

Attorney General's Annual Report

on

Accusations Prosecuted for Department of Consumer Affairs Client Agencies

Business and Professions Code Section 312.2

January 1, 2023 (amended)

Table of Contents

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY1
BACKGROUND1
Licensing Section and Health Quality Enforcement Section1
Department of Consumer Affairs Client Agencies2
Investigation Process
Administrative Adjudication Process
MEASURES REPORTED4
METHODOLOGY
Case Management System
Data Presentation
CALIFORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY11
CALIFORNIA ACUPUNCTURE BOARD12
CALIFORNIA ARCHITECTS BOARD13
CALIFORNIA STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION14
BUREAU OF AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR15
BOARD OF BARBERING AND COSMETOLOGY16
BOARD OF BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES
CEMETERY AND FUNERAL BUREAU18
BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS19
CONTRACTORS STATE LICENSE BOARD20
COURT REPORTERS BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

DENTAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	22
DENTAL HYGIENE BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	23
BUREAU OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND SERVICES	24
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS TECHNICAL COMMITTEE	25
LICENSED MIDWIVES PROGRAM (MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA)	26
MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	27
NATUROPATHIC MEDICINE COMMITTEE	28
CALIFORNIA BOARD OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY	29
CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF OPTOMETRY	
OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	31
CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY	32
PHYSICAL THERAPY BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	33
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT BOARD	34
PODIATRIC MEDICAL BOARD	35
BUREAU FOR PRIVATE POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION	36
BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, AND GEOLOGISTS	37
PROFESSIONAL FIDUCIARIES BUREAU	
CALIFORNIA BOARD OF PSYCHOLOGY	
BUREAU OF REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS	40
BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING	41

RESPIRATORY CARE BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	42
BUREAU OF SECURITY AND INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES	43
SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY AND AUDIOLOGY AND HEARING AID DISPENSERS BOARD	44
STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL BOARD	45
VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD	46
	+0
BOARD OF VOCATIONAL NURSING AND PSYCHIATRIC TECHNICIANS	47
CONCLUSION	48
APPENDIX	49

Attorney General's Annual Report on Accusations Prosecuted for Department of Consumer Affairs Client Agencies

January 1, 2023

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the sixth annual report by the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 312.2, which became effective on January 1, 2016, requiring annual reports to be filed by January 1 each year. This report is based on data from Fiscal Year 2021-22. It provides information concerning accusation referrals received and adjudicated for each Department of Consumer Affairs client agency represented by the Licensing Section and the Health Quality Enforcement Section of the Office of the Attorney General.

In Fiscal Year 2021-22, 59 percent of the legal work performed by the Licensing Section and Health Quality Enforcement Section was for the prosecution of accusations, which are the focus of this report. During the fiscal year, 2,882 accusation referrals were received from the Department of Consumer Affairs' client agencies. All matters were adjudicated. However, six percent of accusation referrals to the Office of the Attorney General were rejected, and 11 percent required further investigation.

The Office of the Attorney General adjudicated 2,372 accusation referrals during Fiscal Year 2021-22. The accusations adjudicated were referred to this office in Fiscal Year 2021-22 or in a prior fiscal year. Multiple adjudications can occur when more than one licensee is included within one matter, each with different adjudication dates and types. Alternatively, multiple adjudications may occur when a client agency exercises its discretion to reject an original adjudication. Fifty-five percent of the total adjudications were by stipulated settlement, 27 percent by default, 14 percent by administrative hearing, and 3 percent resulted from withdrawal of accusations by the agencies.¹

BACKGROUND

Licensing Section and Health Quality Enforcement Section

The Licensing Section and the Health Quality Enforcement Section of the Office of the Attorney General's Civil Law Division specialize in California professional and vocational licensing law. The two sections represent 36 Department of Consumer Affairs licensing oversight agencies that issue multiple types of professional and vocational licenses. The Licensing Section and the Health Quality Enforcement Section provide legal representation to these agencies in many kinds of licensing matters to protect California consumers and enhance the quality of the professions and vocations. Liaison deputies also regularly consult with agency staff to advise them on jurisdictional, legal, and

¹ This report's information is provided against the backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic in Fiscal Years 19-20, 20-21, and 21-22.

programmatic issues. Each section's legal staff also provide training for the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, agency investigators, and agency staff.

Both sections prosecute licensing matters, including accusations (license disciplinary charges), which comprise 59 percent of their combined caseload. The balance of matters consists of:

- statements of issues—appeal hearings when a license application has been denied;
- interim suspension petitions—hearings before the Office of Administrative Hearings for immediate suspension of a license;
- injunction proceedings—brought in superior court to stop unlicensed practice;
- post-discipline matters—when a licensee petitions for reduction of penalty or reinstatement of a revoked license;
- citations—appeal hearings when a citation and/or fine has been issued;
- Penal Code section 23 petitions—seeking a license restriction during the pendency of a criminal proceeding;
- subpoena enforcement actions—to obtain records needed for the investigation of complaints;
- judicial review proceedings—superior court review of final administrative decisions;
- appeals—usually from superior court review proceedings;
- civil litigation related to license discipline—defending agencies in civil lawsuits brought in state or federal courts; and
- third-party subpoenas—to obtain records in litigation from non-party client agencies.

Business and Professions Code section 312.2 requests data only for the prosecution of accusation matters by the two sections. Accusations are the primary component of the enforcement program for each licensing agency. The legal services in other types of licensing matters handled by the sections are not included in this report, except where accusations are combined with petitions to revoke probation or statements of issues.

