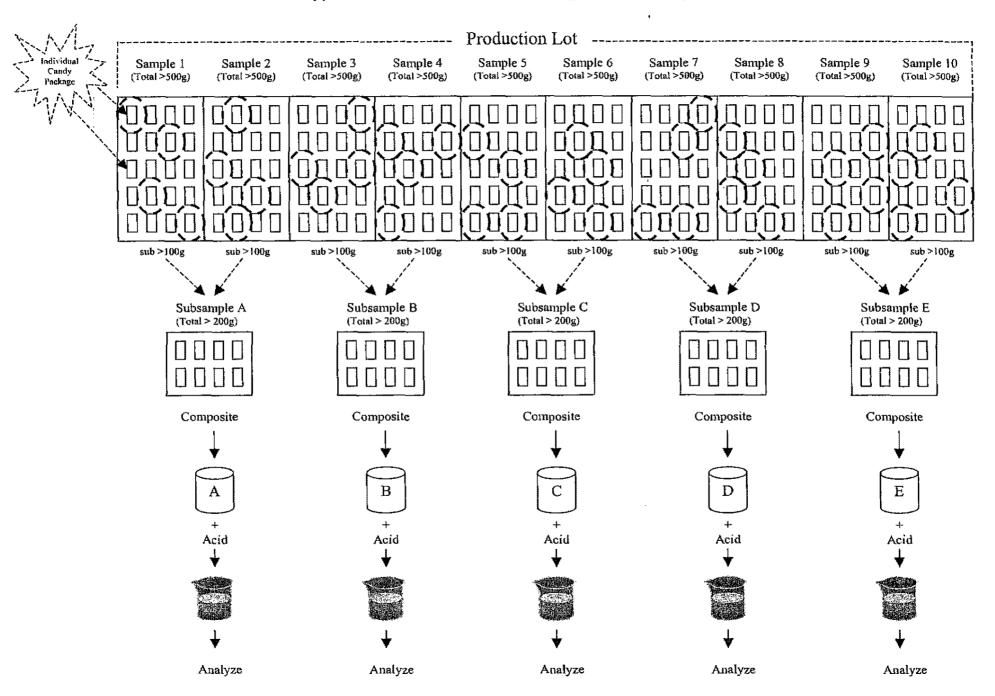
Minimum frequency: Every 3 months, dropping to semi-annual (every 6 months) after 4 consecutive test periods of substantial compliance for a particular family of products. Sunset with reopener after 8 successive test periods of substantial compliance. This frequency assumes that the State of California will conduct surveillance testing at wholesale, distribution, and/or at retail and that US FDA will do the same as part of import program. (FDA may also choose to sample and test produce from wholesale/distribution/or at retail).

Test method: ICP-MS with a minimum LOQ of 50ppb

Compliance is defined as:

- Average lead level of all 5 tests is <100ppb</li>
- No individual level sample exceeds 150ppb
- In the event of an outlier result, further testing may be warranted to confirm suspected laboratory or sampling errors.

Figure 1 - Product Family Sampling



# EXHIBIT D

# EXHIBIT E

1	[EXHIBIT E]		
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7	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
8	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
9	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ex rel. ) CASE NO.: BC 318207		
10	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General, ROCKARD J. ) AND DELGADILLO, Los Angeles City Attorney, ) RELATED CASE		
11	THOMAS J. ORLOFF, Alameda Country District NOS: BC318216 and Attorney BC321570		
12	Plaintiffs, ) STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF		
13	JUDGMENT + Gen. Agrewance		
14	) Department: 311 ALPRO ALIMENTO PROTEINICOS, S.A. de C.V., ) Judge: Hon. Carl J. West		
15	et al., Complaint Filed: 07-09-2004  Defendants.)		
16	}		
17	The undersigned entity or person hereby declares and agrees as follows:		
18	1. I reasonably believe that Candy Products manufactured by the undersigned entity		
19	or person were sold in the State of California at some time since July 2000.		
20	2. I stipulate on behalf of the undersigned entity or person to accept service of a		
21	summons and the People's Complaint as a named Defendant, or as a Doe Defendant to be		
22	designated by the Plaintiff, People of the State of California, and voluntarily appear in People v.		
23	Alpro Alimento Proteinicos, S.A. de C.V., Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC318207 (the		
24	"Action"), through the filing of this document.		
25	3. On behalf of the undersigned entity or person, I have read and agree to be bound		
26	by all terms and conditions of the Consent Judgment entered in this Action. By signing below, I		
27	further agree on behalf of the undersigned entity or person to be subject to all of the		
28	requirements and benefits of the Consent Judgment.		

	use the following items to be mailed postage pre-paid, within 30 days of execution		
	ause the following items to be mailed postage pre-paid, within 30 days of execution		
of this Stipul	ipulation, to the Office of the Attorney General, ATTN: Kathryn W. Egolf, Deputy		
Attorney Ger	neral, 300 South Spring Street, Suite 1700, Los Angeles, CA 90013:		
(a)	The signed and dated original of this Stipulation for Entry of Judgment, for filing		
	with the Court.		
(b)	A check for the underlying entity's settlement payment, in the amount of		
	, payable to, for distribution as		
	follows:		
	[Insert Details of distribution of funds]		
(c)	A check to pay the undersigned entity's appearance and filing fees, in the amount		
	of \$, payable to the Clerk of the Los Angeles County Superior Court.		
5.	I have full authority to agree to the Consent Judgment and settle this civil action		
on behalf of the undersigned entity or person.			
As to the facts listed above, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State			
of California that they are true and correct. As to the terms to which the undersigned person or			
entity has agreed, I hereby memorialize agreement to those terms by signing below.			
Executed in the County of, California, or			
Mexico.			
Dated:			
M-22,00000000000000000000000000000000000			
Signature			
Print	Name and/or firm of attorney retained:		
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	Attorney Ger (a) (b) (c) 5. on behalf of As to of California entity has agriculture Executive Mexico. Dated:  Print Title		

STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF JUDGMENT

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## EXHIBIT F

#### Exhibit F

Plaintiffs' Confirmatory Testing Protocol

Plaintiffs may use either of the following methods for confirmatory testing:

#### Homogenized Sample Method.

A minimum of five individual pieces of candy in the same Candy Product Family will be purchased from a single retail outlet. The five individual pieces of candy will be homogenized to form a single composite sample. The sample will be acid digested to reduce lead variability prior to testing. The sample will be tested for Pb using an ICP-MS with a minimum LOQ of 50 ppb.

#### Average of Individual Pieces Method.

Alternatively, Plaintiffs may test individual pieces of candy for Pb concentrations. Results from the tests of five individual pieces from the same Candy Product Family purchased from the same retail outlet on the same day should be averaged to determine compliance with the Maximum Lead Level. The individual-pieces will be acid digested to reduce lead variability prior to testing and then will be tested for Pb using an ICP-MS with a minimum LOQ of 50 ppb.

A homogenized sample or the average of the five individual pieces will be a "sample" for purposes of determining compliance with the Maximum Lead Level.

Using either the Homogenized Sample Method or the Average of Individual Pieces Method, the homogenized sample or pieces will be prepared and tested as follows:

- 1. Prepare the Sample for analysis using microwave digestion. Microwave digestion protocols from the following two methods may be used provided that the samples are completely digested:
- a. AOAC Official Method 999.10 (Lead, Cadmium, Zinc, Copper, and Iron in Foods)
- b. NIOSH 7082 (Lead by Flame AAS) Appendix Microwave Digestion for Lead in Paint Chips (and other matrices)
- 2. Analyze the Sample for total Lead (Pb) content using Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS) using standard operating procedures, and a minimum LOQ of 50 ppb.
- 3. Lead content shall be expressed in parts per million (ppm).

## EXHIBIT G

### **EXHIBIT G**Contact Information for Purposes of Future Notice

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