Department of Consumer Affairs Client Agencies

The 36 Department of Consumer Affairs agencies represented by the Licensing Section and the Health Quality Enforcement Section each have different licensing laws, programs, and processes unique to their practice areas. A few agencies issue only one type of license, but most issue multiple license types. As a result, agencies differ in how they refer accusation matters to the Office of the Attorney General. Some agencies refer one matter for each licensee. Others refer multiple licensees involved in the same or related acts for which discipline will be sought in a single accusation. Nearly half of client agencies represented by the Licensing Section file a single accusation naming all licensees involved in the events underlying the disciplinary action. None of the agencies represented by the Health Quality Enforcement Section file a single accusation against multiple licensees. Instead, a separate accusations may be consolidated for hearing. Any agency may also refer additional investigations to this office for prosecution while an initial accusation matter is pending, and these subsequent investigations are counted as additional *accusation referrals* in this report.

There are also other differences in how client agencies respond to and participate in legal matters. Some agencies have higher default rates, and some have higher rates of representation by counsel in their accusation matters. The applicable burden of proof varies based on the type of professional, vocational, or business license. Generally, when there are specific educational and testing requirements to obtain a license, disciplinary charges must be proved by clear and convincing evidence to a reasonable certainty. Most accusation matters brought by Department of Consumer Affairs licensing agencies are subject to this burden of proof, but a few license types are subject to a lower burden of proof, i.e., preponderance of evidence. Generally, these are licenses that permit operation of a business at a specific location, such as an automotive repair dealership or pharmacy.

Currently, 19 Department of Consumer Affairs agencies are required to file their accusations within a prescribed statute of limitations, which generally ranges from one to five years, but may be longer in specific circumstances. All Department of Consumer Affairs client agencies are entitled to recover their costs of investigation and prosecution from respondents. The data included in this report are consistent with each client's licensing programs and practices to the extent possible. However, as a result of variances among agencies, data are not typically comparable to each other in any meaningful way.

Investigation Process

Agencies also differ in how they investigate their cases. Most commonly, agencies investigate using their own staff, including inspectors, sworn and unsworn investigators, investigator assistants, or analysts. Certain kinds of cases must be referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, consistent with Complaint Prioritization Guidelines developed pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 328. The Medical Board and the Board of Podiatry prioritize their complaints under Business and Professions Code section 2220.05 and are excluded from the requirements of section 328. All agencies strive to investigate complaints efficiently and rely on the Attorney General's staff for counsel, as needed.

Administrative Adjudication Process

If the investigation reveals evidence that a licensee has violated the agency's practice act, the agency refers the matter to the Office of the Attorney General to initiate a legal proceeding to revoke, suspend, limit, or condition the license, which is called an *accusation*. (Gov. Code, § 11503.)

Upon receipt, a deputy attorney general reviews the transmitted evidence to determine its sufficiency to meet the requisite burden of proof and for any jurisdictional issues. If the evidence is insufficient and circumstances suggest additional avenues for evidentiary development, the deputy may request further investigation from the agency. When evidence is insufficient and further investigation is not recommended, and/or legal issues prevent prosecution, the Office of the Attorney General declines prosecution and the case is rejected.

Based on sufficient evidentiary support, a deputy attorney general prepares an accusation to initiate the agency's adjudicative proceeding. In some cases, when the accusation is being prepared, a deputy attorney general may request supplemental investigation. The accusation pleading is sent to the agency for signature by the executive director, executive officer, or other designated *complainant* for the agency. The accusation is *filed* when the complainant signs it. When charged in an accusation, a respondent has a right to an adjudicative hearing under the California Administrative Procedure Act (Gov. Code, §11500 et seq.). Once served with the accusation, the respondent must file a *notice of defense* within fifteen days, or is in default. Once the notice of defense has been received, a hearing is scheduled with the Office of Administrative Hearings. If no notice of defense is received or a respondent fails to appear at their hearing, then a default is prepared for presentation to the client agency.

The deputy attorney general prosecutes the accusation case before the Office of Administrative Hearings. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the case is submitted to the administrative law judge who presided over the hearing. The administrative law judge prepares a proposed decision and sends it to the agency for its board or committee's voting and decision. A stipulated settlement, which can include a public reprimand, probation, stipulated license surrender, or revocation, can occur at any time and is the most common method of adjudication of accusation matters.

The agency itself, through the board or committee, makes its decision in each accusation case. The agency can accept or reject a settlement, and if rejected, the proceedings will continue. After an administrative hearing, the agency can accept the proposed decision issued by the administrative law judge. However, the agency may opt to reduce or increase the penalty or reject the proposed decision and order the hearing transcript. After review of the transcript and the evidence, the agency can then adopt the proposed decision or issue its own decision. Most cases are resolved when the agency accepts a stipulated settlement or proposed decision. But if not, additional proceedings ensue, which take more time.

Even after an agency's decision is issued, it may not be final. A respondent may exercise the right to petition for reconsideration and, if granted by the agency, the decision will be reconsidered. This can also happen if an agency decides a case based upon the default of a respondent for failure to file a timely notice of defense or failure to appear at a duly noticed hearing. Upon petition by the respondent, the agency can vacate the default decision and additional proceedings are conducted. Each of these types of *post-submission* events will lengthen the processing of a case and require further adjudication.

Once the agency's decision has been rendered, it is still subject to judicial review in administrative mandamus and appellate proceedings. In very few cases, judicial review under Civil Procedure Code section 1094.5 results in remand to the agency to conduct further administrative proceedings or reconsider its decision. In these cases, the final decision of the agency may be delayed by months or even years.

MEASURES REPORTED

The text of Business and Professions Code section 312.2 is set forth in its entirety in the attached appendix. We provide the following interpretation of terms and description of the manner in which data were gathered for each of the reporting metrics in subdivisions (a)(1)-(a)(7) and (b)(1)-(b)(6).

(a)(1) The number of accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.

Accusation matter means an investigation of one or more complaints that an agency has referred to the Office of the Attorney General. This office will review evidence and, if appropriate, prosecute the matter through the disciplinary process as an accusation.

Accusation matters are counted by each investigation report received that bears a distinct investigation number. Some agencies request that more than one respondent be named and prosecuted in a single accusation, in which case the investigation number is counted as an accusation matter for each respondent. Multiple investigations may be referred during the time that the Office of the Attorney General is prosecuting the agency's initial accusation referral, which can span different

fiscal years. Each investigation received during the reporting period is counted for each respondent to which it pertains.

(a)(2) The number of accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.

Rejected for filing describes the determination, made by a deputy attorney general with a supervisor's approval, that an accusation should not be filed. An accusation can be rejected for many reasons, including: (1) the evidence submitted is insufficient to meet the burden of proof to sustain a cause for discipline under the agency's applicable practice act; (2) the events in question are not within the statute of limitations; and (3) disciplinary action is not supported by law or public policy. When prosecution is declined, the investigative file is returned to the client agency and the case is closed in the Office of the Attorney General.

A rejection for filing during the reporting period is counted once for each respondent to which the rejection pertains, without regard to the number of investigations referred to the Office of the Attorney General for consideration.

(a)(3) The number of accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.

Further investigation requested describes an instance in which a deputy attorney general determines that the evidence in the investigation is insufficient to meet the burden of proof, but that there are avenues available to augment the evidence and support a cause for discipline under the agency's applicable practice act. With supervisory approval, the deputy may request further investigation from the agency, the Division of Investigation, or internally at the Office of the Attorney General. When further investigation is requested in a matter handled by the Licensing Section, the file remains open pending receipt of supplemental investigation and is documented accordingly. In the Health Quality Enforcement Section, the file is returned to the client agency and the matter is closed. The file is reopened if the matter is re-referred to the Office of the Attorney General with additional evidence.

Each request for further investigation made during the reporting period is counted in each matter, and is not necessarily associated with the number of referrals received in the matter, or the number of respondents to which the further investigation may pertain. There may be only one request for further investigation in a matter that contains more than one respondent or more than one investigation. There may also be more than one further investigation request made pertaining to a single respondent in a matter with only one referral.

(a)(4) The number of accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.

Further investigation received describes the additional investigation received as a result of further investigation requested, as described above. Very rarely will an agency refer a matter back to the Office of the Attorney General with an *additional* investigation and request reconsideration of a previous decision not to prosecute (i.e., rejection). If the matter is accepted for prosecution, this is also recorded as further investigation received. *Additional investigation received* is distinguished from a

new referral of an accusation matter from a client agency, which is counted in subdivision (a)(1), but is not counted in (a)(4).

Each supplemental investigation received during the reporting period is counted in each matter and is not necessarily associated with the number of referrals received in the matter or the number of respondents to which the further investigation may pertain.

(a)(5) The number of accusations filed by each constituent entity.

Accusation means the initial accusation filed in a matter to initiate proceedings to revoke or suspend a license against one or more respondents, and any subsequent amended accusation filed in the matter. Accusations may be amended during the pendency of a case for a variety of reasons, most commonly because the client agency refers an additional investigation of a new complaint and the accusation is amended to add new causes for discipline based on the new investigation. *Filed* means the accusation or amended accusation is signed by the agency's designee, known as the complainant, who is usually the executive officer or executive director of the agency. The accusation is filed on the date the document is signed.

Each accusation or amended accusation filed during the reporting period is counted and reported under subdivision (a)(5).

(a)(6) The number of accusations a constituent entity withdraws.

On occasion, the complainant *withdraws* the accusation after it has been filed, terminating the prosecution of the accusation matter. A common reason for an accusation to be withdrawn is the death of the respondent against whom the accusation is filed. In other cases, the evidentiary basis for the matter may change during litigation, or evidence received from a respondent in the course of discovery may lead to re-evaluation of the merits of the case.

The withdrawal of an accusation is counted separately for each respondent named in the accusation.

(a)(7) The number of accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.

Adjudication means that the work of the Office of the Attorney General has been completed and the case will be brought before the agency's decision maker for its final decision. There are four types of adjudicative events: (1) a default decision and order is prepared and sent to the agency because a respondent did not file a notice of defense or failed to appear at a duly noticed administrative hearing; (2) a stipulated settlement is signed by a respondent and sent to the agency, which considers the acceptance of the disposition of the matter for that respondent; (3) the submission of the case at the conclusion of an administrative hearing to an administrative law judge to prepare a proposed decision, and the decision is sent to the agency for its consideration; and (4) withdrawal of an accusation by the complainant, which terminates the matter. An adjudicative event for each respondent named in an accusation is necessary before the matter is fully adjudicated. Every adjudicative event that occurs during the reporting period is counted.

Multiple adjudicative events can also occur in cases with only a single respondent. This happens when an agency does not accept a stipulated settlement, does not adopt a proposed decision submitted by an administrative law judge, grants reconsideration of its decision, or when a superior court judge remands the matter to the agency for further consideration.

(b)(1) The average number of days from the Attorney General receiving an accusation referral to when an accusation is filed by the constituent entity.

The date that each accusation referral is received in the Office of the Attorney General is documented. The calculation of the average reported for subdivision (b)(1) begins on the date of receipt of the first accusation referral in each matter and ends on the date the complainant signs the initial accusation. Amended accusations received after the client agency's initial referral are not included in the average.

(b)(2) The average number of days to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received by the Attorney General from a constituent entity or the Division of Investigation.

Prepare an accusation in subdivision (b)(2) is different from *filing an accusation* in subdivision (b)(1). An accusation is *prepared* (i.e., the preparation is based on a deputy attorney general's familiarization with the technical subject matter issues, thorough review of the evidence and expert reports to determine chargeable causes for discipline, then drafting, and supervisorial review of the accusation) by the assigned deputy and then sent to the complainant at the agency to be reviewed, approved, and signed.

Rereferred means the date when supplemental investigation has been received by the Office of the Attorney General in response to a request for further investigation, or, in rare cases, following rejection of an accusation matter.

The calculation of the average reported for subdivision (b)(2) begins on the date each initial accusation referral was received in the Office of the Attorney General – including time for initial review of the matter, request for further investigation, further investigation conducted, receipt of the supplemental investigation by the Office of the Attorney General from the agency, re-review by the deputy, and the deputy preparing the accusation – and ends on the date the deputy sends the prepared accusation to the complainant for review and filing in each matter. The average may also include the review of additional referrals received while further investigation is being conducted on the initial referral.

Notably, the matters that required further investigation before preparation of an accusation reported in subdivision (b)(2) are included in the average number of days to file accusations reported in subdivision (b)(1). As a consequence, delays in *preparing* accusations for cases that required further investigation generally will increase the average number of days to *file* the agency's accusations (reported in subdivision (b)(1)).

(b)(3) The average number of days from an agency filing an accusation to the Attorney General transmitting a stipulated settlement to the constituent entity.

Settlements are negotiated according to authorization provided by the complainant based on the agency's published disciplinary guidelines. A stipulated settlement is provided to the agency's decision maker who decides whether to accept the settlement as its disposition of the case against the respondent.

The calculation of the average reported for subdivision (b)(3) begins on the date of filing for the initial accusation in each matter, and ends on the date the stipulated settlement for each respondent is sent to the agency for its consideration.

(b)(4) The average number of days from an agency filing an accusation to the Attorney General transmitting a default decision to the constituent entity.

If a respondent fails to send a notice of defense to the assigned deputy attorney general or agency within 15 days after service of the accusation, or fails to appear at a duly noticed administrative hearing on the accusation, the respondent is in default. The agency can opt to present the case to an administrative law judge without participation by the respondent, who has defaulted. However, most often the agency requests that the deputy prepare a default decision and order for the agency's decision maker to consider issuing as its final decision against the respondent. Many agencies have delegated authority to their executive officers to adopt default decisions as a matter of course, without consideration by the board itself.

The calculation of the average reported for subdivision (b)(4) begins on the date each initial accusation in a matter is filed, and ends on the date of transmission of the default decision and order to the agency for each respondent.

(b)(5) The average number of days from an agency filing an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date from the Office of Administrative Hearings.

After a notice of defense has been received from each respondent named in an accusation, the deputy attorney general assigned to the matter is responsible for coordinating with opposing counsel, unrepresented respondents, prosecution witnesses, and the Office of Administrative Hearings to determine a hearing date when everyone is available. The deputy attorney general prepares a request to set the hearing based on this coordination and sends it to the Office of Administrative Hearings to calendar the hearing.

The calculation of the average reported for subdivision (b)(5) begins on the date the initial accusation in each matter is filed, and ends on the date the request to set a hearing is sent to the Office of Administrative Hearings. Infrequently, a request to set a hearing is done more than once in a case, usually because a continuance has been granted. Only the first request to set a hearing in a case is included in calculating the average.

(b)(6) The average number of days from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date from the Office of Administrative Hearings to the commencement of a hearing.

When the Office of Administrative Hearings receives the request to set hearing sent by the deputy attorney general, the hearing date is set on its calendar and the parties are informed of the hearing date. Unless an intervening motion for a continuance is granted by an administrative law judge, the hearing will commence on that date and, depending on the length of the hearing and intervening factors, may conclude on the same day or at a later date.

The calculation of the average reported for subdivision (b)(6) begins on the date the deputy attorney general receives notice from the Office of Administrative Hearings that the hearing date has been set, and ends on the date the hearing actually commences. When motions to continue hearings are granted, the commencement of hearings are delayed, and the average number of days will increase as a consequence.

METHODOLOGY

Case Management System

This report is based on data entered by legal professionals in ProLaw, the case management system of the Office of the Attorney General. Each matter received from a client by the Licensing Section and the Health Quality Enforcement Section is opened in this system. Rules for data entry have been created by the sections and are managed by the Case Management Section of the Office of the Attorney General, which dictates the definitions, dating, entry, and documentation for each data point. Section-specific protocols, business processes, and uniform standards across all professionals responsible for data entry ensure the consistency, veracity, and quality of the reported data. The data entered has been verified to comply with established standards. The data markers in administrative cases have been used to generate the counts and averages in this report. Every effort has been made to report data in a transparent, accurate, and verifiable manner. The Office of the Attorney General continues to improve its technology, systems, and protocols, and to integrate these improvements into its business routines and operations.

Data Presentation

The information required to be reported by Business and Professions Code section 312.2 has been organized separately for each constituent entity in the Department of Consumer Affairs represented by the Licensing Section and the Health Quality Enforcement Section of the Office of the Attorney General.

Each entry includes the number and types of licenses issued by the agency, which were taken from the 2021 Annual Report of the California Department of Consumer Affairs, containing data from Fiscal Year 2020–21, or otherwise verified by the licensing agency. The report can be found online at: https://www.dca.ca.gov/publications/2021_annrpt.pdf.

Each client agency is unique and cannot easily be compared to others. The following Department of Consumer Affairs website contains links for further information: http://www.dca.ca.gov/about_dca/entities.shtml. Any applicable statute of limitations has been included for each client agency's entry, as well as the frequency of agency accusations naming more than one respondent.

Table 1 on the entry for each agency provides the *counts* for various aspects of accusation matters as requested under subdivision (a) of Business and Professions Code section 312.2, such as the number of accusation referrals received and the number of accusations filed (subds. (a)(1) and (a)(5)).

Table 2 provides metrics required under Business and Professions Code subdivision (b) of section 312.2, which are based on accusation matters adjudicated during the year as reported under subdivision (a)(7). We have included the mean, median, standard deviation, and number of values in the data set. The average expresses the central or typical value in a set of data, which is most commonly known as the arithmetic mean. The central value in an ordered set of data is the median. Compared to the median, the mean is more sensitive to extreme values, or *outliers*, and the number of values. When the mean and median are nearly equivalent, that is a likely indicator that there are few extreme values in the data set. However, when there is a large difference between the mean and median, it is likely that extreme values are skewing the data. The standard deviation (SD) for a data set reflects dispersion. A low SD indicates that data points tend to be close to the mean, while a high SD indicates that data points are spread out over a wider range of values.

The individual client agency entries that follow have been organized in alphabetical order for convenience.

California Board of Accountancy

The California Board of Accountancy regulated 67,610 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with six license types. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own investigators, who are either certified public accountants or analysts. Some investigations are assisted by the Office of Attorney General and the Board's Enforcement Advisory Committee through the taking of testimony under oath of licensees under investigation. There were multiple respondents in about 16 percent of the board's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	28	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	2	
(5) accusations filed.	30	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	2	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	42	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	134	120	78	33
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	126	126	0	1
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	205	184	131	31
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	59	66	11	5
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	140	103	85	6
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	112	71	91	4

California Acupuncture Board

The California Acupuncture Board regulated 12,942 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21, with one license type — Licensed Acupuncturist. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)			
Number of –	Count		
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	9		
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0		
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1		
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0		
(5) accusations filed.	7		
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0		
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	4		

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	109	104	68	4
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	421	490	113	3
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	202	202	0	1
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	207	207	30	2
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

California Architects Board

The California Architects Board regulated 22,013 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with one license type — Architect. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the Board's own staff and architect consultants and, when appropriate, referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally five years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	2
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	0
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0
(5) accusations filed.	0
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	5

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	92	86	41	5
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	302	302	57	4
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	307	307	0	1
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	223	223	0	1
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

California State Athletic Commission

The California State Athletic Commission regulated 1,033 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with eight license types. The commission referred two matters to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22, but did not refer any accusation matters. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

There were no accusation prosecution data for this agency in Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Bureau of Automotive Repair

The Bureau of Automotive Repair regulated 70,104 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with nine license types. Complaints and other matters are investigated by the bureau's own program representatives. There were multiple respondents in approximately 33 percent of the bureau's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	200	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	5	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	2	
(5) accusations filed.	162	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	3	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	235	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	101	90	57	175
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	146	146	16	2
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	236	222	185	96
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	76	54	61	63
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	95	71	55	57
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	183	156	171	49

Board of Barbering and Cosmetology

The Board of Barbering and Cosmetology regulated 615,304 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with 11 license types. The board receives consumer complaints and routinely inspects establishments for health and safety. The board's cases are investigated by the board's own inspectors or other staff, and when appropriate, may also be referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. Approximately 21 percent of the board's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22 had multiple respondents. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	24	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0	
(5) accusations filed.	21	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	1	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	13	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	155	156	63	12
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	328	316	72	5
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	80	69	45	7
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	125	114	64	4
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

Board of Behavioral Sciences

The Board of Behavioral Sciences regulated 125,928 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with seven license types. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own investigators or staff, or referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit, when appropriate. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	39	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	4	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	3	
(5) accusations filed.	35	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	41	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	76	60	53	40
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	130	127	60	3
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	200	194	108	25
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	70	68	41	9
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	96	73	69	10
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	134	124	65	6

Cemetery and Funeral Bureau

The Cemetery and Funeral Bureau regulated 13,079 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with 12 license types. Most complaints received by the bureau are investigated by the bureau's field representatives or staff or referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit, when appropriate. Approximately 78 percent of the bureau's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22 had multiple respondents. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from the act or omission for cemetery licensees and two years for funeral licensees charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	19	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	1	
(5) accusations filed.	9	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	8	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	194	146	112	6
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	57	57	0	1
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	611	611	0	1
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	39	35	9	4
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	288	288	134	2
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	203	203	82	2

Board of Chiropractic Examiners

The Board of Chiropractic Examiners regulated 18,183 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with one license type — Doctor of Chiropractic. It also authorizes satellite offices, chiropractic corporations, and referral services. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own investigators or staff, or referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit, when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency. Effective July 1, 2019, all licensees subject to an order of probation issued on or after July 1, 2019 must provide a probation disclosure to their patients or their patients' guardians or health care surrogates prior to their first visit.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	64	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	16	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	8	
(5) accusations filed.	57	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	3	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	44	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	101	66	102	40
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	296	325	145	5
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	274	220	203	19
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	65	43	43	13
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	67	66	27	11
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	178	190	47	8

Contractors State License Board

The Contractors State License Board regulated 308,858 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with two license types and many classifications, including General Contractor. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own enforcement representatives, some of whom are sworn investigators. Approximately 22 percent of the board's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22 had multiple respondents, including licensees affiliated with respondents that are entities. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally four years from an act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	353
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	17
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	10
(5) accusations filed.	211
(6) accusations withdrawn.	11
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	241

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	106	77	95	193
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	182	104	148	16
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	288	256	188	75
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	86	45	115	117
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	135	110	123	54
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	188	139	128	25

Court Reporters Board of California

The Court Reporters Board of California regulated 5,854 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with one license type — Certified Shorthand Reporter. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own staff, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	4
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	0
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0
(5) accusations filed.	3
(6) accusations withdrawn.	1
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	4

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	84	83	58	4
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	145	145	0	1
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	158	158	0	1
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	44	44	11	2
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	43	43	0	1
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

Dental Board of California

The Dental Board of California regulated 203,575 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with 22 license types. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own staff or investigators, some of whom are sworn investigators. They may also be referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	115	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	2	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	9	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	10	
(5) accusations filed.	109	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	9	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	99	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	64	43	68	95
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	163	138	105	8
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	297	285	174	59
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	77	63	63	21
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	128	101	88	34
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	108	106	50	7

Dental Hygiene Board of California

The Dental Hygiene Board of California regulated 18,859 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with four license types. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by board staff: an enforcement analyst and a non-sworn special investigator. However, some complaints require assistance from Dental Board Investigators, who are sworn officers and have jurisdiction over a dental office. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	16	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	0	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0	
(5) accusations filed.	14	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	4	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	91	107	34	4
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	135	112	96	4
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	61	61	0	1
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

Bureau of Household Goods and Services

The Bureau of Household Goods and Services regulated 41,797 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with 16 license types. Most complaints received by the bureau are investigated by the bureau's own investigators or staff, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

There were no accusation prosecution data for this agency in Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Landscape Architects Technical Committee

The Landscape Architects Technical Committee regulated 3,711 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with one license type — Landscape Architect. Most complaints received by the committee are investigated by the committee's own enforcement staff, and some are reviewed by the committee's subject matter experts. When appropriate, complaints may be referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

There were no accusation prosecution data for this agency in Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Licensed Midwives Program (Medical Board of California)

The Medical Board of California regulated 484 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21, with one license type — Licensed Midwife. Complaints received by the Midwives Program are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Health Quality Investigation Unit. There is no specific statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this program. However, because licensed midwives are within the jurisdiction of the Medical Board of California, accusations are filed within the same limitations period pertaining to the Medical Board, which is generally three years from the discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	4
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	3
(5) accusations filed.	4
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	2

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	70	70	28	2
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	206	206	32	2
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	63	63	0	1
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

Medical Board of California

The Medical Board of California regulated 172,411 licenses, registrations, and permits of nine types in Fiscal Year 2020-21 (excluding Licensed Midwives, data for which is set forth on the preceding page). Data for Physicians and Surgeons, Research Psychoanalysts, and Polysomnographic Program are consolidated below. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by its in-house Complaint Investigation Office or by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Health Quality Investigation Unit. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	469
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	91
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	73
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	392
(5) accusations filed.	515
(6) accusations withdrawn.	13
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	360

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	98	72	94	351
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	241	268	135	21
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	310	297	192	265
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	75	62	52	16
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	135	91	121	115
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	228	200	139	61

Naturopathic Medicine Committee

The Naturopathic Medicine Committee regulated 1,268 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with one type of license — Naturopathic Doctor. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	1
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	0
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0
(5) accusations filed.	1
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	0

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	0	0	0	0
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	0	0	0	0
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

California Board of Occupational Therapy

The California Board of Occupational Therapy regulated 18,854 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with four license types. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own investigators or staff, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	7	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0	
(5) accusations filed.	9	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	13	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section	312.2, Sı	ubdivision ((b)	
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	141	138	80	13
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	243	188	131	5
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	56	54	18	4
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	156	71	126	6
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	110	93	32	3

California State Board of Optometry

The California State Board of Optometry includes the Dispensing Optician Committee. The board regulated 41,931 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with seven types of licenses, including those for Optometrist and Registered Dispensing Optician. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own staff, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. The board does not employ its own investigators. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	6
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	2
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	0
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0
(5) accusations filed.	5
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	1

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)					
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count	
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	77	77	0	1	
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0	
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0	
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0	
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	893	893	0	1	
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	188	188	0	1	

Osteopathic Medical Board of California

The Osteopathic Medical Board of California regulated 14,314 licenses and registrations in Fiscal Year 2020-21, with two types of licenses — Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon, and Postgraduate Training License. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Health Quality Investigation Unit. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)				
Number of –	Count			
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	27			
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	5			
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	5			
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	14			
(5) accusations filed.	30			
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0			
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	12			

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)					
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count	
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	50	22	46	12	
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0	
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	190	190	119	8	
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	44	44	0	1	
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	167	115	125	5	
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	181	171	24	3	

California State Board of Pharmacy

The California State Board of Pharmacy regulated 140,424 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with 31 license types. The board receives consumer complaints and routinely inspects pharmacies for compliance. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own inspectors, who are licensed pharmacists themselves. There were multiple respondents in about 31 percent of the board's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)				
Number of –	Count			
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	221			
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	6			
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	11			
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	9			
(5) accusations filed.	174			
(6) accusations withdrawn.	5			
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	261			

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)					
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count	
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	185	141	163	156	
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	326	291	242	12	
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	346	305	206	180	
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	132	61	179	45	
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	164	110	168	57	
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	181	192	62	20	

Physical Therapy Board of California

The Physical Therapy Board of California regulated 43,649 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21, with two license types — Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	28
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	8
(5) accusations filed.	32
(6) accusations withdrawn.	2
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	36

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
 from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed. 	151	125	105	36
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	275	293	138	29
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	73	73	0	1
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	73	49	53	19
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	193	178	82	4

Physician Assistant Board

The Physician Assistant Board regulated 14,922 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21, with one license type — Physician Assistant. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Health Quality Investigation Unit. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)			
Number of –	Count		
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	24		
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	6		
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	6		
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	29		
(5) accusations filed.	15		
(6) accusations withdrawn.	1		
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	14		

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	120	106	80	14
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	244	244	0	1
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	349	276	325	10
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	173	173	0	1
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	259	62	451	6
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	174	174	7	2

Podiatric Medical Board

The Podiatric Medical Board regulated 2,373 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21 with three license types, including Doctor of Podiatric Medicine. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Health Quality Investigation Unit. The statute of limitations generally requires accusations to be filed within three years after the discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)			
Number of –	Count		
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	9		
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	2		
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1		
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	6		
(5) accusations filed.	6		
(6) accusations withdrawn.	1		
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	11		

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	101	81	68	11
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	283	275	80	8
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	75	63	69	4
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	148	148	124	2

Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education

The Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education issues three types of approvals that authorize private postsecondary institutions to operate. It regulated 999 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21. The bureau does not employ investigators and most complaints are investigated by the board's own staff or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)			
Number of –	Count		
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	15		
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0		
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1		
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	1		
(5) accusations filed.	11		
(6) accusations withdrawn.	1		
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	8		

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	96	95	66	7
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	190	190	0	1
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	93	93	0	1
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	84	36	104	6
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	83	83	0	1
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

Board for Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors, and Geologists

The Board for Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors, and Geologists regulated 180,530 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with 27 license types. The board does not employ investigators and most complaints are investigated by the board's own staff or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit, when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)				
Number of –	Count			
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	33			
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0			
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	5			
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	1			
(5) accusations filed.	16			
(6) accusations withdrawn.	2			
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	20			

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	102	118	38	19
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	300	295	158	16
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	39	39	0	1
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	134	96	81	5
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	189	189	0	1

Professional Fiduciaries Bureau

The Professional Fiduciaries Bureau regulated 813 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with one license type — Professional Fiduciary. Complaints received by the bureau are investigated by the bureau's own staff, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)			
Number of –	Count		
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	0		
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0		
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	0		
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0		
(5) accusations filed.	0		
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0		
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	2		

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	165	165	77	2
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	348	348	79	2
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	0	0	0	0
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	0	0	0	0
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

California Board of Psychology

The California Board of Psychology regulated 23,661 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21, with three license types — Psychologist, Psychological Assistant, and Registered Psychologist. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	33
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	11
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	8
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	13
(5) accusations filed.	32
(6) accusations withdrawn.	1
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	32

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
 from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed. 	133	76	175	32
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	460	481	229	5
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	265	268	155	20
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	55	40	25	3
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	152	120	115	10
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	164	144	73	8

Bureau of Real Estate Appraisers

The Bureau of Real Estate Appraisers regulated 10,034 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with six license types. Most complaints received by the bureau involved violations of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice and are investigated by the bureau's own staff of investigators who each hold a certified appraiser license. Federal law directs the resolution of administrative actions within one year after a complaint is filed with the bureau.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	4
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	0
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	0
(5) accusations filed.	4
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	5

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	84	76	27	4
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	0	0	0	0
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	240	240	0	1
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	32	30	6	4
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	120	120	64	2
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	0	0	0	0

Board of Registered Nursing

The Board of Registered Nursing regulated 576,415 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with 12 license types. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own staff of investigators, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)		
Number of –	Count	
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	801	
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	40	
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	98	
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	70	
(5) accusations filed.	756	
(6) accusations withdrawn.	17	
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	643	

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	84	69	66	629
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	163	117	125	44
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	196	193	118	322
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	51	42	35	219
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	102	88	63	158
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	164	160	82	67

Respiratory Care Board of California

The Respiratory Care Board of California regulated 23,732 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21, with one license type — Respiratory Care Practitioner. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by Board staff. The statute of limitations to file an accusation is generally three years from discovery of the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	22
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	2
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	2
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	7
(5) accusations filed.	19
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	25

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	82	54	74	24
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	143	143	0	1
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	215	215	101	15
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	45	42	12	7
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	37	39	17	4
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	174	180	94	3

Bureau of Security and Investigative Services

The Bureau of Security and Investigative Services regulated 415,847 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21 with 23 license types. Most complaints received by the bureau are investigated by the bureau's own staff, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. About 2 percent of the bureau's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22 had multiple respondents. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	49
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	11
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	7
(5) accusations filed.	41
(6) accusations withdrawn.	1
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	26

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	79	74	46	26
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	112	112	3	2
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	616	616	453	2
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	67	56	34	17
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	52	52	26	7
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	103	104	21	7

Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensers Board

The Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensers Board regulated 35,961 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020-21 with 12 license types, including Speech and Language Pathologist, Audiologist, Dispensing Audiologist, Speech Language Pathology Assistant, and Hearing Aid Dispenser. Complaints received by the Board are investigated by the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. There is no generally applicable statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency, with the exception of certain kinds of violations for which an accusation must be filed within three or four years from the act or omission charged in the accusation.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)	
Number of –	Count
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	4
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	5
(5) accusations filed.	5
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	10

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1) from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	157	174	71	10
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	201	194	14	4
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	244	252	84	6
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	98	98	54	2
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	77	92	36	6
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	330	330	3	2

Structural Pest Control Board

The Structural Pest Control Board regulated 30,016 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with five license types. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own staff of investigators, or are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There were multiple respondents in about 24 percent of the board's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22. The statute of limitations requires a complaint to be received by the board within two years from an alleged act or omission, and generally the accusation must be filed within 18 months after the board's receipt of the complaint.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)			
Number of –	Count		
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	29		
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	0		
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	1		
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	1		
(5) accusations filed.	20		
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0		
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	19		

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	81	71	57	18
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	244	244	0	1
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	176	176	85	10
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	54	42	33	9
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	62	54	16	3
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	124	124	0	1

Veterinary Medical Board

The Veterinary Medical Board regulated 38,549 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21, with seven license types. The board receives consumer complaints and routinely inspects veterinary hospital premises for compliance. The board's cases are investigated by the board's own inspectors or other staff and, when appropriate, may also be referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit. There were multiple respondents in about 17 percent of the board's accusation cases referred to the Office of the Attorney General in Fiscal Year 2021–22. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)				
Number of –	Count			
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	46			
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	1			
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	3			
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	2			
(5) accusations filed.	28			
(6) accusations withdrawn.	0			
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	12			

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
(1)from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed.	201	71	248	9
(2)to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	412	412	282	2
(3)from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	177	188	65	7
(4)from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	34	34	0	1
(5)from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	74	57	54	6
(6)from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	151	151	0	1

Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians

The Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians regulated 141,262 licensees in Fiscal Year 2020–21 with two license types — Vocational Nurse and Psychiatric Technician. Most complaints received by the board are investigated by the board's own staff or investigators, and are referred to the Department of Consumer Affairs Division of Investigation, Investigations and Enforcement Unit when appropriate. There is no statute of limitations within which to file accusations for this agency.

The tables below show data for Fiscal Year 2021–22.

Table 1 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (a)				
Number of –	Count			
(1) accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.	186			
(2) accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.	10			
(3) accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.	29			
(4) accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.	28			
(5) accusations filed.	214			
(6) accusations withdrawn.	4			
(7) accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.	202			

Table 2 – Business and Professions Code Section 312.2, Subdivision (b)				
Average number of days for adjudicated accusation matters –	Mean	Median	SD	Count
 from receipt of referral by the Attorney General to when an accusation is filed. 	76	59	67	196
(2) to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received.	192	178	125	16
(3) from the filing of an accusation to when a stipulated settlement is sent to the agency.	199	201	108	79
(4) from the filing of an accusation to when a default decision is sent to the agency.	66	49	49	67
(5) from the filing of an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date.	78	72	40	86
(6) from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date to the commencement of a hearing.	128	129	57	49

CONCLUSION

This is the sixth annual report by the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 312.2, which became effective on January 1, 2016. The Attorney General's Annual Reports on Accusations Prosecuted for Department of Consumer Affairs Client Agencies, including the prior five reports, are available on the Attorney General's website at: <<u>http://oag.ca.gov/publications</u>>.

We anticipate that this historical accumulation of reports will continue to facilitate collaboration among the Office of the Attorney General, Office of Administrative Hearings, and Department of Consumer Affairs, all of which join in responsibility for protection of the public through efficiency in adjudicating accusation matters. If you have any questions regarding this report, or if you would like additional information, please contact Jonathan L. Wolff, Chief Assistant Attorney General, at (415) 510-3749.

APPENDIX

Business and Professions Code section 312.2 states:

- (a) The Attorney General shall submit a report to the department, the Governor, and the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature on or before January 1, 2018, and on or before January 1 of each subsequent year that includes, at a minimum, all of the following for the previous fiscal year for each constituent entity within the department represented by the Licensing Section and Health Quality Enforcement Section of the Office of the Attorney General:
 - (1) The number of accusation matters referred to the Attorney General.
 - (2) The number of accusation matters rejected for filing by the Attorney General.
 - (3) The number of accusation matters for which further investigation was requested by the Attorney General.
 - (4) The number of accusation matters for which further investigation was received by the Attorney General.
 - (5) The number of accusations filed by each constituent entity.
 - (6) The number of accusations a constituent entity withdraws.
 - (7) The number of accusation matters adjudicated by the Attorney General.
- (b) The Attorney General shall also report all of the following for accusation matters adjudicated within the previous fiscal year for each constituent entity of the department represented by the Licensing Section and Health Quality Enforcement Section:
 - (1) The average number of days from the Attorney General receiving an accusation referral to when an accusation is filed by the constituent entity.
 - (2) The average number of days to prepare an accusation for a case that is rereferred to the Attorney General after further investigation is received by the Attorney General from a constituent entity or the Division of Investigation.
 - (3) The average number of days from an agency filing an accusation to the Attorney General transmitting a stipulated settlement to the constituent entity.
 - (4) The average number of days from an agency filing an accusation to the Attorney General transmitting a default decision to the constituent entity.
 - (5) The average number of days from an agency filing an accusation to the Attorney General requesting a hearing date from the Office of Administrative Hearings.

- (6) The average number of days from the Attorney General's receipt of a hearing date from the Office of Administrative Hearings to the commencement of a hearing.
- (c) A report to be submitted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be submitted in compliance with Section 9795 of the Government Code.